Altivar 71

Programming manual

Variable speed drives for asynchronous motors









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When the drive is powered up, the power components and some of the control components are connected to the line supply. It is extremely dangerous to touch them. The drive cover must be kept closed.

In general, the drive power supply must be disconnected before any operation on either the electrical or mechanical parts of the installation or machine. After the ALTIVAR has been switched off, wait for 15 minutes and allow the indicator light to go out before working on the equipment. This is the time required for the capacitors to discharge.

The motor can be stopped during operation by inhibiting start commands or the speed reference while the drive remains powered up. If personnel safety requires prevention of sudden restarts, electronic locking is performed by the Altivar 71's "Power Removal" function and the use of connection diagrams conforming to category 3 of standard EN954-1 and integrity level 2 according to IEC/EN 61508.

The drive is fitted with safety devices which, in the event of a fault, can shut down the drive and consequently the motor. The motor itself may be stopped by a mechanical blockage. Finally, voltage variations, especially line supply failures, can also cause shutdowns.

Unless the "Power Removal" safety function has been activated, if the cause of the shutdown disappears, there is a risk of restarting, which may endanger certain machines or installations, especially those, which must conform to safety regulations.

In this case the user must take precautions against the possibility of restarts, in particular by using a low speed detector to cut off power to the drive if the motor performs an unprogrammed shutdown.

The drive must be installed and set up in accordance with both international IEC and national standards. Bringing the device into conformity is the responsibility of the systems integrator who must observe the EMC directive and the LV directive within the European Union.

The Altivar 71 must be considered as a component: it is neither a machine nor a device ready for use in accordance with European directives (machinery directive and electromagnetic compatibility directive). It is the responsibility of the end user to ensure that the machine meets reference standards.

The drive must not be used as a safety device for machines posing a potential risk of material damage or personal injury (lifting equipment, for example). In such applications, overspeed checks and checks to ensure that the trajectory remains under constant control must be made by separate devices, which are independent of the drive.

The products and equipment described in this document may be changed or modified at any time, either from a technical point of view or in the way they are operated. Their description can in no way be considered contractual.

INSTALLATION

□ 1 Consult the Installation Manual

PROGRAMMING

■ 2 Power-up without run command



- 3 Select the language, if the drive has a graphic display terminal
 - 4 Configure the [SIMPLY START] menu

Tips:

- Before you start programming, complete the user settings tables (page xx).
- Perform an auto-tuning operation to optimize performance (page xx).
- If you get lost, revert to the factory settings (page xx).

Factory configuration

Drive factory settings

The Altivar 71 is factory-set for the most common operating conditions:

- · Macro-configuration: Start/Stop
- Motor frequency (bFr): 50 Hz
- Constant torque application with sensorless flux vector control (Ctt = UUC)
- Normal stop mode on deceleration ramp (Stt = rMP)
- · Stop mode in the event of a fault: Freewheel
- · Linear ramps (ACC, dEC): 3 seconds
- Low speed (LSP): 0 Hz
- · High speed (HSP): 50 Hz
- Motor thermal current (ItH) = Rated motor current (value depending on drive rating)
- Standstill injection braking current (SdC1) = 0.7 x rated drive current, for 0.5 seconds
- · No automatic restarting after a fault
- Switching frequency 4 kHz for drives up to 18 kW; 2.5 kHz for higher power ratings
- Logic inputs
 - LI1, LI2 (2 directions of operation): 2-wire control on transition, LI1 = forward, LI2 = reverse
 - LI3, LI4, LI5, LI6: Inactive (not assigned)
- · Analog inputs:
 - Al1: Speed reference 0 -10 V
 - Al2: 4-20 mA inactive (not assigned)
- · Relay R1: The contact opens in the event of a fault (or drive off)
- · Relay R2: Inactive (not assigned)
- · Analog output AO1: 0-10 V, inactive (not assigned)

If the above values are compatible with the application, the drive can be used without changing the settings.

Option card factory settings

The option card inputs/outputs are not factory-set.

The tables on the following pages list the most common function/application combinations in order to assist you in making your selections. The applications listed in these tables concern the following machines in particular:

- Hoisting: Cranes, overhead cranes, gantries (vertical lifting, translation, slewing), lifting platforms
- Elevators: Elevator in retrofit up to 1.2 ms
- · Handling: Palletizers/depalletizers, conveyors, roller tables
- Packing: Carton packers, labeling machines
- Textiles: Weaving looms, cards, washing machines, spinners, drawing frames
- · Wood: Automatic lathes, saws, milling
- · High inertia: Centrifuges, mixers, unbalanced machines (beam pumps, presses)
- Process

The combinations listed are neither mandatory nor exhaustive. Every machine has its own particular features.

Some functions have been designed specifically for a given application. In this case, the application is identified by a tab in the margin on the relevant programming pages.

Motor control functions

		Applications							
Functions	Page	Hoisting	Elevators	Handling	Packing	Textiles	Wood	High inertia	Process
V/f ratio									
Sensorless flux vector control									
Flux vector control with sensor									
2-point vector control									
Open-loop synchronous motor									
Output frequency 1000 Hz									
Stressless PWM									
DC bus connection									
Reversible module connection									
Motor fluxing via logic input									
Switching frequency up to 16 kHz.									
Auto-tune			•	•		•			

Functions on speed references

		Applications								
Functions	Page	Hoisting	Elevators	Handling	Packing	Textiles	Wood	High inertia	Process	
Differential bipolar reference										
Reference delinearization (magnifying glass effect)										
Frequency control input										
Reference switching										
Reference summing										
Reference subtraction										
Reference multiplication										
S ramps										
Jog operation										
Preset speeds										
+/- speed via single-action buttons										
+/- speed via double-action buttons										
+/- speed around a reference										
Save reference										

Specific application functions

					Applic	ations					
Functions	Page	Hoisting	Elevators	Handling	Packing	Textiles	Wood	High inertia	Process		
Fast stop											
Management of limit switches											
Brake control											
Load measurement											
High-speed hoisting											
PID regulator											
Torque regulation											
Limitation of motor/generator torque											
Load sharing											
Line contactor control											
Output contactor control											
Positioning on limit switches											
ENA system											
Multiparameter											
Multimotor											
Multiconfiguration											
Traverse control											
Configuration of stops											

Safety/fault management functions

		Applications							
Functions	Page	Hoisting	Elevators	Handling	Packing	Textiles	Wood	High inertia	Process
Power Removal (safety function)									
Alarm handling									
Fault management									
IGBT tests									
Catch on the fly									
Thermal protection for braking resistors			•						
Motor protection with PTC probes									
Undervoltage management									
Loss follower			•						
Uncontrolled output cut									
Automatic restart									

Communication functions

		Applications								
Functions	Page	Hoisting	Elevators	Handling	Packing	Textiles	Wood	High inertia	Process	
Modbus										
CANopen										
Communication scanner										

Setup - Preliminary recommendations

Switching on and configuring the drive



Before switching on and configuring the drive:

- Check that the line voltage is compatible with the supply voltage range of the drive (see pages 3 and 4 of the ATV 71 Installation Manual). The drive may be damaged if the line voltage is not compatible.
- Ensure the logic inputs are switched off (state 0) to prevent accidental starting. Otherwise, an input assigned
 to the run command may cause the motor to start immediately on exiting the configuration menus.

Power switching via line contactor



- Use inputs LI1 to LI6 to control the drive.
 Avoid operating the contactor frequently (premature ageing of the filter capacitors).
- These instructions are vital for cycles < 60 s, otherwise the load resistor may be damaged.

User settings and extension of functions

- · The display unit and buttons can be used to modify the settings and to extend the functions described on the following pages.
- Reverting to factory settings is made easy by the [1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (FCS-) menu, see page xx.
- · There are three types of parameter:
 - Display: Values displayed by the drive
 - Setting: Can be changed during operation or when stopped
 - Configuration: Can only be modified when stopped and no braking is taking place. Can be displayed during operation.



- · If possible, changes should only be made when the drive is at a standstill.
- If changes to settings have to be made during operation, make sure that they do not endanger equipment or personnel in any way.

Starting

Important:

- In the following cases, the motor can only be supplied with power after first resetting the "forward", "reverse" and "DC injection stop" commands:
 - In factory settings mode
 - On power-up or a manual fault reset or after a stop command

If they have not been reset, the drive will display "nSt" but will not start.

These commands are taken into account without a reset being necessary if the automatic restart function has been configured
([Automatic restart] (Atr) parameter in the [1.8-FAULT MANAGEMENT] (FLt-) menu, see page 173),

Test on a low-power motor or without a motor

- In factory settings mode, [Output phase loss] detection is active (OPL = YES), see page xx. To check the drive in a test or maintenance environment without having to switch to a motor with the same rating as the drive (particularly useful in the case of high power drives), deactivate "output phase loss" detection (OPL = NO).
- Configure [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [V/F 2pts] (UF2) or [V/f 5pts] (UF5) ([1.4-MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-) menu, see page 56).



· Motor thermal protection will not be provided by the drive if the motor current is less than 0.2 times the rated drive current.

Using motors in parallel

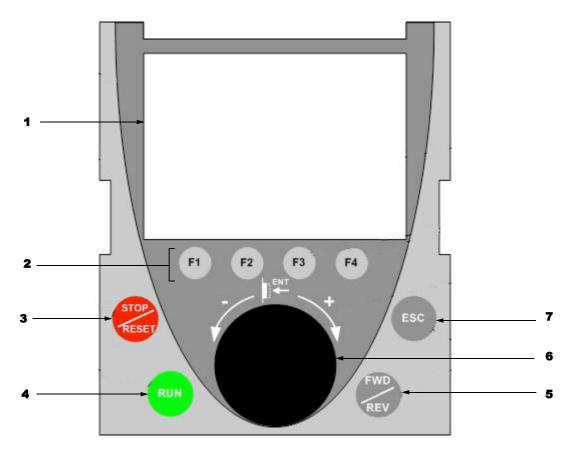
Configure [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [V/F 2pts] (UF2) or [V/f 5pts] (UF5) ([1.4-MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-) menu, see page 56).



 Motor thermal protection is no longer provided by the drive. Provide an alternative means of thermal protection on every motor.

Although the graphic terminal is optional for low-power drives, it is a standard component on high-power drives (see catalog). The terminal can be disconnected and connected remotely (on the door of an enclosure for example) using the cables and accessories available as options (see catalog).

Description of the terminal



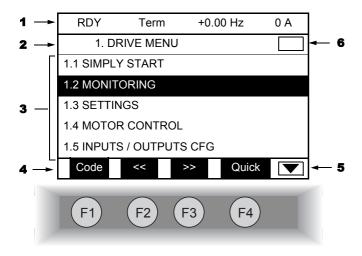
- 1. Graphic display
- 2. Function keys F1, F2, F3, F4, see page 13.
- 3. STOP/RESET button
- 4. RUN button
- 5. Button for reversing the direction of rotation of the motor

6. Navigation button • Press: - To save the current value (ENT)

7. ESC button: To clear a value, a parameter or a menu and revert to the previous selection

Note: Buttons 3, 4 and 6 can be used to control the drive directly.

Description of the graphic screen



- 1. Display line. Its content is configurable. In factory settings mode, it indicates:
 - The drive status (see page 14)
 - · The active control channel:
 - Term: Terminals
 - LCC: Graphic display terminal
 - MDB: Modbus
 - CAN: CANopen
 - NET: Communication card
 - APP: Programmable card
 - · Frequency reference
 - · Current in the motor
- 2. Menu line. Indicates the name of the current menu or sub-menu
- **3.** Menus, sub-menus, parameters, values, bar charts, etc. are displayed in dropdown window format on a maximum of 5 lines. The line or value selected by the navigation button is displayed in reverse video.
- 4. Display functions assigned to keys F1 to F4, aligned with these keys, for example:
 - Code (F1): Displays the code of the selected parameter, i.e. the code corresponding to the 7-segment display.
 - >> (F3): Navigate horizontally to the right or switch to next menu/sub-menu (switching to the [2-LEVEL ACCESS] menu in this example) or, for a value, switch to the next digit down, displayed in reverse video (see the example below).
 - << (F2): Navigate horizontally to the left, or switch to previous menu/sub-menu or, for a value, switch to the next digit up, displayed in reverse video (see the example below).
 - Quick (F4): Quick navigation, see page 19.
 - · HELP: Contextual help

The function keys are dynamic and contextual.

Other functions (application functions) can be assigned to these keys via the [1.6-COMMAND] menu.

Indicates that there are no more levels below this display window.

Indicates that there are more levels below this display window.

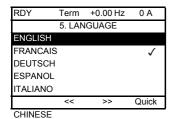
Indicates that there are no more levels above this display window.

Indicates that there are more levels above this display window.

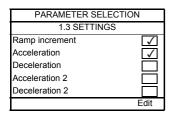
Drive status codes:

- ACC: Acceleration
- CLI: Current limit
- CTL: Controlled stop on input phase loss
- DCB: DC injection braking in progress
- DEC: Deceleration
- FLU: Motor fluxing in progress
- FST: Fast stop
- NLP: No line power (no line supply on L1, L2, L3)
- NST: Freewheel stop
- OBR: Auto-adapted deceleration
- PRA: Power Removal function active (drive locked)
- RDY: Drive ready
- SOC: Controlled output cut in progress
- TUN: Auto-tuning in progress
- USA: Undervoltage alarm

Example configuration windows:

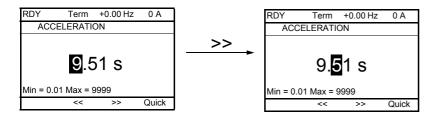


When only one possible selection can be made, that selection is indicated by \checkmark



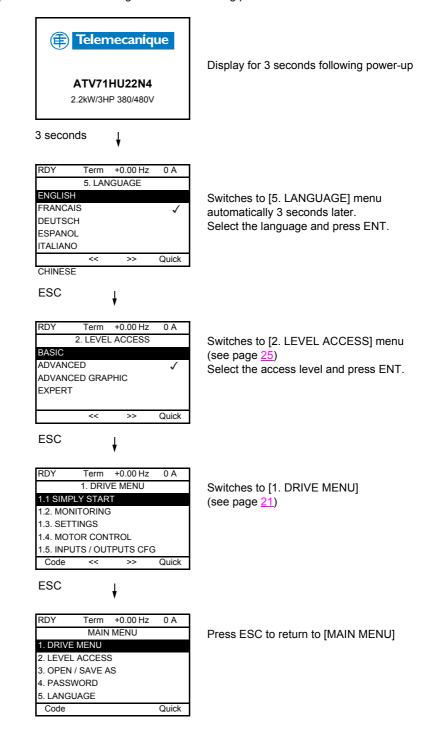
When a number of possible selections can be made, these selections are indicated by <a>Image.

Example configuration window for one value:

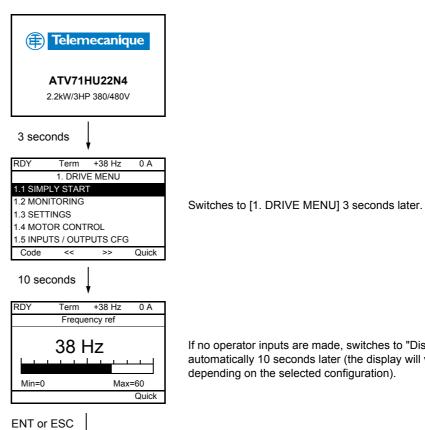


First power-up - [5. LANGUAGE] menu

The first time the drive is powered up, the user will automatically be guided through the menus as far as [1. DRIVE MENU]. The parameters in the [1.1 SIMPLY START] sub-menu must be configured and auto-tuning performed before the motor is started up.



Subsequent power-ups



Term +38 Hz

MAIN MENU

I. DRIVE MENU 2. LEVEL ACCESS 3. OPEN / SAVE AS

4. PASSWORD 5. LANGUAGE Code

0 A

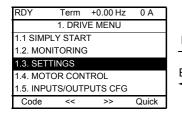
Quick

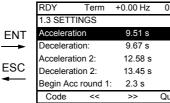
If no operator inputs are made, switches to "Display" automatically 10 seconds later (the display will vary depending on the selected configuration).

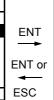
May revert to [MAIN MENU] by pressing ENT or ESC.

Programming: Example of accessing a parameter

Accessing the acceleration ramp







	RDY	Term	+0.00 Hz	0 A
	ACCE	LERATION	NC	
-		9 5	51 s	
		9.0	113	
or				
-	Min = 0.01	Max = 9	99.99	
		<<	>>	Quick

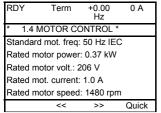
Note:

- · To select a parameter:
 - Turn the navigation button to scroll vertically.
- To modify a parameter:
 - Use << and >> to scroll horizontally and select the digit to be modified.
 - Turn the navigation button to modify the digit.
- · To cancel the modification:
 - Press ESC.
- To save the modification:
 - Press the navigation button (ENT).

Quick navigation

If the "Quick" function is displayed above the F4 key, you can gain quick access to a parameter from any screen.

Example:

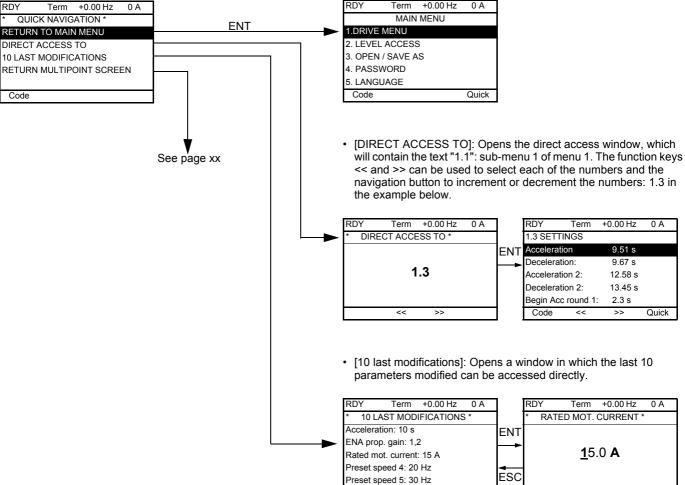


Press F4 to access the Quick screen.

There are 4 options.

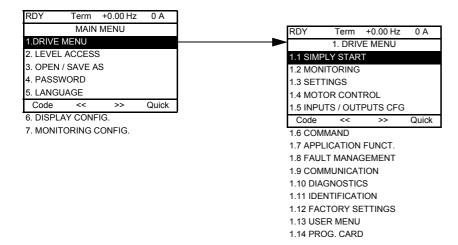
Term +0.00 Hz 0 A MAIN MENU **ENT**

• [HOME]: Return to [MAIN MENU].



Code

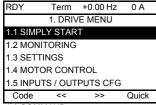
[MAIN MENU] - Menu mapping



Content of [MAIN MENU] menus

[1. DRIVE MENU]	See over
[2. LEVEL ACCESS]	Defines which menus can be accessed (level of complexity)
[3. OPEN / SAVE AS]	Can be used to save and recover drive configuration files
[4. PASSWORD]	Password protection for configuration
[5. LANGUAGE]	Language selection
[6. DISPLAY CONFIG.]	 Customization of parameters Creation of a customized user menu Customization of the visibility of protection mechanisms for menus and parameters
[7. MONITORING CONFIG.]	Customization of information displayed on the graphic terminal during operation

[1. DRIVE MENU]



- 1.6 COMMAND
- 1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.
- 1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT
- 1.9 COMMUNICATION
- 1.10 DIAGNOSTICS
- 1.11 IDENTIFICATION
- 1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS
- 1.13 USER MENU
- 1.14 PROG. CARD

Content of [1. DRIVE MENU] menus

[1.1 SIMPLY START]: Simplified menu for fast startup

[1.2 MONITORING]: Visualization of current, motor and input/output values [1.3 SETTINGS]: Setting parameters, can be modified during operation

[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL]: Motor parameters (motor rating plate, auto-tuning, switching frequency, control algorithms, etc.)

[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG]: I/O configuration (scaling, filtering, 2-wire control, 3-wire control, etc.)

[1.6 COMMAND: Configuration of command and reference channels (terminals, display terminal, bus, etc.)

[1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.]: Configuration of application functions (e.g.: preset speeds, PID, brake logic control, etc.)

[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT]: Configuration of fault management [1.9 COMMUNICATION]: Communication parameters (fieldbus)

[1.10 DIAGNOSTICS]: Motor/drive diagnostics

[1.11 IDENTIFICATION]: Identification of drive and internal options

[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS]: Access to configuration files and return to factory settings

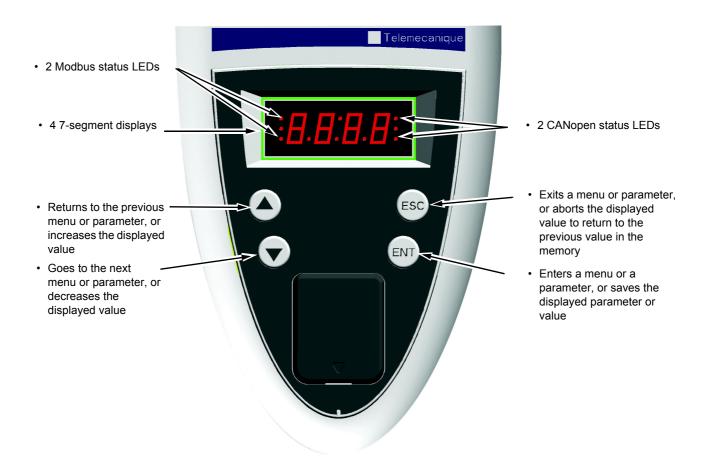
[1.13 USER MENU]: Specific menu set up by the user in the [6. DISPLAY CONFIG.] menu

[1.14 PROG. CARD]: Configuration of optional programmable card

Integrated display terminal

Low-power Altivar 71 drives (see catalog) feature an integrated display terminal with a 7-segment 4-digit display. The graphic display terminal described on the previous pages can also be connected to these drives as an option.

Functions of the display and the keys





- Pressing (\blacktriangle) or (\blacktriangledown) does not store the selection.
- Press and hold down (>2 s) (▲) or (▼) to scroll through the data quickly.

Save and store the selection: ENT

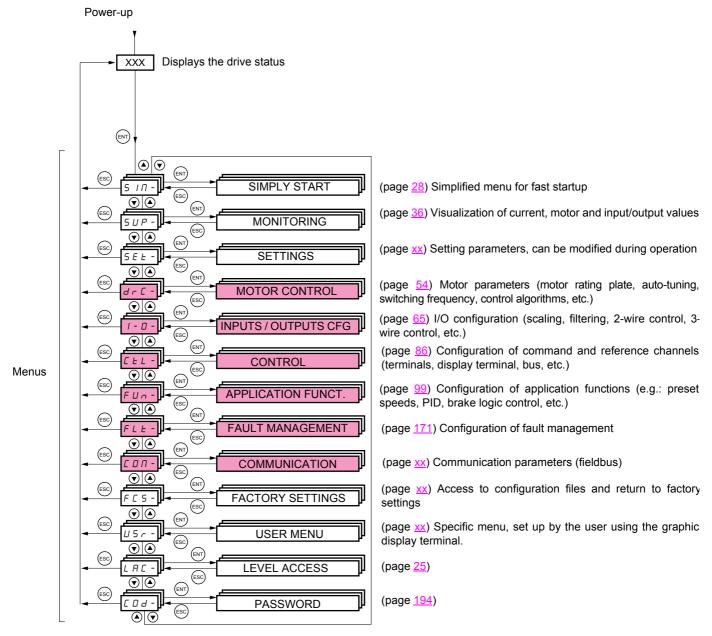
The display flashes when a value is stored.

Normal display, with no fault present and no starting:

- 43.0: Display of the parameter selected in the SUP menu (default selection: motor frequency).
 In current limit mode, the display flashes.
- dCb: DC injection braking in progress
- FLU: Motor fluxing in progress
- FSt: Fast stop
- nLP: No line power (no line supply on L1, L2, L3)
- nSt: Freewheel stop
- PrA: Power Removal function active (drive locked)
- rdY: Drive ready
- SOC: Controlled output cut in progress
- tUn: Auto-tuning in progress.

If there is a fault, the display flashes.

Accessing menus



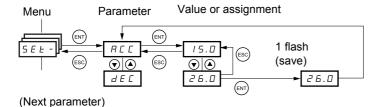
A dash appears after menu and sub-menu codes to differentiate them from parameter codes. Examples: FUn- menu, ACC parameter.

The grayed-out menus may not be accessible depending on the level access configuration (LAC).

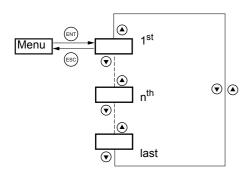
Integrated terminal

Accessing menu parameters

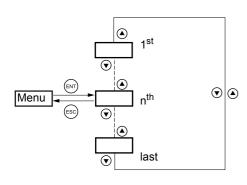
Save and store the selection: ENT



The display flashes when a value is stored.

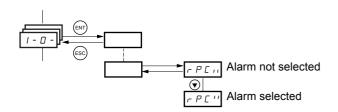


All the menus are "drop-down" type menus, which means that after the last parameter, if you continue to press \blacktriangledown , you will return to the first parameter and, conversely, you can switch from the first parameter to the last parameter by pressing \blacktriangle .



If, after modifying any of the parameters (nth), you quit a menu and return to this menu without having accessed another menu in the meantime, you will be taken directly to the nth parameter (see below). If, in the meantime, you have accessed another menu or have restarted the system, you will always be taken to the first parameter in the menu (see above).

Selection of multiple assignments for one parameter



Example: List of group 1 alarms in [INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] menu (I-O-)

A number of alarms can be selected by "checking" them as follows.

The digit on the right indicates: selected,

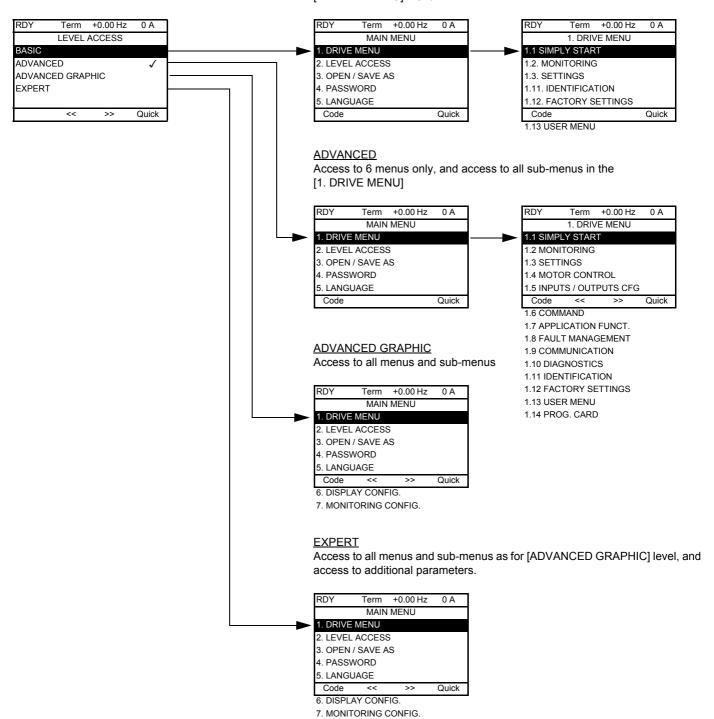
not selected.

The same principle is used for all multiple selections.

With graphic display terminal



Access to 5 menus only, and access to 6 sub-menus only in the [1. DRIVE MENU] menu



With integrated display terminal:

Code	Name/Description	Factory setting
LAC-		AdU
	 bAS: Limited access to SIM, SUP, SEt, FCS, USr, COd and LAC menus AdU: Access to all menus on the integrated terminal EPt: Access to all menus on the integrated terminal and access to additional parameters 	

[2. LEVEL ACCESS] (LAC-)

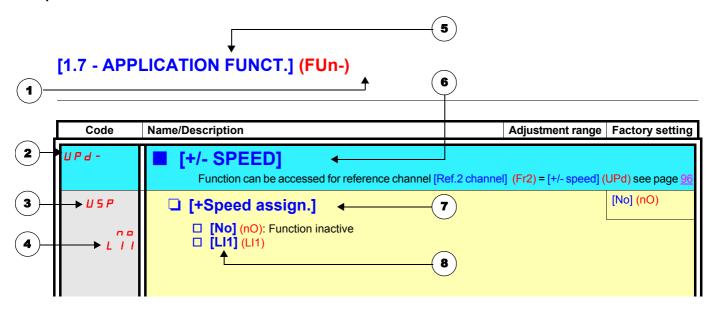
Comparison of the menus that can be accessed on the graphic terminal/integrated terminal

Graphic display terminal		Integrated display terminal	Level access			
[2. LEVEL ACCESS]		LAC- (Level access)				
[3. OPEN / SAVE AS]		-				
[4. PASSWORD]		COd- (Password)				
[5. LANGUAGE]		-	S		<u>\$</u>	
[1. DRIVE MENU]	1.1 SIMPLY START	SIN- (Simply start)	py (on	
	1.2 MONITORING	SUP- (Monitoring)	BASIC bAS		inal	
	1.3 SETTINGS	SEt- (Settings)	ВА	ADVANCED AdU	(graphic terminal only)	
	1.11 IDENTIFICATION	-				
	1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS	FCS- (Factory settings)				+
	1.13 USER MENU	-		NO		- EPt
	1.4 MOTOR CONTROL	drC- (Motor control)		, VC	GRAPHIC	EXPERT
	1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG	I-O- (I/O configuration)		A	AP	XPI
	1.6 COMMAND	CtL- (Command)			GR	Ш
	1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.	FUn- (Application functions)			ED	
	1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT	FLt- (Fault management)			ADVANCED	
	1.9 COMMUNICATION	CON- (Communication)			×	
	1.10 DIAGNOSTICS	-			Æ	
	1.14 PROG. CARD	-				
[6. DISPLAY CONFIG.]		-			•	
[7. MONITORING CONFIG.]		-				
Expert parameters		Expert parameters		-		

Structure of parameter tables

The parameter tables in the descriptions of the various menus can be used with both the graphic terminal and the integrated terminal. They therefore contain information for these two terminals in accordance with the description below:

Example:



Note: The text in square brackets [] indicates what you will see on the graphic display terminal.

- 1. Name of menu on 4-digit "7-segment" display
- 2. Sub-menu code on 4-digit "7-segment" display
- 3. Parameter code on 4-digit "7-segment" display
- 4. Parameter value on 4-digit "7-segment" display

- 5. Name of menu on graphic display terminal
- 6. Name of sub-menu on graphic display terminal
- 7. Name of parameter on graphic display terminal
- 8. Value of parameter on graphic display terminal

[1.1 - SIMPLY START] (SIM-)

The [1.1-SIMPLY START] (SIM-) menu can be used for fast startup, which is sufficient for the majority of applications.

- The parameters in this menu can only be modified when the drive is stopped and no run command is present. Auto-tuning may cause the motor to start up.
- With the exception of the [Macro configuration] (CFG), the parameters in this menu can be accessed in other menus.

Macro configuration

Macro configuration provides a means of speeding up the configuration of functions for a specific application domain. 7 macro configurations are available:

- Handling
- · Hoisting
- · General use
- · PID regulator
- Communication bus
- · Master/slave
- · Run/stop (factory configuration)

Selecting a macro configuration forces the parameters in this macro configuration.

Each macro configuration can still be modified in the other menus.

[1.1 - SIMPLY START] (SIM-)

Macro configuration parameters Assignment of the inputs/outputs

Input / output	Start/stop	[M. handling.]	[Gen. Use]	[Hoisting]	[PID regul.]	[Network C.]	[Mast./ slave]
Al1	[Ref. 1 channel]	[Ref. 1 channel]	[Ref. 1 channel]	[Ref. 1 channel]	PID reference	[Ref. 2 channel] ([Ref. 1 channel] from bus)	[Ref. 1 channel]
Al2	[Not assigned]	[Summing ref. 2]	[Summing ref. 2]	[Not assigned]	[PID feedback]	[Not assigned]	[Torque ref. channel]
AO1	[Motor freq.]	[Motor freq.]	[Motor freq.]	[Motor freq.]	[Motor freq.]	[Motor freq.]	[Signed torq]
R1	[Faulty]	[Faulty]	[Faulty]	[Faulty]	[Faulty]	[Faulty]	[Faulty]
R2	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]	[Brk control]	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]
LI1 (2-wire)	Forward	Forward	Forward	Forward	Forward	Forward	Forward
LI2 (2-wire)	[Reverse]	[Reverse]	[Reverse]	[Reverse]	[Reverse]	[Reverse]	[Reverse]
LI3 (2-wire)	[Not assigned]	[2 preset speeds]	[JOG]	[Fault reset]	[PID integral reset]	[Ref2. switching]	[Channel switching]
LI4 (2-wire)	[Not assigned]	[4 preset speeds]	[Fault reset]	[Ext. fault assign.]	[2 PID presets]	[Fault reset]	[Fault reset]
LI5 (2-wire)	[Not assigned]	[8 preset speeds]	[Torque limitation]	[Not assigned]	[4 PID presets]	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]
LI6 (2-wire)	[Not assigned]	[Fault reset]	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]
LI1 (3-wire)	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop
LI2 (3-wire)	Forward	Forward	Forward	Forward	Forward	Forward	Forward
LI3 (3-wire)	[Reverse]	[Reverse]	[Reverse]	[Reverse]	[Reverse]	[Reverse]	[Reverse]
LI4 (3-wire)	[Not assigned]	[2 preset speeds]	[JOG]	[Fault reset]	[PID integral reset]	[Ref2. switching]	[Channel switching]
LI5 (3-wire)	[Not assigned]	[4 preset speeds]	[Fault reset]	[Ext. fault assign.]	[2 PID presets]	[Fault reset]	[Fault reset]
LI6 (3-wire)	[Not assigned]	[8 preset speeds]	[Torque limitation]	[Not assigned]	[4 PID presets]	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]
			Option	cards			
LI7 (2-wire)	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]
LI7 (3-wire)	[Not assigned]	[Fault reset]	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]
LI8 to LI14	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]
LO1 to LO4	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]
R3/R4	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]
Al3, Al4	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]
Pulse in	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]
AO2	[I motor]	[I motor]	[I motor]	[I motor]	[I motor]	[I motor]	[I motor]
AO3	[Not assigned]	[Signed torq]	[Not assigned]	[Signed torq]	[PID error]	[Not assigned]	[Motor freq.]
			Keys on the graph	ic display terminal			
Key F1	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]	Command via graphic terminal	[Not assigned]
Keys F2,F3, F4	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]	[Not assigned]	[No	

In 3-wire control, the assignment of inputs LI1 to LI7 shifts.

Note: These assignments are forced every time the macro configuration changes.

Macro configuration parameters

Other configurations and settings

In addition to the assignment of inputs/outputs, other parameters are forced only in the Hoisting and Mast./slave macro configurations.

Hoistina:

- [Movement type] (bSt) = [Hoisting] (UEr) page 126
- [Brake contact] (bCI) = [No] (nO) page 126
- [Brake impulse] (bIP) = [No] (nO) page 126
- [Brake release | FW] (lbr) = [Rated mot. current] (nCr) page 126
- [Brake Release time] (brt) = 0.5 s page 126
- [Brake release freq] (blr) = [Auto] (AUtO) page 126
- [Brake engage freq] (bEn) = [Auto] (AUto) page 127
- [Brake engage time] (bEt) = 0.5 s page 127
- [Engage at reversal] (bEd) = [No] (nO) page 127
- [Jump at reversal] (JdC) = [Auto] (AUtO) page 127
- [Time to restart] (ttr) = 0 s page 127
- [Current ramp time] (brr) = 0 s page 128
- [Low speed] (LSP) = Rated motor slip calculated by the drive, page xx
- [Output Phase Loss] (OPL) = [Yes] (YES) page 176. No further modifications can be made to this parameter.
- [Catch on the fly] (FLr) = [No] (nO) page 174. No further modifications can be made to this parameter.

Mast./slave:

• [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [SVC I] (CUC) page 56

Note: These assignments are forced every time the macro configuration changes.

Return to factory settings:

Returning to factory settings with [Config. Source] (?) = [Macro configuration] (?) page 189_will return the drive to the selected macro configuration, and not to the [Start/stop] (StS) factory settings macro configuration. The [Macro configuration] (CFG) parameter does not change, although [Customized macro (CCFG) disappears.

[1.1 - SIMPLY START] (SIM-)

Example diagrams for use with the macro configuration

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
FCC	☐ [2/3 wire control]		[2 wire] (2C)	
3 C	[2 wire] (2C) [3 wire] (3C)			
C F G	☐ [Macro configuration]		[Start/Stop] (StS)	
H d G H S E G E n P I d n E E N S L S E S	 M. handling.] (HdG): Handling Hoisting] (HSt): Hoisting Gen. Use] (GEn): General use PID regul.] (Pld): PID regulation Network C.] (nEt): Communication bus Mast./slave] (MSL): Master/slave Start/stop] (StS): Start/stop Any change in the [Macro configuration] (CFG) must be confirmed on the graphic display terminal and the "ENT" key must be pressed and held down (2 s) on the integrated terminal. ♣ Ensure that the selected macro configuration is compatible with the wiring diagram used. 			
CCFG	[Customized macro] Read-only parameter, only visible if at least one macro configu	uration parameter has be	een modified.	

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
6Fr 50 60	☐ [Standard mot. freq] ☐ [50 Hz] (50): IEC ☐ [60 Hz] (60): NEMA This parameter modifies the presets of the following parameters: [High speed] (HSP) page xx, [Freq. threshold] (Ftd) page xx, [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) (page 53) et [Max frequency] (tFr) page 53.		
nPr	Rated motor power] Rated motor power given on the rating plate	According to drive rating	According to drive rating
U n 5	Rated motor volt.] Rated motor voltage given on the rating plate ATV71•••M3X: 100 to 240 V ATV71•••N4: 100 to 480 V	According to drive rating	According to drive rating
nEr	☐ [Rated mot. current] Rated motor current given on the rating plate	0.25 to 1.5 ln (1)	According to drive rating
Fr5	☐ [Rated motor freq.] Rated motor power given on the rating plate The factory setting is 50 Hz, or 60 Hz if bFr is set to 60 Hz.	10 to 1000 Hz	50 Hz
n 5 P	Rated motor speed] Rated motor speed given on the rating plate 0 to 9999 RPM then 10.00 to 32.76 KRPM on the integrated to If, rather than the rated speed, the rating plate indicates the sy calculate the rated speed as follows: Rated speed = Synchronous speed x	nchronous speed and the slip in Hz or as a %, (50 Hz motors)	
E F r	 [Max frequency] The factory setting is 60 Hz, or preset to 72 Hz if [Standard months of the maximum value is limited by the following conditions: It must not exceed 10 times the value of [Rated motor freq.] It must not exceed 500 Hz if [Motor control type] (Ctt) (page ATV71HD37. In fact, values between 500 Hz and 1000 Hz are only possible In this case, configure [Motor control type] (Ctt) before [Max 	(FrS) (page <u>53)</u> 56) is not V/F or if the dr	ive rating is higher than

(1) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive rating plate.

Code	Name/Description	Factory setting	
ЕШп	☐ [Auto-tuning]	[No] (nO)	
n 0 9 E S d 0 n E P 0 n	It is essential that all motor parameters ([Rated motor volt.] (UnS), [Rated motor freq.] (FrS), [Rated mot. current] (nCr), [Rated motor speed] (nSP), [Rated motor power] (nPr)) are configured correctly before starting auto-tuning. [No] (nO): Auto-tuning not performed. [Yes] (YES): Auto-tuning is performed as soon as possible. Once it is complete, the parameter changes to [Done] (dOnE). [Done] (dOnE): Use of the values given the last time auto-tuning was performed. [Power on] (POn): Auto-tuning is performed on every power-up. Warning: • Auto-tuning is only performed if no stop command has been activated. If a "freewheel stop" or "fast stop" function has been assigned to a logic input, this input must be set to 1 (active at 0). • Auto-tuning takes priority over any run or prefluxing commands, which will be taken into account after the auto-tuning sequence. • If auto-tuning fails, the drive will display [No] (nO) and switch to fault mode [AUTO-TUNING] (tnF). • Auto-tuning may last for 1 to 2 seconds. Do not interrupt the process. Wait for the display to change to "[Done] (dOnE)" or "[No] (nO)".		
E U 5	☐ [Auto-tuning status]	[Not done] (tAb)	
E A B P E n d P r O G F A I L d O n E	(information only, cannot be modified) □ [Not done] (tAb): The default stator resistance value is used to control the motor. □ [Pending] (PEnd): Auto-tuning has been requested but not yet performed. □ [In Progress] (PrOG): Auto-tuning in progress. □ [Failed] (FAIL): Auto-tuning has failed. □ [Done] (dOnE): The stator resistance measured by the auto-tuning function is used to control the motor.		
PHr	☐ [Output Ph rotation]	ABC	
ЯЬС ЯСЬ	□ [ABC] (AbC): Forward □ [ACB] (ACb): Reverse This parameter can be used to reverse the direction of rotation of the motor without reversing the wiring.		
I E H	[Mot. therm. current]	According to drive rating	
	Motor thermal protection current, to be set to the rated current indicated on the rating plate.		

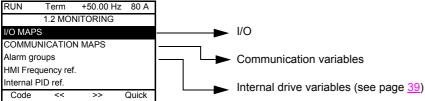
(1) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive rating plate.

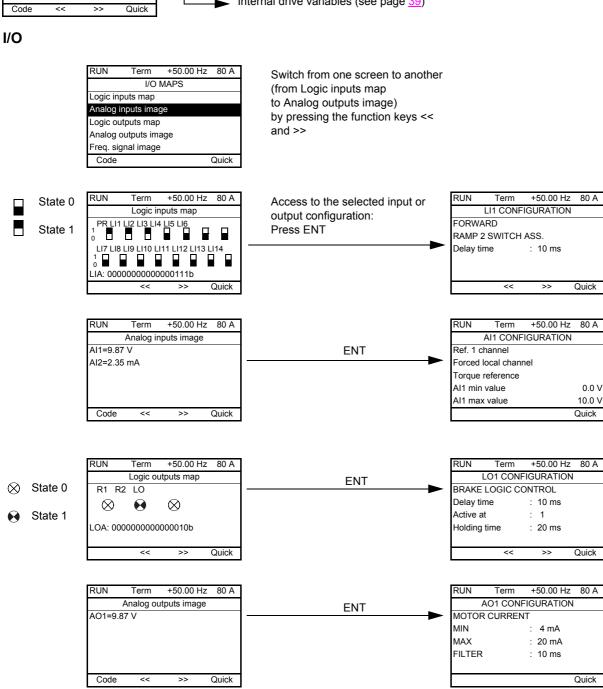
[1.1 - SIMPLY START] (SIM-)

Code	Name/Description		Factory setting	
ACC	☐ [Acceleration]	0.1 to 999.9 s	3.0 s	
	Time to accelerate from 0 to the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) (page 33). Make sure that this value is compatible with the inertia being driven.			
d E C	□ [Deceleration]	0.1 to 999.9 s	3.0 s	
	Time to decelerate from the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) (page 33°D'b2) to 0. Make sure that this value is compatible with the inertia being driven.			
L 5 P	□ [Low speed]		0	
	Motor frequency at minimum reference, can be set between 0 and [High speed] (HSP).			
H 5 P	☐ [High speed]		50 Hz	
	Motor frequency at maximum reference, can be set between [Low speed] (LSP) and [Max frequency] (tFr). The factory setting changes to 60 Hz if [Standard mot. freq] (bFr) = [60 Hz] (60).			

With graphic display terminal

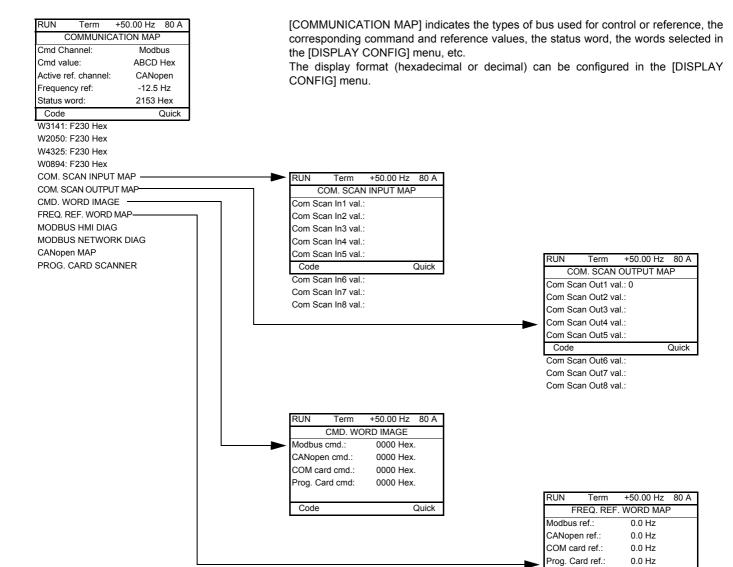
This menu can be used to display the inputs/outputs, the internal drive variables and the communication variables.





With graphic display terminal

Communication



[COM. SCANNER INPUT MAP] and [COM. SCANNER OUTPUT MAP]:

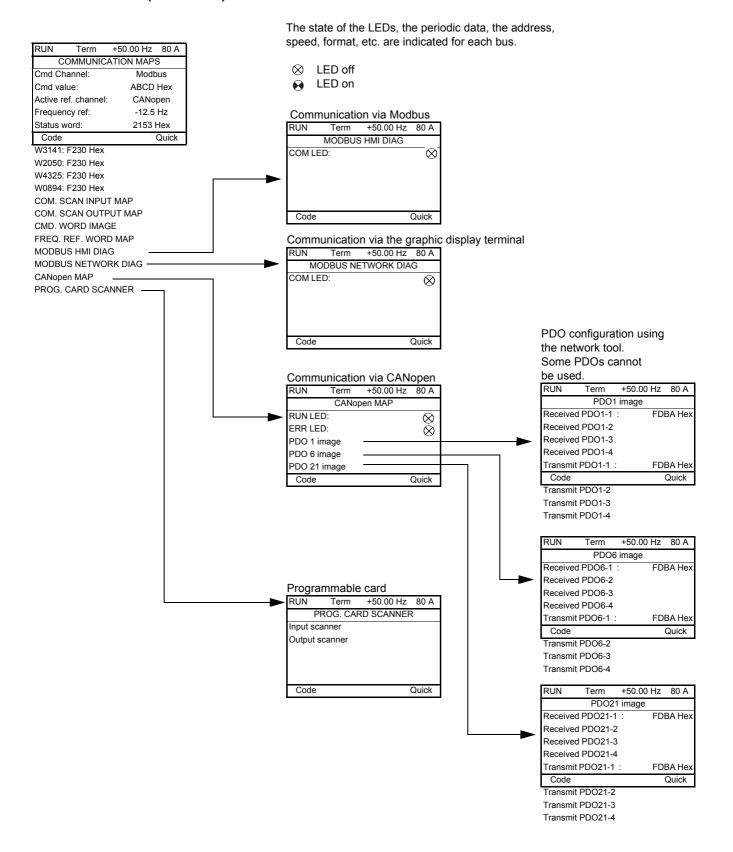
Visualization of registers exchanged periodically (8 input and 8 output) for Modbus and for fieldbus cards.

Quick

Code

With graphic display terminal

Communication (continued)



With graphic display terminal

Internal drive variables

```
Name/Description
[Alarm groups] (ALGr)
                             Current alarm group numbers
[HMI Frequency ref.] (LFr)
                            in Hz. Frequency reference via the graphic terminal (can be accessed if the function has been configured).
[Internal PID ref.] (rPI)
                            in process value. PID reference via graphic terminal (can be accessed if the function has been configured).
[HMI torque ref.] (Ltr)
                             as a %. Torque reference via graphic terminal.
[Multiplying coeff.] (MFr)
                             as a % (can be accessed if [Multiplier ref.-] (MA2,MA3) page 103 has been assigned on the graphic terminal)
[Frequency ref] (FrH)
[Torque reference] (?)
                             as a % (can be accessed if the function has been configured)
[Output frequency] (rFr)
                            in Hz
[Motor current] (LCr)
                            in A
                            in RPM: The parameter can be accessed if [ENA system] (EnA) = [Yes] (YES) (see page 61)
[Avg speed] (AVS)
[Motor speed] (SPd)
                            in RPM
[Motor voltage] (UOP)
                            in V
[Motor power] (OPr)
                            in W
                            in V. Mains voltage from the point of view of the DC bus, motor running or stopped.
[Mains voltage] (ULn)
                             as a %
[Motor thermal state] (tHr)
[Drv. thermal state] (tHd)
                             as a %
[Consumption] (APH)
                            in kWh
                            in hours (length of time the motor has been switched on)
[Run time] (rtH)
[Power on time] (PtH)
                            in hours (length of time the drive has been switched on)
[IGBT alarm counter] (tAC)
                            in seconds (length of time the "IGBT temperature" alarm has been active)
[PID reference] (rPC)
                             as a % (can be accessed if the PID function has been configured)
[PID feedback] (rPF)
                             as a % (can be accessed if the PID function has been configured)
                             as a % (can be accessed if the PID function has been configured)
[PID error] (rPE)
                             in Hz (can be accessed if the PID function has been configured)
[PID Output] (rPO)
[Object 01] (o01)
                            Word generated via programmable card (can be accessed if the card has been inserted)
                            Word generated via programmable card (can be accessed if the card has been inserted)
[Object 02] (o02)
[Object 03] (o03)
                            Word generated via programmable card (can be accessed if the card has been inserted)
                            Word generated via programmable card (can be accessed if the card has been inserted)
[Object 04] (o04)
[Object 05] (o05)
                            Word generated via programmable card (can be accessed if the card has been inserted)
                            CNFSO, 1 or 2 (can be accessed if configuration switching has been enabled, see page xx)
[Current config.] (CnFS)
                             SETO, 1 or 2 (can be accessed if parameter switching has been enabled, see page xx)
[Current param. set] (?)
[ALARMS] (ALr-)
                            List of current alarms. If an alarm is present, a \checkmark appears.
[OTHER STATUS] (SSt-)
                            List of secondary statuses:
                                    - Current attained
                                    - Freq. attained
                                    - Freq. ref. attained
                                    - Mot.th. attained

    Forced to local

                                    - HSP attained
                                    - In motor fluxing
                                    - PTC1 alarm
                                    - PTC2 alarm
                                    - PTC3 alarm
                                    - In fast stop
                                    - Ext. fault alarm

    Auto restart

                                    - In auto-tuning
                                      Underv. prevent.
                                      Slipping alarm
                                      DC bus loading
                                    - No. P. supply
                                    - In freewheel
                                    - In DC injection
                                    - In current limit.
                                      In acceleration
                                      In deceleration
                                      Output cut
                                      Drive ready
```

With integrated display terminal

This menu can be used to display the drive inputs and internal variables.

Inputs

Code	Name/Description Adjustment range Factory setting
LIA-	■ Logic input functions
L 🛭 I A to L I 4 A	Logic input functions: Can be used to display the functions assigned to each input. If no functions have been assigned, nO is displayed. Use the ▲ and ▼ arrows to scroll through the functions. If a number of functions have been assigned
L 15 I	to the same input, check that they are compatible. State of logic inputs:
	Can be used to visualize the state of logic inputs LI1 to LI8 (display segment assignment: high = 1, low = 0) State 1 State 0 LI1 LI2 LI3 LI4 LI5 LI6 LI7 LI8 Example above: LI1 and LI6 are at 1; LI2 to LI5, LI7 and LI8 are at 0. State of logic inputs:
L 152	Can be used to visualize the state of logic inputs LI9 to LI14 (display segment assignment: high = 1, low = 0) State 1 State 0 LI9 LI10 LI11 LI12 LI13 LI14 Example above: LI9 and LI14 are at 1, LI10 to LI13 are at 0.
П ІП-	■ Analog input functions
A I IA A I2A A I3A A I4A	Can be used to display the functions assigned to each input. If no functions have been assigned, nO is displayed. Use the ▲ and ▼ arrows to scroll through the functions. If a number of functions have been assigned to the same input, check that they are compatible.

With integrated display terminal

Internal drive variables

Code	Name/Description	Unit
ALGr	Alarm groups: Current alarm group numbers	
FrH	Frequency ref	Hz
LEr	Torque reference: Can be accessed if the function is configured	%.
r F r	Output frequency	Hz
LEr	Motor current	Α
A U 5	Average speed: The parameter can be accessed if EnA = YES (see page 61)	RPM
5 P d	Motor speed	RPM
и о Р	Motor voltage	V
OPr	Motor power	W
ШLп	Mains voltage: Mains voltage from the point of view of the DC bus, motor running or stopped.	V
E H r	Motor thermal state	%
E H d	Drv. thermal state	%
Я P H	Consumption	kWh
r E H	Run time: Length of time the motor has been switched on	hours
PEH	Power on time: Length of time the drive has been switched on	hours
Ł A C	IGBT alarm counter: Length of time the "IGBT temperature" alarm has been active	seconds
r P E	PID reference: Can be accessed if the PID function has been configured	%
r P F	PID feedback: Can be accessed if the PID function has been configured	%
r P E	PID error: Can be accessed if the PID function has been configured	%
r P O	PID Output: Can be accessed if the PID function has been configured	Hz
□ □ 1	Object 01: Word generated via programmable card (can be accessed if the card has been inserted)	
o 0 2	Object 02: Word generated via programmable card (can be accessed if the card has been inserted)	
o D 3	Object 03: Word generated via programmable card (can be accessed if the card has been inserted)	
o D 4	Object 04: Word generated via programmable card (can be accessed if the card has been inserted)	
o O 5	Object 05: Word generated via programmable card (can be accessed if the card has been inserted)	
C n F 5	Current config.: CNF0, 1 or 2 (can be accessed if configuration switching has been enabled, see page 162)	
IF r C	Current param. set: SEt0, 1 or 2 (can be accessed if configuration switching has been enabled, see page 158)	



The settings parameters can be modified with the drive running or stopped.

Check that it is safe to make changes during operation. Changes should preferably be made in stop mode.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
Inc	☐ [Ramp increment]	0.01 - 0.1 - 1	0.1
*	See page 104		
ACC	☐ [Acceleration]	0.01 to 9999	3.0 s
*	See page 104 Time to accelerate from 0 to the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) (pagwith the inertia being driven.	ge <u>53</u>). Make sure that th	nis value is compatible
∃ E C	□ [Deceleration]	0.01 to 9999	3.0 s
*	See page 104 Time to decelerate from the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) (page 53 with the inertia being driven.	to 0. Make sure that th	his value is compatible
A C ≥	☐ [Acceleration 2]	0.01 to 9999	5.0 s
*	See page 106 Time to accelerate from 0 to the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS). Make sure that this value is compatible with the inertia being driven.		
d E ≥	☐ [Deceleration 2]	0.01 to 9999	5.0 s
*	See page 106 Time to decelerate from the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) to 0. Ma inertia being driven.	ke sure that this value is	s compatible with the
E A I	☐ [Begin Acc round]	0 to 100%	10%
*	See page 105 Rounding of start of deceleration ramp as a % of the [Accelera	tion] (ACC) or [Accelera	tion 2] (AC2) ramp time.
Ł A ₽	☐ [End Acc round]		10%
*	See page 105 - Rounding of end of deceleration ramp as a % of the [Accetime. - Can be set between 0 and (100% - [Begin Acc 1 round] (the set of the set between 0 and (100% - [Begin Acc 1 round])		eleration 2] (AC2) ramp
<i>E A 3</i>	☐ [Begin Dec round]	0 to 100%	10%
*	See page 105 Rounding of start of deceleration ramp as a % of ramp time [Deceleration] (dEC) or [Deceleration 2] (dE2).		
E A 4	☐ [End Dec round]		10%
*	See page 105 - Rounding of end of deceleration ramp as a % of ramp time - Can be set between 0 and 100% - ([Begin Dec 3 round] (1)		r [Deceleration 2] (dE2).
LSP	□ [Low speed]		0 Hz
	Motor frequency at minimum reference, can be set between 0	and [High speed] (HSP).



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
H S P	☐ [High speed]		50 Hz
	Motor frequency at maximum reference, can be set between [L factory setting changes to 60 Hz if [Standard mot. freq] (bFr) =		ax frequency] (tFr). The
I E H	☐ [Mot. therm. current]	0.2 to 1.5 ln (1)	According to drive rating
	Motor thermal protection current, to be set to the rated current	indicated on the rating	plate
S F C	☐ [K speed loop filter	0 to 100	65
	Speed loop filter coefficient		
5 P G	☐ [Speed prop. gain]	0 to 1,000%	40%
	Speed loop proportional gain		
5 / E	☐ [Speed time integral]	1 to 1,000%	100%
	Speed loop integral time constant		

(1) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual or on the drive rating plate.



Parameter settings for [K speed loop filter] (SFC), [Speed prop. gain] (SPG) and [Speed time integral] (SIt)

- These parameters can only be accessed in vector control profiles: [Motor control type] (Ctt) page <u>56</u> = [SVC U] (UUC), [SVC I] (CUC), [FVC] (FUC) and [Sync. Mot] (SYn) and if [ENA system] (EnA) page <u>61</u> = [No] (nO).
- · The factory settings are suitable for most applications.

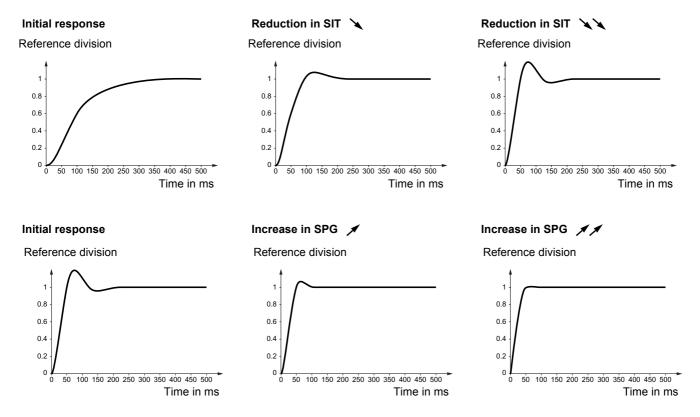
Parameter [K speed loop filter] (SFC):

This parameter conditions the action of two other parameters.

- Set to 0, the regulator is an "IP" type with filtering of the speed reference, for applications requiring flexibility and stability (hoisting or high inertia, for example).
- Set to 100, the regulator is a "PI" type, without filtering of the speed reference, for applications requiring a short response time (position control, for example).
- Settings between 0 and 100 will obtain an intermediate function.

Setting with [K speed loop filter] (SFC) = 0

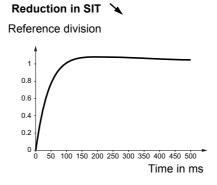
- [Speed prop. gain] (SPG) affects excessive speed.
- [Speed time integral] (SIt) affects the passband and response time.

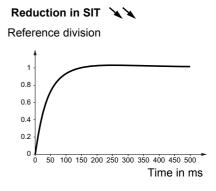


Setting with [K speed loop filter] (SFC) = 100

- [Speed prop. gain] (SPG) affects the passband and response time.
- [Speed time integral] (SIt) affects excessive speed.

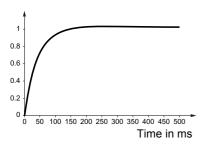
Time in ms

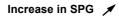




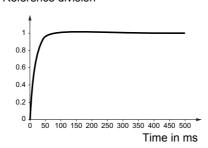
Initial response

Reference division



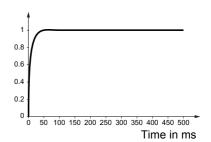


Reference division









Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
GPE	☐ [ENA prop. gain]	1 to 9999	250
*	See page <u>61</u>		
G IE	☐ [ENA integral gain]	0 to 9999	100
*	See page <u>61</u>		
UFг	☐ [IR compensation]	25 to 200%	100%
*	See page <u>54</u>		<u>'</u>
5 <i>L P</i>	☐ [Slip compensation]	0 to 150%	100%
*	See page <u>54</u>		'
d C F	☐ [Ramp divider]	0 to 10	4
*	See page 107		
IdC	□ [DC inject. level 1]	0.1 to 1.5 ln (1)	0.64 ln (1)
*	See page 108 Level of DC injection braking current activated via logic input	ut or selected as stop mod	de.
1465	□ [DC inject. level 2]	0.1 to 1.5 ln (1)	0.64 ln (1)
*	See page <u>108</u> Level of DC injection braking current activated via logic input	ut or selected as stop mod	de.
Edl	☐ [DC inject. time 1]	0.1 to 30 s	5 s
*	See page 108 Maximum current injection time [DC inject. level 1] (IdC). O becomes [DC inject. level 2] (IdC2) until the stop command		, the injection current
ΕdC	☐ [DC inject. time 2]	0.1 to 30 s	5 s
*	See page 108 Maximum injection time [DC inject. level 2] (IdC2) for injection	on selected as stop mode	e only.
A 9 C	☐ [Auto DC injection]		[Yes] (YES)
	See page <u>109</u> Automatic current injection on stopping (at the end of the ra	ımp)	
S d C I	☐ [I inject. DC auto 1]	0 to 1.2 In (1)	0.7 ln (1)
*	See page 109 Level of standstill DC injection current. The parameter can be accessed if [Auto DC injection] (AdC) is set to a value other than [No] (nO).		
F d C I	☐ [Auto DC inj. time 1]	0.1 to 30 s	0.5 s
*	See page 109 Standstill injection time. The parameter can be accessed if [/[No] (nO).	Auto DC injection] (AdC) is	s set to a value other than

(1) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual or on the drive rating plate.



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
5 d C 2	☐ [I inject. DC auto 2]	0 to 1.2 ln (1)	0.5 ln (1)
*	See page 109 2 nd level of standstill DC injection current		
F G C 2	☐ [Auto DC inj. time 2]	0 to 30 s	0 s
*	See page <u>109</u> 2 nd standstill injection time		
5 F r	☐ [Switching freq.]		0
*	See page <u>62</u> The switching frequency is set in accordance with the drive ra	ting and the [Switch. free	q type] (SFt).
CL I	☐ [Current Limitation]	0 to 1.65 ln (1)	1.5 ln (1)
*	See page 148 Used to limit the torque and the temperature rise of the motor.		,
C L 2	☐ [I Limit. 2 value]	0 to 1.65 ln (1)	1.5 ln (1)
*	See page <u>148</u>		
FLU	☐ [Motor fluxing]		[No] (nO)
n 0 F n C F C Ł	□ [No] (nO): Function inactive □ [Non cont.] (FnC): Non-continuous mode □ [Continuous] (FCt): Continuous mode.		
	 In order to obtain rapid high torque on startup, magnetic flux needs to be already established in the motor. This function can be selected in open or closed-loop operation. In continuous mode (FCt), the drive automatically builds up flux when it is powered up. In non-continuous mode: If an LI is assigned to the motor fluxing command, flux is built up when the command is confirmed (see [Fluxing assignment] (FLI) page 119). If no LI is assigned or if it is not active when a run command is given, the motor is fluxed when it starts up. The flux current is greater than nCr (configured rated motor current) when the flux is established and is then adjusted to the motor magnetizing current. 		
<i>EL</i> 5	☐ [Low speed time out]	0 to 999.9 s	0 s
	Maximum operating time at [Low speed] (LSP) Following operation at LSP for a defined period, a motor stop is requested automatically. The motor restarts if the reference is greater than LSP and if a run command is still present. Caution: Value 0 corresponds to an unlimited period.		
J G F	☐ [Jog frequency]	0 to 10 Hz	10 Hz
*	See page <u>110</u> Reference in pulse mode		
J G E	□ [Jog delay]	0 to 2.0 s	0.5 s
	See page 110 Anti-repeat delay between 2 consecutive jog operations		

(1) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual or on the drive rating plate.



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
5 P 2	☐ [Preset speed 2]	0 to 1000 Hz	10 Hz
*	See page <u>113</u> Preset speed 2		
5 P 3	☐ [Preset speed 3]	0 to 1000 Hz	15 Hz
*	See page <u>113</u> Preset speed 3		
5 P 4	☐ [Preset speed 4]	0 to 1000 Hz	20 Hz
*	See page <u>113</u> Preset speed 4		
5 P S	☐ [Preset speed 5]	0 to 1000 Hz	25 Hz
*	See page <u>113</u> Preset speed 5		
5 P 6	☐ [Preset speed 6]	0 to 1000 Hz	30 Hz
*	See page <u>113</u> Preset speed 6		
5 P 7	☐ [Preset speed 7]	0 to 1000 Hz	35 Hz
*	See page <u>113</u> Preset speed 7		
5 P B	☐ [Preset speed 8]	0 to 1000 Hz	40 Hz
*	See page <u>113</u> Preset speed 8		
5 P 9	☐ [Preset speed 9]	0 to 1000 Hz	45 Hz
*	See page <u>113</u> Preset speed 9		
5 <i>P 10</i>	☐ [Preset speed 10]	0 to 1000 Hz	50 Hz
*	See page <u>113</u> Preset speed 10		
5 <i>P I I</i>	☐ [Preset speed 11]	0 to 1000 Hz	55 Hz
*	See page <u>113</u> Preset speed 11		
5 <i>P 12</i>	☐ [Preset speed 12]	0 to 1000 Hz	60 Hz
*	See page <u>113</u> Preset speed 12		
5 <i>P 13</i>	☐ [Preset speed 13]	0 to 1000 Hz	70 Hz
*	See page <u>113</u> Preset speed 13		
5 <i>P 14</i>	☐ [Preset speed 14]	0 to 1000 Hz	80 Hz
*	See page <u>113</u> Preset speed 14		



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
5 P 1 S	☐ [Preset speed 15]	0 to 1000 Hz	90 Hz
*	See page <u>113</u> Preset speed 15		
5 <i>P 16</i>	☐ [Preset speed 16]	0 to 1000 Hz	100 Hz
*	See page <u>113</u> Preset speed 16		
ПЕг	☐ [Multiplying coeff.]	0 to 100%	
	Multiplying coefficient, can be accessed if [Multiplier ref] (MA graphic display terminal	A2,MA3) page <u>103</u> has b	een assigned on the
5 r P	☐ [+/- speed limitation]	0 to 100%	10%
*	See page <u>117</u> Limitation of +/- speed variation		
r P G	☐ [PID prop. gain]	0.01 to 100%	1
*	See page <u>139</u> Proportional gain		
r 16	□ [PID integral gain]	0.01 to 100%	1
*	See page <u>139</u> Integral gain		
r d G	☐ [PID derivative gain]	0.01 to 100%	0
*	See page <u>139</u> Derivative gain		
PrP	☐ [PID ramp]	0.01 to 100%	0
*	See page <u>140</u> Derivative gain		
POL	☐ [Min PID output]	0 to 500 or 1000 according to rating	0 Hz
*	See page <u>140</u> Minimum value of regulator output in Hz		
POH	☐ [Max PID output]	0 to 500 or 1000 according to rating	60 Hz
*	See page <u>140</u> Maximum value of regulator output in Hz		
PAL	☐ [Min fbk alarm]	0 to 65535 (1)	100
*	See page <u>140</u> Minimum monitoring threshold for regulator feedback		
PAH	☐ [Max fbk alarm]	0 to 65535 (1)	1000
*	See page <u>140</u> Maximum monitoring threshold for regulator feedback		-

⁽¹⁾ If a graphic display terminal is not in use, values greater than 9999 will be displayed on the 4-digit display with a period mark after the thousand digit, e.g., 15.65 for 15650.



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
PEr	☐ [PID error Alarm]	0 to 65535 (1)	100
*	See page <u>140</u> Regulator error monitoring threshold		
PSr	☐ [Speed input %]	1 to 100%	100%
*	See page <u>141</u> Multiplying coefficient for predictive speed input		
r P 2	☐ [Preset ref. PID 2]	0 to 65535 (1)	300
*	See page <u>142</u> Preset PID reference		
rP3	☐ [Preset ref. PID 3]	0 to 65535 (1)	600
*	See page <u>142</u> Preset PID reference		
r P 4	☐ [Preset ref. PID 4]	0 to 65535 (1)	900
*	See page <u>142</u> Preset PID reference		
ь ІР	☐ [Brake impulse]		[No] (nO)
*	See page <u>126</u>		
Ibr	☐ [Brake release I FW]	0 to 1.32 ln (2)	0
*	See page <u>126</u> Brake release current threshold for forward movement		
Ird	☐ [Brake release I RV]	0 to 1.32 ln (2)	0
*	See page <u>126</u> Brake release current threshold for reverse movement		
brt	☐ [Brake Release time	0 to 5.00 s	0 s
*	See page <u>126</u> Brake release time delay		
b Ir	☐ [Brake release freq]		[Auto] (AUtO)
*	See page <u>126</u> Brake release frequency threshold		
ЬЕп	☐ [Brake engage freq]		[Auto] (AUtO)
*	See page <u>127</u> Brake engage frequency threshold		
E B E	☐ [Brake engage time]	0 to 5.00 s	0 s
*	See page <u>127</u> Time delay before request to engage brake. To delay the engage you wish the brake to engage when the drive comes to a com		izontal movement only, if

⁽¹⁾ If a graphic display terminal is not in use, values greater than 9999 will be displayed on the 4-digit display with a period mark after the thousand digit, e.g., 15.65 for 15650.

⁽²⁾ In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual or on the drive rating plate.



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
Ь E Ł	☐ [Brake engage time]	0 to 5.00 s	0 s
*	See page 127 Brake engage time (brake response time)		
JGC	☐ [Jump at reversal]		[Auto] (AUtO)
*	See page <u>127</u>		
EEr	☐ [Time to restart]	0 to 5.00 s	0 s
*	See page <u>127</u> Time between the end of a brake engage sequence and the s	tart of a brake release s	sequence
EL III	☐ [Motoring torque lim]	0 to 300%	100%
*	See page 147 Torque limitation in motor mode, as a % of the rated torque.		
EL 16	☐ [Gen. torque lim]	0 to 300%	100%
*	See page <u>147</u> Torque limitation in generator mode, as a % of the rated torqu	ie.	
ErH	☐ [Traverse high]	0 to 10 Hz	4 Hz
*	See page <u>168</u>		
ErL	☐ [Traverse low]	0 to 10 Hz	4 Hz
*	See page <u>168</u>		
9 S H	□ [Quick step High]	0 to [Traverse high] (trH)	0 Hz
*	See page <u>168</u>		
9 S L	□ [Quick step Low]	0 to [Traverse low] (trL)	0 Hz
*	See page <u>168</u>		
ГЕН	□ [Current threshold]	0 to 1.5 ln (1)	In (1)
	Current threshold for [I attained] (CtA) function assigned to a	relay or logic output (see	e page <u>77</u>).
FEd	☐ [Freq. threshold]	0 to 1000 Hz	50 Hz
	Frequency threshold for [Freq. attain.] function (FtA) assigned		
E E d	☐ [Motor therm. level]	0 to 118%	100%
*	See page <u>176</u> Trip threshold for motor thermal alarm (logic output or relay)		
LBE	☐ [Load correction]	0 to	0
*	See page <u>63</u> Rated correction in Hz.		

⁽¹⁾ If a graphic display terminal is not in use, values greater than 9999 will be displayed on the 4-digit display with a period mark after the thousand digit, e.g., 15.65 for 15650.



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
L B C I	☐ [Correction low]	0 to	0
*	See page <u>64</u> Minimum speed for load correction in Hz		
L P C S	☐ [Correction high]	0 to	0
*	See page <u>64</u> Speed threshold in Hz above which maximum load correction is applied		
L b C 3	☐ [Torque offset]	0 to 300%	0%
*	See page <u>64</u> Minimum torque for load correction as a % of the rated torque		



The parameters in the [1.4 - MOTOR CONTROL] menu can only be modified when the drive is stopped and no run command is present. Auto-tuning may cause the motor to start up.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
6Fr 50 60	☐ [50 Hz] (50): IEC ☐ [60 Hz] (60): NEMA This parameter modifies the presets of the following parameters: [High speed] (HSP) page xx, [Freq. threshold] (Ftd) page xx, [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) (page 53) and [Max frequency] (tFr) page 53.		
n P r	Rated motor power] Rated motor power given on the rating plate	According to drive rating	According to drive rating
U n 5	Rated motor volt.] Rated motor voltage given on the rating plate ATV71•••M3X: 100 to 240 V ATV71•••N4: 100 to 480 V	According to drive rating	According to drive rating
nEr	☐ [Rated mot. current] Rated motor current given on the rating plate	0.25 to 1.5 ln (1)	According to drive rating
Fr5	Rated motor freq.] Rated motor power given on the rating plate The factory setting is 50 Hz, or 60 Hz if bFr is set to 60 Hz.	10 to 1000 Hz	50 Hz
n 5 P	Rated motor speed] Rated motor speed given on the rating plate 0 to 9999 RPM then 10.00 to 32.76 KRPM on the integrated to If, rather than the rated speed, the rating plate indicates the sy calculate the rated speed as follows: Rated speed = Synchronous speed x	nchronous speed and t - (50 Hz motors)	According to drive rating he slip in Hz or as a %,
EFr	 [Max frequency] The factory setting is 60 Hz, or preset to 72 Hz if [Standard months of the maximum value is limited by the following conditions: It must not exceed 10 times the value of [Rated motor freq.] It must not exceed 500 Hz if [Motor control type] (Ctt) (page ATV71HD37. In fact, values between 500 Hz and 1000 Hz are only possible In this case, configure [Motor control type] (Ctt) before [Max 	(FrS) (page <u>53)</u> 56) is not V/F or if the dr	ive rating is higher than

(1) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive rating plate.

Code	Name/Description	Factory setting	
ЕUп	☐ [Auto-tuning]	[No] (nO)	
n 0 4 E S d O n E P O n	It is essential that all motor parameters ([Rated motor volt.] (UnS), [Rated motor freq.] (FrS), [Rated mot. current] (nCr), [Rated motor speed] (nSP), [Rated motor power] (nPr)) are configured correctly before starting auto-tuning. [NO] (nO): Auto-tuning not performed. [Yes] (YES): Auto-tuning is performed as soon as possible. Once it is complete, the parameter changes to [Done] (dOnE). [Done] (dOnE): Use of the values given the last time auto-tuning was performed. [Power on] (POn): Auto-tuning is performed on every power-up. Warning: Auto-tuning is only performed if no stop command has been activated. If a "freewheel stop" or "fast stop" function has been assigned to a logic input, this input must be set to 1 (active at 0). Auto-tuning takes priority over any run or prefluxing commands, which will be taken into account after the auto-tuning sequence. If auto-tuning fails, the drive will display [No] (nO) and switch to fault mode [AUTO-TUNING] (tnF). Auto-tuning may last for 1 to 2 seconds. Do not interrupt the process. Wait for the display to change to "[Done] (dOnE)" or "[No] (nO)".		
<i>E U</i> 5	☐ [Auto-tuning status]	[Not done] (tAb)	
E A B P E n d P r O G F A I L d O n E	(information only, cannot be modified) □ [Not done] (tAb): The default stator resistance value is used to control the motor. □ [Pending] (PEnd): Auto-tuning has been requested but not yet performed. □ [In Progress] (PrOG): Auto-tuning in progress. □ [Failed] (FAIL): Auto-tuning has failed. □ [Done] (dOnE): The stator resistance measured by the auto-tuning function is used to control the motor.		
PHr	☐ [Output Ph rotation]	ABC	
Я Ь С Я С Ь	□ [ABC] (AbC): Forward □ [ACB] (ACb): Reverse This parameter can be used to reverse the direction of rotation of the motor without re	eversing the wiring.	
UFг	☐ [IR compensation] (1) 25 to 200%	100%	
	The parameter can be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [SVC U] (UUC) or [SVC I] (CUC). Used to optimize the torque at very low speed (increase [IR compensation] (UFr) if the torque is insufficient). Check that the value of [IR compensation] (UFr) is not too high for when the motor is warm (risk of instability).		
5 L P	[Slip compensation] (1) 0 to 150%	100%	
	The parameter can be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [SVC U] (UUC) or [SVC I] (CUC). Used to adjust the slip compensation value fixed by motor rated speed. The speeds given on motor rating plates are not necessarily exact. If slip setting < actual slip: the motor is not rotating at the correct speed in steady state. If slip setting > actual slip: the motor is overcompensated and the speed is unstable.		

⁽¹⁾ The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 - SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

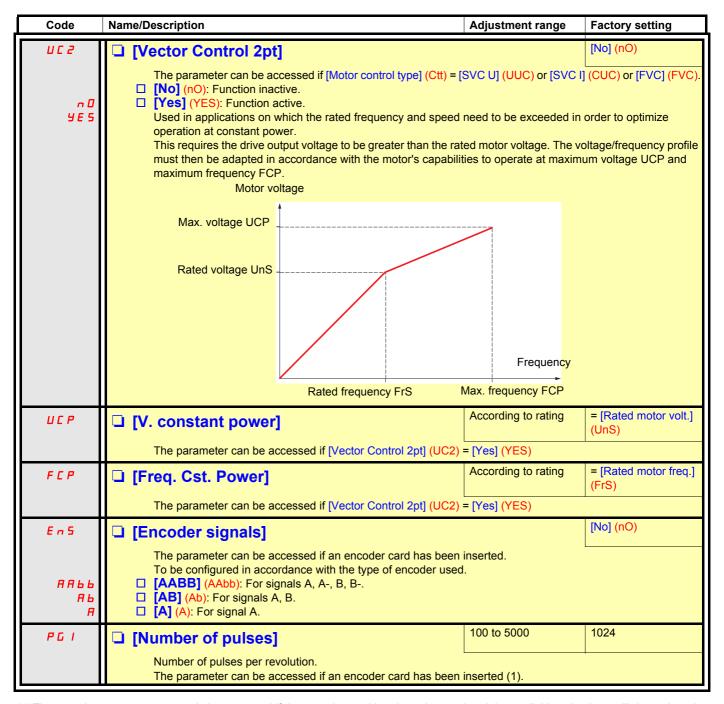
Parameters that can be accessed in [EXPERT] mode.

Code	Name
г 5 П	☐ [R1r]
ІВП	□ [ldr]
LFΠ	□ [LFr]
ЕгП	□ [T2r]
n 5 L	□ [NSLr]
PPn	□ [Pr]
r 5 A	□ [R1w]
IdA	□ [ldw]
LFA	□ [Lfw]
ErA	□ [T2w]

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
C E E	☐ [Motor control type]		[SVC U] (UUC)
υυε	□ [SVC U] (UUC): Open-loop flux vector control only. This type ATV58. It supports operation with a number of motors connec		
СИС	[SVC I] (CUC): Open-loop flux vector control. This type of cont used in an open-loop configuration. It does not support operatio on the same drive.		
FUC	☐ [FVC] (FUC): Closed-loop flux vector control for motor with it control is recommended when replacing an ATV58F used in a in terms of speed and torque accuracy and enables torque to operation with a number of motors connected in parallel on the	closed-loop configuration closed-loop configuration closed contained at zero specifies.	on. It is more advanced
UFZ	 [V/F 2pts] (UF2): Simple V/F profile without slip compensation. It supports operation with: Special motors (wound rotor, tapered rotor, etc.) A number motors in parallel on the same drive High-speed motors Motors with a low power rating in comparison to that of the drive Voltage Uns Frequency		
UFS	IV/F 5pts] (UF5): 5-segment V/F profile: As V/F 2 pts profile (saturation). Voltage	Frequency	voidance of resonance
5 Y n	□ [Sync. mot.] (SYn): For synchronous permanent magnet monly.	otors with sinusoidal ele	ctromotive force (EMF)

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
ПΩ	□ [U0] (1)	According to rating	0
	V/F profile setting. The parameter can be accessed if [Motor c (UF5)	ontrol type] (Ctt) = [V/F 2	epts] (UF2) or [V/F 5pts]
ШΙ	□ [U1] (1)	According to rating	0
	V/F profile setting. The parameter can be accessed if [Motor of	control type] (Ctt) = [V/F	5pts] (UF5)
FI	□ [F1] (1)	According to rating	0
	V/F profile setting. The parameter can be accessed if [Motor of	control type] (Ctt) = [V/F	5pts] (UF5)
п≥	□ [U2] (1)	According to rating	0
	V/F profile setting. The parameter can be accessed if [Motor of	control type] (Ctt) = [V/F	5pts] (UF5)
F 2	□ [F2] (1)	According to rating	0
	V/F profile setting. The parameter can be accessed if [Motor of	control type] (Ctt) = [V/F	5pts] (UF5)
Ц Э	□ [U3] (1)	According to rating	0
	V/F profile setting. The parameter can be accessed if [Motor of	control type] (Ctt) = [V/F	5pts] (UF5)
F 3	□ [F3] (1)	According to rating	0
	V/F profile setting. The parameter can be accessed if [Motor of	control type] (Ctt) = [V/F	5pts] (UF5)
ЦЧ	□ [U4] (1)	According to rating	0
	V/F profile setting. The parameter can be accessed if [Motor of	control type] (Ctt) = [V/F	5pts] (UF5)
FЧ	□ [F4] (1)	According to rating	0
	V/F profile setting. The parameter can be accessed if [Motor of	control type] (Ctt) = [V/F	5pts] (UF5)
И 5	□ [U5] (1)	According to rating	0
	V/F profile setting. The parameter can be accessed if [Motor of	control type] (Ctt) = [V/F	5pts] (UF5)
F 5	□ [F5] (1)	According to rating	0
	V/F profile setting. The parameter can be accessed if [Motor of	control type] (Ctt) = [V/F	5pts] (UF5)

⁽¹⁾ The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 - SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.



⁽¹⁾ The encoder parameters can only be accessed if the encoder card has been inserted and the available selections will depend on the type of encoder card used. The encoder configuration can also be accessed in the [1.5-INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I/O) menu.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
EnC	☐ [Encoder check]		[No] (nO)
n 0 4 E S	Check encoder feedback. See procedure page xx. The parameter can be accessed if an encoder card has been a value other than [PGR->NotDef] (PGr). [No] (nO): Check not performed. [Yes] (YES): Initiates the check. This selection causes the motor to start to turn. [Done] (dOnE): Check performed successfully.	n inserted (1) and if [Enco	oder use] (EnU) is set to
aune	The check procedure checks: The direction of rotation of the encoder/motor (ENF3 fau The presence of signals (wiring continuity, ENF2 fault) The number of pulses/revolution (ENF1 fault) If a fault is detected, the drive locks in ENFx fault mode.	ilt)	
ЕпЦ	☐ [Encoder use]		[No] (nO)
n 0 5 E C r E G	The parameter can be accessed if an encoder card has beer [No] (nO): Function inactive, In this case, the other paramet [spd sec. Fdk] (SEC): The encoder provides speed feedb [spd regul fdk] (rEG): The encoder provides speed feedb configuration is automatic if the drive has been configured for this type of operation.	ers cannot be accessed. eack for monitoring only eack for regulation and m r closed-loop operation a	onitoring. This
PGr	☐ [PGR->NotDef] (PGr): The encoder serves as a reference	9.	

⁽¹⁾ The encoder parameters can only be accessed if the encoder card has been inserted and the available selections will depend on the type of encoder card used. The encoder configuration can also be accessed in the [1.5- INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I/O) menu.

ENA SYSTEM

ENA SYSTEM is a control profile for rotating machines with unbalanced load.

It is used primarily in oil pumps. The operating principle applied supports:

- Operation without a braking resistor
- Reduced mechanical stress on the rod
- Reduced line current fluctuations
- Reduced energy consumption by improving the electric power/current ratio

ENA prop. gain

This setting is made in order to achieve a compromise between the reduced energy consumption (and/or line current fluctuations) and the mechanical stress to which the rod is subject.

Energy is saved by reducing current fluctuations and increasing the current while retaining the same average speed.

ENA integral gain

This setting is used to smooth the DC bus voltage.

Start up the machine with a low integral and proportional gain (proportional 25% and integral 10%) in order to avoid an overvoltage trip in the absence of a braking resistor. See if these settings are suitable.

Recommended settings to be made during operation:

- To eliminate the braking resistance and therefore increase the DC bus voltage:
 - Call up the machine speed on the graphic display terminal.
 - Reduce the value of the integral gain until the machine speed drops. When it does, increase the integral gain until the machine speed stabilizes.
 - Use the graphic display terminal or an oscilloscope to check that the DC bus voltage is stable.
- · To save energy:
 - It may be possible to save even more energy by reducing the proportional gain (gradually) in reducing the maximum value of the line current but this will increase speed variations and therefore mechanical stress.
 - The aim is to identify settings that will enable energy to be saved and minimize mechanical stress.
 - When reducing the proportional gain, it may be necessary to readjust the integral gain in order to avoid an overvoltage trip.

Note: Once the settings are complete, check that the pump starts up correctly. Lack of torque on startup may be due to the ENA integral gain being set too low.

Reduction ratio

This setting corresponds to the motor speed ahead of gearbox/speed after gearbox ratio. This parameter is used to display the average speed in Hz and the machine speed in customer units (e.g., strokes per minute) on the graphic display terminal. In order to be displayed on the graphic terminal, these values must be selected in the [1.2 - MONITORING] (SUP-) menu.

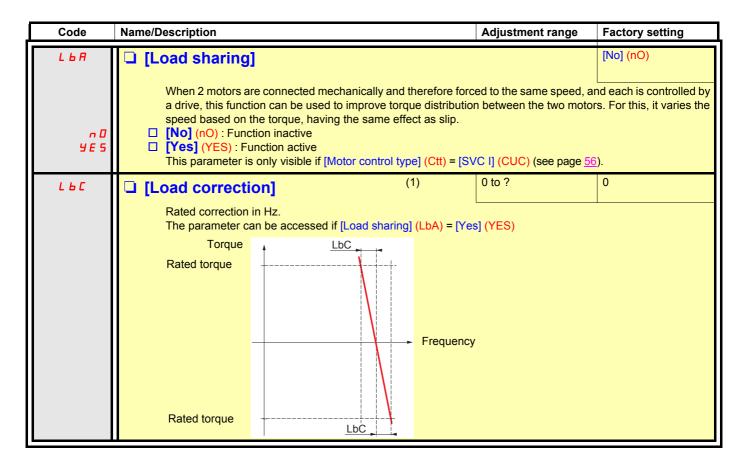
Code	Name/Description		Adjustment range	Factory setting
EnA	☐ [ENA system]			[No] (nO)
n 0 Y E 5	The parameter can be accessed if [Moto □ [No] (nO) : Function inactive □ [Yes] (YES) : Function active.	r control type] (Ctt) = [SVC U] (UUC), see pa	ge <u>56</u> .
GPE	☐ [ENA prop. gain]	(1)	1 to 9999	250
	The parameter can be accessed if [ENA	system] (EnA) = [Yes] (YES)	
G IE	☐ [ENA integral gain]	(1)	0 to 100%	100%
	The parameter can be accessed if [ENA system] (EnA) = [Yes] (YES)			
r A P	☐ [Reduction ratio]	(1)	10.0 to 999.9	10
	The parameter can be accessed if [ENA	system] (EnA) = [\	Yes] (YES)	

⁽¹⁾ The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 - SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

Code	Name/Description	Factory setting	
ELI	☐ [Current Limitation] (1)	0 to 1.65 ln (2)	1.5 ln (2)
	Used to limit the torque and the temperature rise of the m Warning: If the setting is lower than 0.25 In, the dri (OPF) if this function has been enabled (see page	ve may lock following a fau	ult [Output Phase Loss]
5 F r	☐ [Switching freq.]	1 to 16 kHz	≤18 kW: 4 kHz >18 kW: 2.5 kHz
	Switching frequency setting. In the event of excessive temperature rise, the drive and reset it once the temperature returns to normal		the switching frequency
nrd	□ [Noise reduction]	[Yes] (YES) if the [Switch. freq type] (SFt) = [Low freq.] (LF) [No] (nO) if the [Switch. freq type] (SFt) = [High freq.] (HF)	
9E5	☐ [Yes] (YES): Frequency with random modulation ☐ [No] (nO): Fixed frequency Random frequency modulation prevents any resonance which may occur at a fixed frequency.		
5 <i>U L</i>	☐ [Motor surge limit.]	[No] (nO)	
	This function limits motor overvoltages and is useful in the following applications: - NEMA motors - Japanese motors - Spindle motors - Rewound motors		
n 0 9 E S	□ [No] (nO): Function inactive □ [Yes] (YES):		
5 O P	□ [Volt surge lim opt.]	10 μs	
	Optimization parameter for transient overvoltages at moto Set to 6, 8 or 10 $\mu s. $	r terminals.	
ИЬг	☐ [Braking level] (1)		
	DC bus voltage threshold above which the braking transistor cuts in to limit this voltage. The adjustment range and factory setting depend on the drive's voltage and power rating.		
6	☐ [Braking balance]	[No] (nO)	
n 0 9 E S	The parameter can be accessed if [Decel. ramp adapt] (brA) = [No] (nO) (see page 106) [No] (nO): Function inactive [Yes] (YES): Active function, to be used on drives connected in parallel via their DC bus. Used to balance the braking power between the drives. The [Braking level] (Ubr) parameter, page 62, must be set to the same value on the various drives.		

⁽¹⁾ The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 - SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

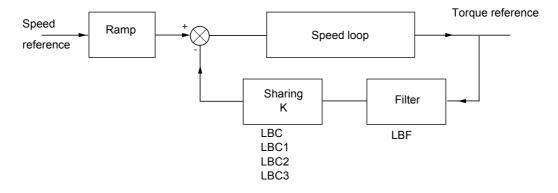
⁽²⁾ In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive rating plate.



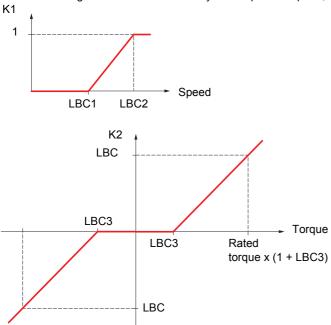
(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 - SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

Load sharing, parameters that can be accessed at expert level

Principle



The load sharing factor K is determined by the torque and speed, with two factors K1 and K2 ($K = K1 \times K2$).



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
L b C I	☐ [Correction low] (1)	0 to ?Hz	0
	The parameter can be accessed if [Load sharing] (LbA) Minimum speed for load correction in Hz. Below this thr correction at very low speed if this would cause the mot	eshold, no corrections are ma	ade. Used to prevent
L	☐ [Correction high] (1)	0 to ?Hz	0
	The parameter can be accessed if [Load sharing] (LbA) Speed threshold in Hz above which maximum load corr		
L b C 3	☐ [Torque offset] (1)	0 to 300%	0%
	The parameter can be accessed if [Load sharing] (LbA) = [Yes] (YES) Minimum torque for load correction as a % of the rated torque. Below this threshold, no corrections are made. Used to avoid torque instabilities when the torque direction is not constant.		
LbF	☐ [Sharing filter] (1)	0 to 20 s	0 ms
	The parameter can be accessed if [Load sharing] (LbA) Time constant (filter) for correction in ms. Used in the e instabilities.		upling in order to avoid

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 - SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

Code	Name/Description Adjustment range	Factory setting
FCC	☐ [2/3 wire control]	[2 wire] (2C)
3 E	□ [2 wire] (2C) □ [3 wire] (3C)	
	2-wire control: The open or closed state of the input controls running or stopping.	
	Example of "source" wiring:	
	24 V LI1 LIX LI1: forward LIx: reverse	
	3-wire control (pulse control): a "forward" or "reverse" pulse is sufficient to command st sufficient to command stopping.	arting, a "stop" pulse is
	Example of "source" wiring:	
	LI1: stop LI2: forward LIX: reverse	
	Any change in the assignment of [2/3 wire] (tCC) must be confirmed on the graph the "ENT" key must be pressed and held down (2 s) on the integrated terminal. The [2 wire type] (rrS) and [Rev. assignment] (tCt) functions below will be return along with all functions associated with logic inputs. We recommend that this parameter is configured before configuring the [1.6 CC [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (FUn-) menus.	ned to factory settings,
ΕCΕ	☐ [2 wire type]	[Level] (LEL)
L E L	 [Level] (LEL): State 0 or 1 is taken into account for run (1) or stop (0). [Transition] (trn): A change of state (transition or edge) is necessary to initiate opera accidental restarts after a break in the power supply. 	tion, in order to prevent
PF O	☐ [Prior. FW] (PFO): State 0 or 1 is taken into account for run or stop, but the "forward priority over the "reverse" input.	d" input always takes
rr5	☐ [Rev. assignment]	[LI2] (LI2)
C I I	□ [No] (nO): Not assigned □ [LI1] (LI1) :	
-	: [] (): See the assignment conditions on page 94. Assignment of the reverse direction command.	

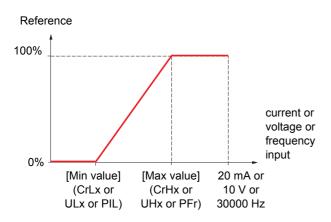
Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
L 1-	■ [LI1 CONFIGURATION]		
LOIA	[LI1 assignment] Read-only parameter, cannot be configured. It displays all the functions that are assigned to input LI1 in	order to check multiple	assignments.
L O I d	☐ [LI1 On Delay] This parameter is used to take account of the change of th adjusted between 0 and 2000 milliseconds, in order to filter 0 is taken into account without delay. Make sure that the delay set does not pose a risk or	out possible interference	e. The change to state
L	[LIx CONFIGURATION] All the logic inputs available on the drive are processed as LI14, depending on whether or not option cards have been		pove, up to LI6, LI10 or

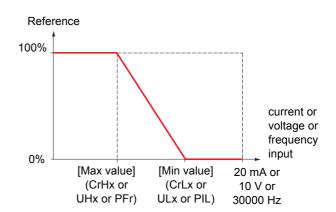
Configuration of analog inputs and Pulse input

The minimum and maximum input values (in volts, mA, etc.) are converted to % in order that the application references can be adapted.

Minimum and maximum input values:

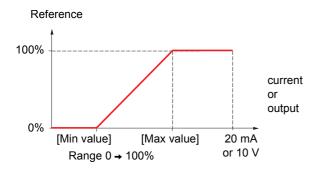
The minimum value corresponds to a reference of 0% and the maximum value to a reference of 100%. The minimum value may be greater than the maximum value:

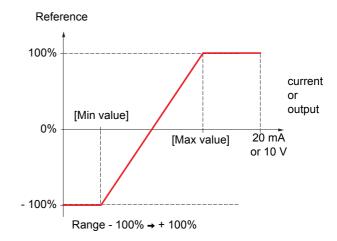


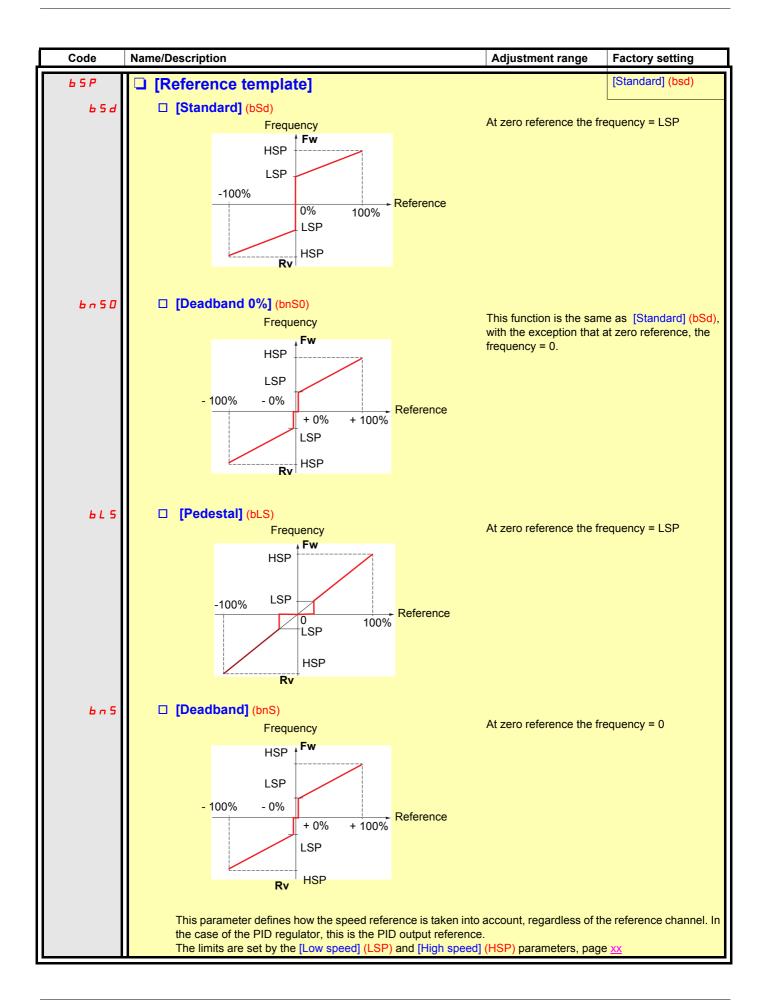


Range (output values): For analog inputs only

This parameter is used to set the reference range to $[0\% \rightarrow 100\%]$ or $[-100\% \rightarrow +100\%]$ in order to obtain a bipolar output from a unipolar input.



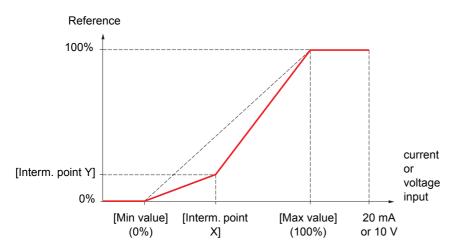




Delinearization: For analog inputs only

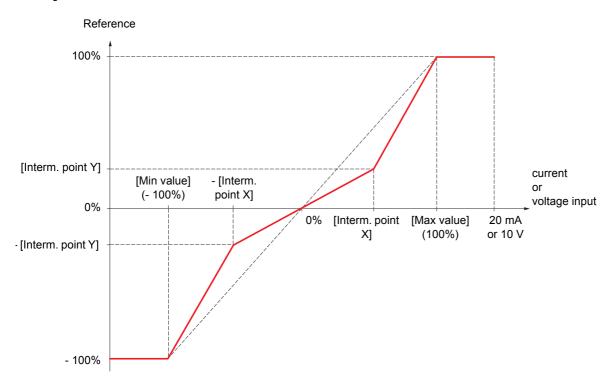
The input can be delinearized by configuring an intermediate point on the input/output curve of this input:

For range 0 → 100%



Note: For [Interm. point X], 0% corresponds to [Min value] and 100% to [Max value]

For range -100% → 100%



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
H I I -	■ [AI1 CONFIGURATION]		
AIIA	☐ [Al1 assignment]		
	Read-only parameter, cannot be configured. It displays all the functions associated with input Al1 in ord problems.	ler to check, for example	e, for compatibility
A I I E	☐ [Al1 type]		[Voltage] (10U)
IOU	Read-only parameter, cannot be configured. [Voltage] (10U): Voltage input		
U IL I	☐ [Al1 min value]	0 to 10.0 V	0 V
и ін і	☐ [Al1 max value]	0 to 10.0 V	10.0 V
RIIF	☐ [Al1 filter]	0 to 10.00 s	0 s
	Interference filtering.		
RIIE	☐ [Al1 Interm. point X]	0 to 100%	0%
	Input delinearization point coordinate. • 0% corresponds to [Al1 min value] (UIL1). • 100% corresponds to [Al1 max value] (UIH1).		
A 1 15	☐ [Al1 Interm. point Y]	0 to 100%	0%
	Output delinearization point coordinate (frequency reference).		1

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
A 12-	■ [AI2 CONFIGURATION]		
A ISA	☐ [Al2 assignment]		
	Read-only parameter, cannot be configured. It displays all the functions associated with input Al2 in oproblems.	rder to check, for example	e, for compatibility
A 12F	☐ [Al2 type]		[Current] (0 A)
10U 0 A	□ [Voltage] (10U): Voltage input □ [Current] (0 A): Current input		
C r L 2	☐ [Al2 min. value]	0 to 20.0 mA	4.0 mA
	The parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [C	urrent] (0 A)	
CrH2	☐ [Al2 max value]	0 to 20.0 mA	20.0 mA
	The parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [C	urrent] (0 A)	
U IL ≥	☐ [Al2 min. value]	0 to 10.0 V	0 V
	The parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2t] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2t] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2t] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed	oltage] (10U)	
и інг	☐ [Al2 max value]	0 to 10.0 V	10.0 V
	The parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2t] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2t] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed if [Al2t] (Al2t) = [Ventarial Expression of the parameter can be accessed	oltage] (10U)	
A 12F	☐ [Al2 filter]	0 to 10.00 s	0 s
	Interference filtering.		
A IZL	☐ [Al2 range]		[0> 100%] (POS)
P 0 5 n E G	☐ [0> 100%] (POS): One-way input ☐ [-100%> +100%] (nEG): Two-way input Example: On a 0/10 V input - 0 V corresponds to reference -100% - 5 V corresponds to reference 0% - 10 V corresponds to reference +100%		
A 12E	☐ [Al2 Interm. point X]	0 to 100%	0%
	Input delinearization point coordinate. • 0% corresponds to [Min value] if the range is 0 → 100%	6.	
	0% corresponds to [Max value] - [Min value] 2	+ [Min value] if the range	e is -100% → + 100%.
	100% corresponds to [Max value].		
A 125	☐ [Al2 Interm. point Y]	0 to 100%	0%
	Output delinearization point coordinate (frequency refere	ence).	

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
H 13 -	[Al3 CONFIGURATION] Can be accessed if an option card has been inserted		
Я ІЗЯ	☐ [Al3 assignment] Read-only parameter, cannot be configured. It displays all the functions associated with input Al3 in order to check, for example, for compatibility problems.		
A 13E	☐ [Al3 type] Read-only parameter, cannot be configured. ☐ [Current] (0 A): Current input	Read-only parameter, cannot be configured.	
Erl3	□ [Al3 min value]	0 to 20.0 mA	4.0 mA
ErH3	☐ [Al3 max. value]	0 to 20.0 mA	20.0 mA
A I 3 F	☐ [Al3 filter] Interference filtering.	0 to 10.00 s	0 s
R 13L P 0 S n E G	[0> 100%] (POS): One-way input [-100%> +100%] (nEG): Two-way input Example: On a 4 - 20 V input - 4 mA corresponds to reference -100% - 12 mA corresponds to reference 0% - 20 mA corresponds to reference +100% As, in physical terms, Al3 is a two-way input, the configuration [-100%> +100%] (nEG) must only be used if the signal applied is a one-way signal. A two-way signal is not compatible with a two-way configuration.		
A I 3 E	Input delinearization point coordinate. • 0% corresponds to [A13 min. value] (CrL3) if the range is 0 → 100%. • 0% corresponds to [max value] (CrH3) - [min value] (CrL3) / 2 + [min value] (CrL3) if the range is 100% corresponds to [max value] (CrH3).		
A 135	☐ [Al3 Interm. point Y] Output delinearization point coordinate (frequency referen	0 to 100% ce).	0%

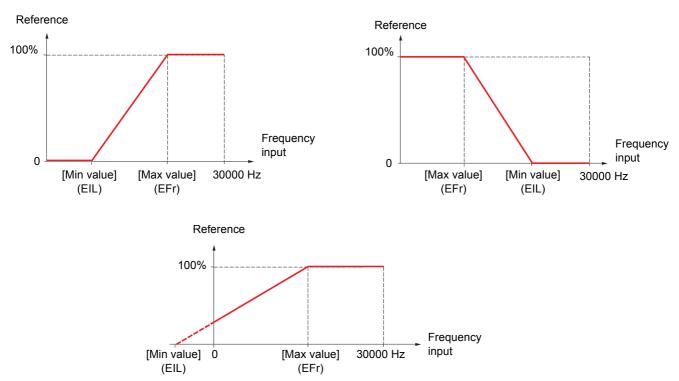
Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
Я 14-	■ [AI4 CONFIGURATION]		
	Can be accessed if an option card has been inserted		
я ічя	☐ [Al4 assignment]		
	Read-only parameter, cannot be configured. It displays all the functions associated with input Al2 in ord problems.	der to check, for example	e, for compatibility
A IHE	☐ [Al4 type]		[Current] (0 A)
10U 0 A	□ [Voltage] (10U): Voltage input □ [Current] (0 A): Current input		
ErL4	☐ [Al4 min. value]	0 to 20.0 mA	4.0 mA
	The parameter can be accessed if [Al4 Type] (Al4t) = [Cui	rent] (0 A)	
E r H 4	☐ [Al4 max value]	0 to 20.0 mA	20.0 mA
	The parameter can be accessed if [Al4 Type] (Al4t) = [Cui	rrent] (0 A)	
U IL 4	☐ [Al4 min. value]	0 to 10.0 V	0 V
	The parameter can be accessed if [Al4 Type] (Al4t) = [Vol	tage] (10U)	
и інч	☐ [Al4 max value]	0 to 10.0 V	10.0 V
	The parameter can be accessed if [Al4 Type] (Al4t) = [Vol	tage] (10U)	
RIYF	☐ [Al4 filter]	0 to 10.00 s	0 s
	Interference filtering.		
A IYL	☐ [Al4 range]		[0> 100%] (POS)
P 0 5 n E G	☐ [0> 100%] (POS): One-way input ☐ [-100%> +100%] (nEG): Two-way input Example: On a 0/10 V input - 0 V corresponds to reference -100% - 5 V corresponds to reference 0% - 10 V corresponds to reference +100%		
RIYE	☐ [Al4 Interm. X]	0 to 100%	0%
	Input delinearization point coordinate. • 0% corresponds to [Min value] if the range is 0 → 100%.		
	0% corresponds to [Max value] - [Min value] 2 +	[Min value] if the range i	is -100% → + 100%.
	100% corresponds to [Max value].	1	1
A 145	□ [Al4 Interm.Y]	0 to 100%	0%
	Output delinearization point coordinate (frequency referen	ce).	

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
PIA-	[PULSE IN CONFIGURATION] Can be accessed if an option card has been inserted		
PIA	☐ [Assignment] Read-only parameter, cannot be configured. It displays all the functions associated with the Pulse input problems.	in order to check, for exa	imple, for compatibility
PIL	☐ [RP min value]	0 to 3000 (x 10 Hz)	0
	Frequency corresponding to the minimum speed		
PFr	☐ [RP max value]	0 to 3000 (x 10 Hz)	0
	Frequency corresponding to the maximum speed		
PF I	☐ [RP filter]	0 to 1000 ms	0
	Interference filtering.		

Configuration of the encoder input serving as a reference

Minimum and maximum values (input values):

The minimum value corresponds to a minimum reference of 0% and the maximum value to a maximum reference of 100%. The minimum value may be greater than the maximum value. It may also be negative.



A reference can be obtained at zero frequency by assigning a negative value to the minimum value.

The encoder parameters can only be accessed if the encoder card has been inserted and the available selections will depend on the type of encoder card used. The encoder configuration can also be accessed in the [1.4 - MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-) menu.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
PG-	■ [ENCODER CONFIGURATION]		
	The encoder parameters can only be accessed if the encoder card has been inserted and the available selections will depend on the type of encoder card used.		
E n 5	☐ [Encoder signals]		[No] (nO)
ЯЯЬЬ ЯЬ Я	The parameter can be accessed if an encoder card has be To be configured in accordance with the type of encoder u [AABB] (AAbb): For signals A, A-, B, B [AB] (Ab): For signals A, B. [A] (A): For signal A.		
PG I	☐ [Number of pulses]	100 to 5000	1024
	Number of pulses per revolution. The parameter can be accessed if an encoder card has be	een inserted.	
EnC	☐ [Encoder check]		[No] (nO)
n 0 9 E S	Check encoder feedback. See procedure page xx . The parameter can be accessed if an encoder card has been inserted and if [Encoder use] (EnU) is set to a value other than [PGR->NotDef] (PGr). [No] (nO): Check not performed. [Yes] (YES): Initiates the check. This selection causes the motor to start to turn.		
d O n E	 □ [Done] (dOnE): Check performed successfully. The check procedure checks: The direction of rotation of the encoder/motor (ENF3 fault) The presence of signals (wiring continuity, ENF2 fault) The number of pulses/revolution (ENF1 fault) If a fault is detected, the drive locks in ENFx fault mode. 		
ЕпШ	☐ [Encoder use]		[No] (nO)
n 0 5 E C r E G	The parameter can be accessed if an encoder card has been inserted. [No] (nO): Function inactive, In this case, the other parameters cannot be accessed. [spd sec. Fdk] (SEC): The encoder provides speed feedback for monitoring only. [spd regul fdk] (rEG): The encoder provides speed feedback for regulation and monitoring. This configuration is automatic if the drive has been configured for closed-loop operation and is only supported by this type of operation. [PGR->NotDef] (PGr): The encoder serves as a reference.		
P G A	☐ [Reference type]		[Encoder] (EnC)
E n C P L G	The parameter can be accessed if [Encoder use] (EnU) = [PGR->NotDef] (PGr). ☐ [Encoder] (EnC): Use of an encoder. ☐ [Freq. gen.] (PtG): Use of a frequency generator.		
EIL	☐ [Freq. min value]	0 to 3000 (x 10 Hz)	0
	The parameter can be accessed if [Encoder use] (EnU) = [PTG->NotDef] (PGr) and if [] (PGA) = [] (PtG). Frequency corresponding to the minimum speed		
EFr	☐ [Freq. max value]	0 to 3000 (x 10 Hz)	0
	The parameter can be accessed if [Encoder use] (EnU) = [PTG->NotDef] (PGr) and if [] (PGA) = [] (PtG). Frequency corresponding to the maximum speed		
EF I	☐ [Freq. signal filter]	0 to 1000 ms	0
	The parameter can be accessed if [Encoder use] (EnU) = Interference filtering.	[PTG->NotDef] (PGr) an	d if [] (PGA) = [] (PtG).

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
r 1-	■ [R1 CONFIGURATION]		
r I	☐ [R1 Assignment]		[drive fault] (FLt)
n D	☐ [Not assign.] (nO): Not assigned		
FLE	☐ [drive fault] (FLt): Drive fault		
r Un F L A	□ [Drv running] (rUn): Drive running		
FLA	 ☐ [Freq. attain.] (FtA): Frequency attained ☐ [HSP attain.] (FLA): High speed attained 		
C E A	☐ [I attained] (CtA): Current threshold attained		
5 r A	☐ [Freq.ref.att.] (SrA): Frequency reference attained		
E S A	☐ [Th. mot. att.] (tSA): Motor thermal state 1 attained		
P E E P F A	☐ [PID error al] (PEE): PID error alarm ☐ [PID fdbk al.] (PFA): PID feedback alarm		
APL	☐ [4-20 mA loss] (APL): Alarm indicating absence of 4-2	0 mA signal	
E A d	☐ [Th. drv. att.] (tAd): Drive thermal state attained	o mr toighai	
£ 5 A ≥	☐ [Th. mot2. att.] (tSA2): Motor thermal state 2 attained		
ESA3	Th. mot3. att.] (tSA3): Motor thermal state 3 attained		
A E S C n F O	☐ [Torque +/-] (AtS): Torque sign? ☐ [Conf. 1 active] (CnF0): Configuration 1 active		
Enf I	☐ [Conf. 2 active] (CnF1): Configuration 1 active		
[nF2	☐ [Conf. 3 active] (CnF2): Configuration 3 active		
CFP I	□ [set 1 active] (CFP1):		
C F P 3	☐ [set 2 active] (CFP2):		
d 6 L	☐ [set 3 active] (CFP3): ☐ [DC charged] (dbL): DC bus loading		
br5	☐ [In braking] (brS): Drive braking		
РгП	☐ [P. removed] (PRM):		
L 5 A	□ [LSA] (LSA):		
A C 1	☐ [Alarm group 1] (AGI): Alarm group 1		
A G 3	☐ [Alarm group 2] (AG2): Alarm group 2 ☐ [Alarm group 3] (AG3): Alarm group 3		
PIA	☐ [PTC1 alarm] (P1A): Probe alarm motor 1		
P 2 A	☐ [PTC2 alarm] (P2A): Probe alarm motor 2		
PLA EFA	[PTC3 alarm] (PLA): Probe alarm motor 3		
USA	☐ [Ext. fault al] (EFA): External fault alarm ☐ [Underv. al] (USA): Undervoltage alarm		
UPA	□ [prevent. <u] (upa):="" prevention<="" th="" undervoltage=""><th></th><th></th></u]>		
A n A	[slipping al.] (AnA): Slipping alarm		
E H A	☐ [Al. °D'b0C drv.] (tHA): IGBT alarm		
65 A 6 C A	☐ [Load mvt al] (bSA): Braking speed alarm		
5 5 A	☐ [Brk cont. al] (bCA): Brake contact alarm ☐ [Lim T/l att.] (SSA): Torque limit alarm		
rEA	□ [Trq. reg. al.] (rtA):		
LCC	[Line cont.] (LCC): Line contactor control		
г.П г.d.У	☐ [P. removed] (rrM): PWR active ☐ [Drive ready] (rdY): Drive ready		
0 C C	□ [output cont.] (OCC): Output contactor control		
ПСР	☐ [I present] (MCP): Motor current present		
E	☐ [Spool end] (EbO): Spool end (traverse control function		
CLO	☐ [Sync Wobble] (CLO): "Counter wobble" synchronizat	ion	
r Id	☐ [R1 Delay time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
		annet he set sheet o	
	For the assignment of [Line cont.] (LCC), the delay time of the change in state only takes effect once the configured to the configuration to the configu		ne information becomes
	true.	ano nao olapoca, when the	io information becomes
r 15	☐ [R1 Active at]		1
	Configuration of the operating logic: [0]: State 0 when the information is true		
0	☐ [1]: State 0 when the information is true		
,	For the assignments of [Brk control] (bLC) and [Line cont.] (LCC), state 1 cannot b	e modified.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
r 1-	[R1 CONFIGURATION] (continued)		
r IH	☐ [R1 Holding time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	For the assignment of [Line cont.] (LCC), the holding time The change in state only takes effect once the configured ti false.		ne information becomes
r 2 -	■ [R2 CONFIGURATION]		
r 2	☐ [R2 Assignment]		[No] (nO)
ЬСС	Identical to R1 (see page <u>77</u>), plus: ☐ [Brk control] (bLC): Brake contactor control, for informating the [APPLICATION FUNCT.] (Fun-) menu	ation as this selection ca	an only be configured in
r 2 d	☐ [R2 Delay time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	For the assignments of [Brk control] (bLC) and [Line cont.] The change in state only takes effect once the configured ti true.		
r 25	☐ [R2 Active at]		1
<u>п</u> 1	Configuration of the operating logic: [0]: State 0 when the information is true [1]: State 1 when the information is true For the assignments of [Brk control] (bLC) and [Line cont.] (LCC), state 1 cannot be modified.		
r 2 H	☐ [R2 Holding time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	For the assignments of [Brk control] (bLC) and [Line cont.] (LCC), the holding time cannot be set above 0. The change in state only takes effect once the configured time has elapsed, when the information becomes false.		
r 3 -	[R3 CONFIGURATION] Can be accessed if an option card has been inserted		
r 3	☐ [R3 Assignment]		[No] (nO)
ЬLС	Identical to R1 (see page 77), plus: [Brk control] (bLC): Brake contactor control, for information as this selection can only be configured in the [APPLICATION FUNCT.] (Fun-) menu		an only be configured in
r 3d	☐ [R3 Delay time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	For the assignments of [Brk control] (bLC) and [Line cont.] The change in state only takes effect once the configured ti true.		
r 35	☐ [R3 Active at]		1
<u>п</u> 1	Configuration of the operating logic: [0]: State 0 when the information is true [1]: State 1 when the information is true For the assignments of [Brk control] (bLC) and [Line cont.]	(LCC), state 1 cannot b	e modified.
r 3H	☐ [R3 Holding time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	For the assignments of [Brk control] (bLC) and [Line cont.] The change in state only takes effect once the configured ti false.		

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
r4-	[R4 CONFIGURATION] Can be accessed if an option card has been inserted		
r 4	☐ [R4 Assignment]		[No] (nO)
ЬСС	Identical to R1 (see page 77), plus: [Brk control] (bLC): Brake contactor control, for information as this selection can only be configured in the [APPLICATION FUNCT.] (Fun-) menu		an only be configured in
r 4 d	☐ [R4 Delay time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	For the assignments of [Brk control] (bLC) and [Line cont.] The change in state only takes effect once the configured tirtue.		
r 45	☐ [R4 Active at]		1
<u>п</u> 1	Configuration of the operating logic: [0]: State 0 when the information is true [1]: State 1 when the information is true For the assignments of [Brk control] (bLC) and [Line cont.]	(LCC), state 1 cannot b	pe modified.
r 4 H	☐ [R4 Holding time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	For the assignments of [Brk control] (bLC) and [Line cont.] The change in state only takes effect once the configured till false.		

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
LOI-	■ [LO1 CONFIGURATION]		
	Can be accessed if an option card has been inserted		
LOI	☐ [LO1 assignment]		[No] (nO)
6L C	Identical to R1 (see page <u>77</u>), plus: ☐ [Brk control] (bLC): Brake contactor control, for informating the [APPLICATION FUNCT.] (Fun-) menu	ation as this selection ca	n only be configured in
LOId	☐ [LO1 delay time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	For the assignments of [Brk control] (bLC) and [Line cont.] The change in state only takes effect once the configured ti true.		
L 0 15	☐ [LO1 active at]		1
<u>п</u> 1	Configuration of the operating logic: [0]: State 0 when the information is true [1]: State 1 when the information is true For the assignments of [Brk control] (bLC) and [Line cont.] (LCC), state 1 cannot be modified.		
L D IH	☐ [LO1 holding time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	For the assignments of [Brk control] (bLC) and [Line cont.] The change in state only takes effect once the configured ti false.		
L 0 2 -	[LO2 CONFIGURATION] Can be accessed if an option card has been inserted		
L 0 2	☐ [LO2 assignment]		[No] (nO)
ЬLС	Identical to R1 (see page 77), plus: [Brk control] (bLC): Brake contactor control, for information as this selection can only be configured in the [APPLICATION FUNCT.] (Fun-) menu		n only be configured in
L 0 2 d	☐ [LO2 delay time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	For the assignments of [Brk control] (bLC) and [Line cont.] (LCC), the delay time cannot be set above 0. The change in state only takes effect once the configured time has elapsed, when the information becomes true.		
L 0 2 5	☐ [LO2 active at]		1
<u>п</u> 1	Configuration of the operating logic: [0]: State 0 when the information is true [1]: State 1 when the information is true For the assignments of [Brk control] (bLC) and [Line cont.] (LCC), state 1 cannot be modified.		e modified.
L O 2 H	☐ [LO2 holding time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	For the assignments of [Brk control] (bLC) and [Line cont.] The change in state only takes effect once the configured ti false.		

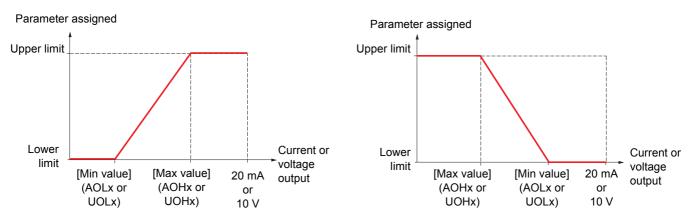
Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
L 🗆 3 -	[LO3 CONFIGURATION] Can be accessed if an option card has been inserted		
L 0 3	☐ [LO3 assignment]		[No] (nO)
ЬСС	Identical to R1 (see page 77), plus: [Brk control] (bLC): Brake contactor control, for informating the [APPLICATION FUNCT.] (Fun-) menu	ation as this selection ca	n only be configured in
L 0 3 d	☐ [LO3 delay time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	For the assignments of [Brk control] (bLC) and [Line cont.] The change in state only takes effect once the configured ti true.		
L 0 3 5	☐ [LO3 active at]		1
<u>п</u> !	Configuration of the operating logic: [0]: State 0 when the information is true [1]: State 1 when the information is true For the assignments of [Brk control] (bLC) and [Line cont.] (LCC), state 1 cannot be modified.		
L O 3 H	☐ [LO3 holding time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	For the assignments of [Brk control] (bLC) and [Line cont.] The change in state only takes effect once the configured ti false.		
L 🛮 4 -	[LO4 CONFIGURATION] Can be accessed if an option card has been inserted		
L 0 4	☐ [LO4 assignment]		[No] (nO)
ЬСС	Identical to R1 (see page 77), plus: [Brk control] (bLC): Brake contactor control, for information as this selection can only be configured in the [APPLICATION FUNCT.] (Fun-) menu		n only be configured in
L 0 4 d	☐ [LO4 delay time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	For the assignments of [Brk control] (bLC) and [Line cont.] (LCC), the delay time cannot be set above 0. The change in state only takes effect once the configured time has elapsed, when the information becomes true.		
L 0 4 5	☐ [LO4 active at]		1
<u>п</u> !	Configuration of the operating logic: [0]: State 0 when the information is true [1]: State 1 when the information is true For the assignments of [Brk control] (bLC) and [Line cont.] (LCC), state 1 cannot be modified.		
L 0 4 H	☐ [LO4 holding time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	For the assignments of [Brk control] (bLC) and [Line cont.] The change in state only takes effect once the configured ti false.		

Code	Name/Description Adjustment range Factory setting
	■ [LIST OF ALARMS]
A G I	☐ [Alarm Grp 1]
	Selection to be made in the following list:
PIA	☐ [PTC1 alarm] (P1A): Probe alarm motor 1
P≥A	☐ [PTC2 alarm] (P2A): Probe alarm motor 2
P L A C E A	☐ [PTC3 alarm] (PLA): Probe alarm motor 3 ☐ [I attained] (CtA): Current threshold reached
FEA	☐ [Freq. attain.] (FtA): Frequency attained
5 c A	☐ [Freq.ref.att.] (SrA): Frequency reference attained
EFA	□ [Ext. fault al] (EFA): External fault alarm
E A d	☐ [Th. ATV att.] (tAd): Drive thermal state attained
Ł S A	☐ [Th. mot. att.] (tSA): Motor thermal state 1 attained
£ 5 A ≥	☐ [Th. mot2 att] (tSA2): Motor thermal state 2 attained
Ł 5 A 3	☐ [Th. mot3 att] (tSA3): Motor thermal state 3 attained
USA	□ [Underv. al] (USA): Undervoltage alarm
UPA	[prevent. < Ū] (UPA): Undervoltage prevention
FLA AnA	☐ [HSP attain.] (FLA): High speed attained ☐ [slipping al.] (AnA): Slipping alarm
# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	☐ [Al. °C drv.] (tHA): IGBT alarm
65 A	☐ [Load mvt al] (bSA): Braking speed alarm
6 C A	□ [Brk cont. al] (bCA): Brake contact alarm
PEE	□ [PID error al] (PEE): PID error alarm
PFA	□ [PID fdbk al.] (PFA): PID feedback alarm
APL	☐ [4-20 mA loss] (APL): Alarm indicating absence of 4-20 mA signal
5 S A	Lim T/l att.] (SSA): Torque limit alarm
rEA	☐ [Trq. reg. al.] (rtA):
£ 5 4	□ [TS4] (tS4):
	See the selection procedure on page 23 for the integrated terminal and page 15 for the graphic display terminal.
A G 2	☐ [Alarm Grp 2]
	Identical to [Alarm Grp 1] (AG1)
A G 3	☐ [Alarm Grp 3]
	Identical to [Alarm Grp 1] (AG1)

Configuration of analog outputs

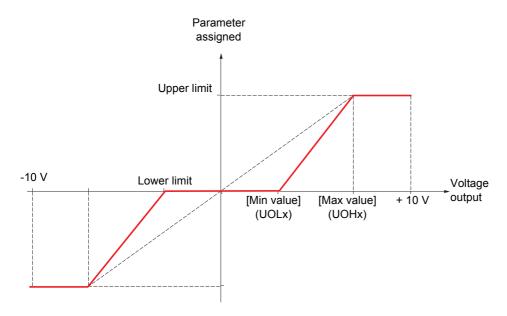
Minimum and maximum values (output values):

The minimum output value, in volts or mA, corresponds to the lower limit of the assigned parameter and the maximum value to its upper limit. The minimum value may be greater than the maximum value:



Outputs AO2 and AO3 configured as bipolar outputs:

The [min value] (UOLx) and [max value] (UOHx) parameters are absolute values, although they function symmetrically. In the case of bipolar outputs, always set the maximum value higher than the minimum value.



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
AO 1-	■ [AO1 CONFIGURATION]		
AO I	☐ [AO1 assignment]		[No] (nO)
n 0	☐ [Not assign.] (nO): Not assigned		
0 C r	[I motor] (OCr): Current in the motor, between 0 and 2 In Installation Manual and on the drive rating plate).	n (In = rated drive currer	t indicated in the
OF c	[Motor freq.] (OFr): Output frequency, between 0 and [I		
0 r P E r 9	☐ [Ramp out.] (OrP): Between 0 and [Max frequency] (tFr☐ [Motor torq.] (trq): Motor torque, between 0 and 3 times		
5 £ 9	☐ [Signed torq] (Stq): Signed motor torque, between -3 a	nd +3 times the rated m	
0 r S 0 P S	☐ [signed rmp] (OrS): Signed ramp output, between - [Ma ☐ [PID ref.] (OPS): PID regulator reference between [Min F		
	(PIP2)		
0 P F	[PID feedback] (OPF): PID regulator feedback between feedback] (PIF2)	n [Min PID feedback] (PI	F1) and [Max PID
0 P E	☐ [PID error] (OPE): PID regulator error between - 5% and	I + 5% of ([Max PID feed	back] (PIF2) - [Min PID
OP I	feedback] (PIF1)) [PID integral] (OPI): PID regulator integral between [Lo	w speed] (LSP) and [High	nh speed] (HSP)
0 P c	[Mot. power] (OPr): Motor power, between 0 and 2.5 tir	nes [Rated motor power] (nPr)
E H r E H d	 [Mot. Therm] (tHr): Motor thermal state, between 0 and [Drv thermal] (tHd): Drive thermal state, between 0 and 		
0 F S	☐ [Sig. out. frq.] (OFS): Signed output frequency, between		
_	(tFr)		
£ H r ≥ £ H r ∃	☐ [MotTherm2] (tHr2): Thermal state of motor 2, between		
UEr	 ☐ [MotTherm3] (tHr3): Thermal state of motor 3, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state ☐ [Uns.TrqRef] (Utr): Torque reference, between 0 and 3 times the rated motor torque 		
5 E r	☐ [Sign trq ref] (Str): Signed torque reference, between -3 and +3 times the rated motor torque		
E 9 L U O P	☐ [Lim. Couple] (tqL): Torque limit, between 0 and 3 times the rated motor torque ☐ [Motor volt.] (UOP): Voltage applied to the motor, between 0 and [Rated motor volt.] (UnS)		
AO IF	□ [AO1 Type]		[Voltage] (10U)
IOU	□ [Voltage] (10U): Voltage output		
OΑ	☐ [Current] (0 A): Current output		
AOL I	☐ [AO1 min Output]	0 to 20.0 mA	4.0 mA
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [C	urrent] (0 A)	
A D H I	☐ [AO1 max Output]	0 to 20.0 mA	20.0 mA
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [C	urrent] (0 A)	
UOL I	☐ [AO1 min Output]	0 to 10.0 V	0 V
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [V	oltage] (10U)	
и п н т	☐ [AO1 max Output]	0 to 10.0 V	10.0 V
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Voltage] (10U)		
AO IF	☐ [AO1 Filter]	0 to 10.00 s	0 s
	Interference filtering.		
	interiorence intering.		

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
A D 2 -	[AO2 CONFIGURATION] Can be accessed if an option card has been inserted		
A O S	□ [AO2 assignment]		[No] (nO)
	Same assignments as AO1		
A O S F	☐ [AO2 Type]		[Voltage] (10U)
10U 0A n 10U	□ [Voltage] (10U): Voltage output □ [Current] (0 A): Current output □ [Voltage +/-] (n10U): Bipolar voltage output		
AOL 2	☐ [AO2 min output]	0 to 20.0 mA	4.0 mA
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO2 Type] (AO2t) = [C	Current] (0 A)	
A O H S	☐ [AO2 max Output]	0 to 20.0 mA	20.0 mA
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO2 Type] (AO2t) = [C	Current] (0 A)	
00L2	☐ [AO2 min output]	0 to 10.0 V	0 V
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO2 Type] (AO2t) = [V	oltage] (10U) or [Voltag	e +/-] (n10U)
U O H 2	☐ [AO2 max Output]	0 to 10.0 V	10.0 V
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO2 Type] (AO2t) = [V	oltage] (10U) or [Voltag	e +/-] (n10U)
A O 2 F	□ [AO2 Filter]	0 to 10.00 s	0 s
	Interference filtering.		
A O 3 -	[AO3 CONFIGURATION] Can be accessed if an option card has been inserted		
A D 3	☐ [AO3 assignment]		[No] (nO)
	Same assignments as AO1		
A O 3 F	□ [AO3 Type]		[Voltage] (10U)
10U 0A n 10U	□ [Voltage] (10U): Voltage output □ [Current] (0 A): Current output □ [Voltage +/-] (n10U): Bipolar voltage output		
AOL 3	☐ [AO3 min Output]	0 to 20.0 mA	4.0 mA
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO3 Type] (AO3t) = [O	Current] (0 A)	
A D H 3	☐ [AO3 max Output]	0 to 20.0 mA	20.0 mA
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO3 Type] (AO3t) = [C	Current] (0 A)	
UOL 3	☐ [AO3 min Output]	0 to 10.0 V	0 V
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO3 Type] (AO3t) = [V	oltage] (10U) or [Voltag	e +/-] (n10U)
U О Н Э	☐ [AO3 max Output]	0 to 10.0 V	10.0 V
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO3 Type] (AO3t) = [V	oltage] (10U) or [Voltag	e +/-] (n10U)
A O 3 F	□ [AO3 Filter]	0 to 10.00 s	0 s
	Interference filtering.		

Command and reference channels

Run commands (forward, reverse, stop, etc.) and references can be sent using the following channels:

Command	Reference
Terminals: Logic inputs LI Graphic display terminal (RJ45 socket) Modbus CANopen Communication cards Programmable card	 Terminals: Analog inputs AI, frequency input, encoder Graphic display terminal (RJ45 socket) Modbus CANopen Communication card Programmable card +/- speed via the terminals +/- speed via the graphic display terminal

The Altivar 71 supports various command and reference combinations:

- ATV58 type: To replace an Altivar 58. See the Substitution Guide.
- Not separate mode: Command and reference are sent via the same channel.
- · Separate mode: Command and reference may be sent via different channels.
- I/O mode: Command and reference may be sent via different channels.

Commands may be sent via the logic inputs on the terminals or via the communication bus. When commands are sent via a bus, they are available on a word, which behaves as virtual terminals containing only logic inputs.

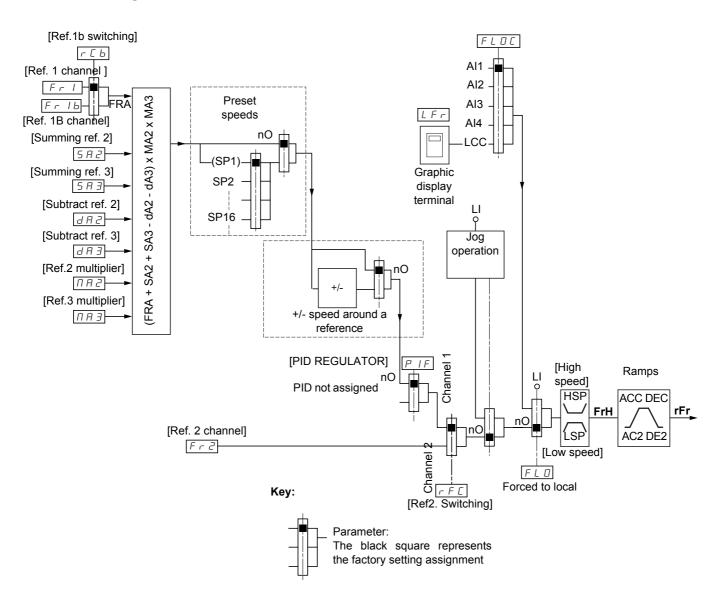
Application functions can be assigned to the bits in this word. One bit may contain several assignments.

In other command modes, control via the bus takes place in accordance with standard DSP402 (see the Communication Variables Manual) with 5 bits only that can be freely assigned.



Stop commands from the terminals remain active even if the terminals are not the active command channel.

Reference channel for not separate mode (SIM), separate mode (SEP) and I/O mode, PID not configured



References

Fr1, SA2, SA3, dA2, dA3, MA2, MA3:

• terminals, graphic display terminal, Modbus, CANopen, communication cards, programmable card

Fr1b, for SEP and I/O:

· terminals, graphic display terminal, Modbus, CANopen, communication cards, programmable card

Fr1b, for SIM:

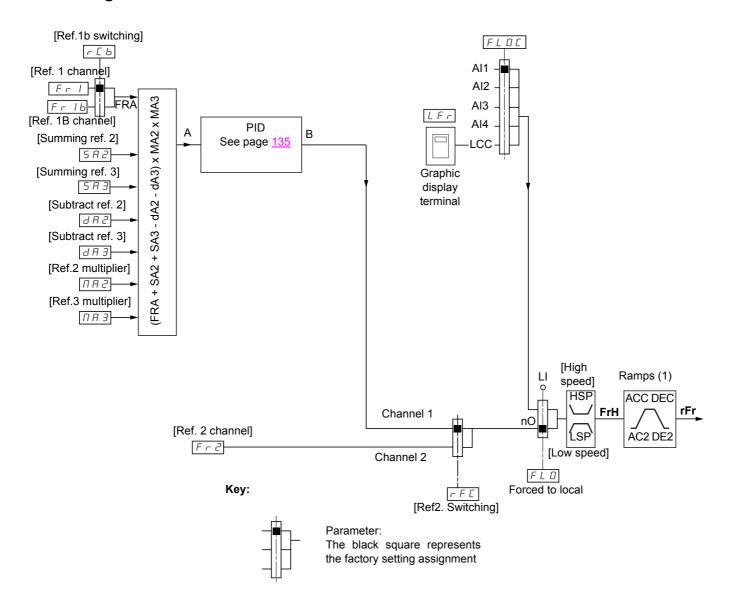
• terminals, only accessible if Fr1 = terminals

Fr2:

• terminals, graphic display terminal, Modbus, CANopen, communication cards, programmable card, and +/- speed

Note: [Ref.1B channel] (Fr1b) and [Ref.1B switching] (rCb) must be configured in the [APPLICATION FUNCT.] (Fun-) menu.

Reference channel for not separate mode (SIM), separate mode (SEP) and I/O mode, PID configured with PID references at the terminals



References

Fr1, Fr1b, SA2, SA3, dA2, dA3, MA2, MA3:

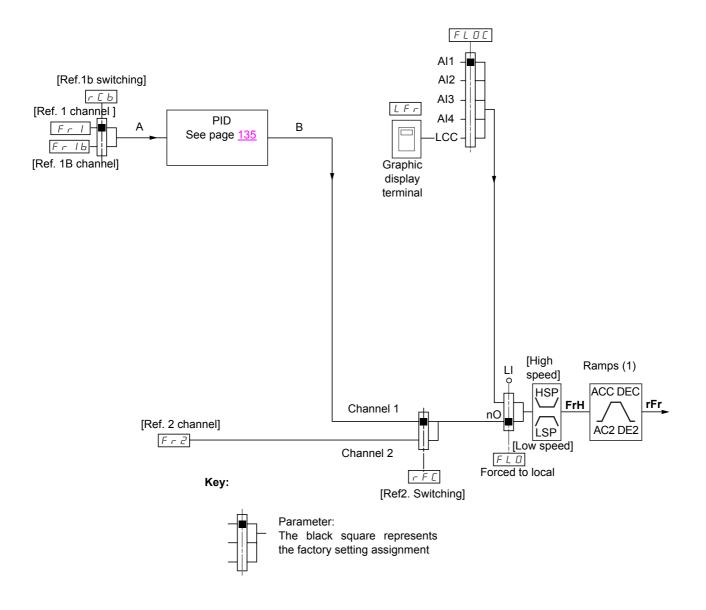
terminals

Fr2:

- terminals, graphic display terminal, Modbus, CANopen, communication cards, programmable card, and +/- speed
- (1) Ramps not active if the PID function is active in automatic mode.

Note: [Ref.1B channel] (Fr1b) and [Ref.1B switching] (rCb) must be configured in the [APPLICATION FUNCT.] (Fun-) menu.

Reference channel for separate mode (SEP), not separate mode (SIM) and I/O mode, PID configured with PID references online



References

Fr1:

• graphic display terminal, Modbus, CANopen, communication cards, programmable card

Fr1b, for SEP and I/O:

• graphic display terminal, Modbus, CANopen, communication cards, programmable card

Fr1b, for SIM:

· inaccessible

Fr2:

- terminals, graphic display terminal, Modbus, CANopen, communication cards, programmable card, and +/- speed
- (1) Ramps not active if the PID function is active in automatic mode.

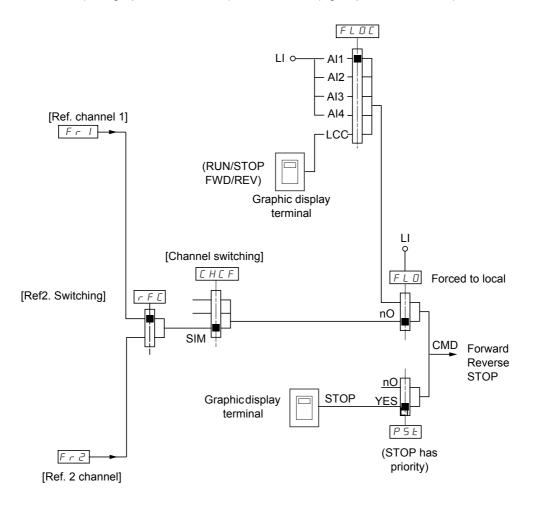
Note: [Ref.1B channel] (Fr1b) and [Ref.1B switching] (rCb) must be configured in the [APPLICATION FUNCT.] (Fun-) menu.

Command channel for not separate mode (SIM)

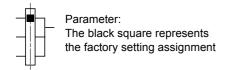
Combined reference and command

Parameters Fr1, Fr2, rFC, FLO and FLOC are common to reference and command. The command channel is therefore determined by the reference channel.

Example: If the reference Fr1 = Al1 (analog input at the terminals), control is via LI (logic input at the terminals).



Key:



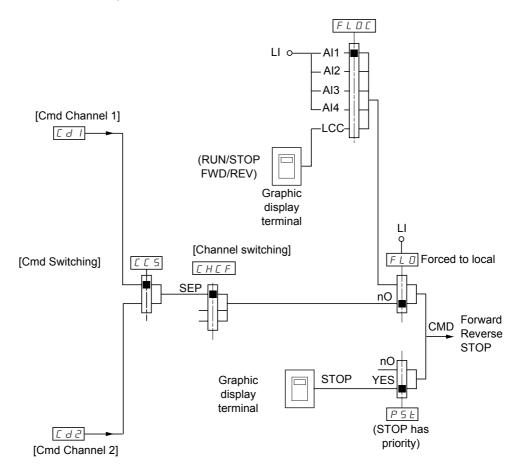
Command channel for separate mode (SEP)

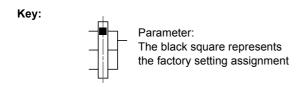
Separate mode (separate reference and command)

Parameters FLO and FLOC are common to reference and command.

Example: If the reference is in forced local mode via Al1 (analog input at the terminals), control in forced local mode is via LI (logic input at the terminals).

The command channels Cd1 and Cd2 are independent of the reference channels Fr1, Fr1b and Fr2.





Commands

Cd1, Cd2:

• terminals, graphic display terminal, Modbus, CANopen, communication cards, programmable card

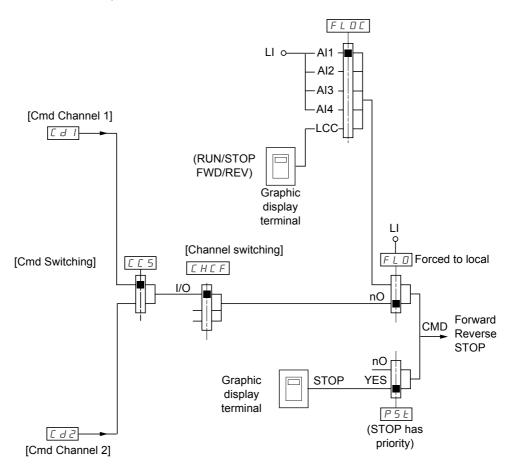
Command channel for I/O mode

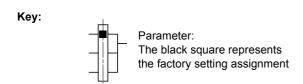
Separate mode (separate reference and command)

Parameters FLO and FLOC are common to reference and command.

Example: If the reference is in forced local mode via Al1 (analog input at the terminals), control in forced local mode is via LI (logic input at the terminals).

The command channels Cd1 and Cd2 are independent of the reference channels Fr1, Fr1b and Fr2.





Commands

Cd1, Cd2:

• terminals, graphic display terminal, Modbus, CANopen, communication cards, programmable card

Command channel for [I/O mode]

Selection of a command channel:

A command or an action can be assigned:

- · To a fixed channel by selecting an LI input or a Cxxx bit:
 - By selecting e.g., LI3, this action will always be triggered by LI3 regardless of which command channel is switched.
 - By selecting e.g., C214, this action will always be triggered by CANopen with bit C214 regardless of which command channel is switched.
- · Can be switched by selecting a switchable bit CDxx:
 - By selecting e.g., CD11, this action will be triggered by:

LI12 if the terminals channel is active

C111 if the Modbus channel is active

C211 if the CANopen channel is active

C311 if the communication channel card is active

C411 if the programmable card channel is active

Note:

- · CD14 and CD15 can only be used for switching between 2 networks. They do not have equivalent logic inputs.
- The command for switching the command channel cannot be switched by the latter.

Terminals	Modbus	CANopen	Communication card	Programmable card	Internal bit, can be switched
LI1	C100	C200	C300	C400	CD00
LI2	C101	C201	C301	C401	CD01
LI3	C102	C202	C302	C402	CD02
LI4	C103	C203	C303	C403	CD03
LI5	C104	C204	C304	C404	CD04
LI6	C105	C205	C305	C405	CD05
LI7	C106	C206	C306	C406	CD06
LI8	C107	C207	C307	C407	CD07
LI9	C108	C208	C308	C408	CD08
LI10	C109	C209	C309	C409	CD09
LI11	C110	C210	C310	C410	CD10
LI12	C111	C211	C311	C411	CD11
LI13	C112	C212	C312	C412	CD12
LI14	C113	C213	C313	C413	CD13
-	C114	C214	C314	C414	CD14
-	C115	C215	C315	C415	CD15

[1.6 - COMMAND] (CtL-)

The following elements are available for every command or function that can be assigned to a logic input or a command bit:

[LI1] (LI1)	
to [LI6] (LI6)	
[L17] (L17) to [L110] (L110)	If logic I/O card present
[LI11] (LI11) to [LI14] (LI14)	If I/O extension card present
[C100] (C100) to [C110] (C110)	With Modbus in I/O mode
[C111] (C111) to [C115] (C115)	With Modbus regardless of the mode
[C200] (C200) to [C210] (C210)	With CANopen in I/O mode
[C211] (C211) to [C215] (C215)	With CANopen regardless of the mode
[C300] (C300) to [C310] (C310)	With a communication card in I/O mode
[C311] (C311) to [C315] (C315)	With a communication card regardless of the mode
[C400] (C400) to [C410] (C410)	With programmable card in I/O mode
[C411] (C411) to [C415] (C415)	With programmable card regardless of the mode
[CD00] (Cd00) to [CD13] (Cd13)	In I/O mode can be switched with possible logic inputs
[CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15] (Cd15)	In I/O mode can be switched without logic inputs

Code	Name/Description Adjustment range	Factory setting
FrI	☐ [Ref.1 channel]	[Al1] (Al1)
R I I R I 2 R I 3 R I 4 P I P G L C C N d b C R n n E E R P P	□ [AI1] (AI1): Analog input □ [AI2] (AI2): Analog input □ [AI3] (AI3): Analog input, if extension card present □ [AI4] (AI4): Analog input, if extension card present □ [Pulse input] (PI): Frequency input, if card present □ [Encoder ref.] (PG): Encoder input, if card present □ [HMI] (LCC): Graphic display terminal □ [Modbus] (Mdb): Modbus □ [CANopen] (CAn): CANopen □ [Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if present) □ [Prog. card] (APP): Programmable card (if present)	
r In	□ [RV Inhibition]	[No] (nO)
A E 2	 [No] (nO) [Yes] (YES) Inhibition of movement in reverse direction, does not apply to direction requests sent to account. Reverse direction requests sent by logic inputs are taken into account. Reverse direction requests sent by the graphic display terminal are not taken into account. Reverse direction requests sent by the line are not taken into account. Any inverse speed reference originating from the PID, summing input, etc., is intereference. 	account.
PSE	□ [Stop Key priority]	[Yes] (YES)
A E 2	 □ [No] (nO) □ [Yes] (YES): Gives priority to the STOP key on the graphic display terminal regardles channel enabled. ENT must be pressed and held down (2 s) in order for any change in the assignment of to be taken into account. This stop is a freewheel stop if the active command channel is not the graphic display command channel is the graphic display terminal, the stop will be performed in accord [Type of stop] (Stt) on page 107. 	[Stop Key priority] (PSt) terminal. If the active
CHEF	□ [Channel config.]	[Not separ.] (SIM)
5 I N 5 E P I O 5 E B	□ [Not separ.] (SIM): Combined reference and command □ [Separate] (SEP): Separate reference and command □ [I/O mode] (IO): I/O mode □ [8 serie] (SE8): ATV58 interchangeability (see Substitution Guide).	
<i>C C</i> 5	□ [Cmd Switching]	[Cmd Channel 1] (Cd1)
- - - - - - - - -	Parameter can be accessed if [Channel config.] (CHCF) = [Separate] (SEP) or [I/O mode	
	If the state of the input or bit assigned is at 0, channel [Cmd Channel 1] (Cd1) is active If the state of the input or bit assigned is at 1, channel [Cmd Channel 2] (Cd2) is active	

Code	Name/Description Adjustment range	Factory setting
C d I	□ [Cmd Channel 1]	[Terminals] (tEr)
ЕЕ r L C C П d b	☐ [Terminals] (tEr): Terminals ☐ [HMI] (LCC): Graphic display terminal ☐ [Modbus] (Mdb): Modbus	
C A n n E L A P P	□ [CANopen] (CAn): CANopen □ [Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if present) □ [Prog. card] (APP): Programmable card (if present)	
C 4 5	☐ [Cmd Channel 2]	[Modbus] (Mdb)
EE	 □ [Terminals] (tEr): Terminals □ [HMI] (LCC): Graphic display terminal □ [Modbus] (Mdb): Modbus □ [CANopen] (CAn): CANopen □ [Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if present) □ [Prog. card] (APP): Programmable card (if present) The parameter can be accessed if [Channel config.] (CHCF) = [Separate] (SEP) or [Insert Channel config.] 	• • •
rFC	☐ [Ref2. Switching]	[Ref. 1 channel (Fr1)
Fr I Fr 2	☐ [Ref. 1 channel] (Fr1): no switching ☐ [Ref. 2 channel] (Fr2): no switching	
L 1 1	□ [LI1] (LI1)	
Ξ	: [] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>94</u> .	
	If the state of the input or bit assigned is at 0, channel [Ref. 1 channel] (Fr1) is active. If the state of the input or bit assigned is at 1, channel [Ref. 2 channel] (Fr2) is active.	
Fr2	☐ [Ref. 2 channel]	Al2
A A 2 A 3 A 4 P P G U P d L C C T d b C A n n E L A P P	The parameter can be accessed if [Ref2. Switching] (rFC) is set to a value other than [Al1] (Al1): Analog input [Al2] (Al2): Analog input [Al3] (Al3): Analog input, if extension card present [Al4] (Al4): Analog input, if extension card present [Pulse input] (PI): Frequency input, if card present [Encoder ref.] (PG): Encoder input, if card present [H/-Speed] (UPd): +/-Speed command [HMI] (LCC): Graphic display terminal [Modbus] (Mdb): Modbus [CANopen] (CAn): CANopen [Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if present) [Prog. card] (APP): Programmable card (if present)	[Ref.1 channel] (Fr1).
C O P	☐ [Copy channel 1->2]	[No] (nO)
n 0 5 P C d AL L	Copying is only performed from channel 1 to channel 2. The parameter can be accessed if [Channel config.] (CHCF) is set to a value other the [No] (nO): No copy [Reference] (SP): Copy reference [Command] (Cd): Copy command [Cmd + ref.] (ALL): Copy command and reference If channel 2 is controlled via the terminals, the channel 1 command is not copied. If channel 2 reference is set via Al1, Al2, Al3, Al4, the encoder input or the frequence reference is not copied. The reference copied is FrH (before ramp) unless the channel 2 reference is set via the reference copied is rFr (after ramp).	ency input, channel 1 a +/- speed. In this case,
	Copying the command and/or reference may change the direction of rota	ition.

[1.6 - COMMAND] (CtL-)

As the graphic display terminal may be selected as the command and/or reference channel, its action modes can be configured. The following parameters can only be accessed on the graphic display terminal, but not on the integrated terminal.

Notes:

- The terminal command/reference is only active if the command and/or reference channels from the display terminal are active with the exception of [HMI command] (LCC) (command via the display terminal), which takes priority over these channels. Press [HMI command] (LCC) (command via the display terminal) again to revert control to the selected channel.
- · Command and reference via the display terminal are impossible if it is connected to more than one drive.
- JOG, preset speed and +/- speed functions can only be accessed if [Channel config.] (CHCF) = [Not separ.] (SIM).
- Preset PID reference functions can only be accessed if [Channel config.] (CHCF) = [Not separ.] (SIM) or [Separate] (SEP)

Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting			
☐ [F1 key assignment]		[No] (nO)			
□ [No] : Not assigned □ [JOG] : JOG operation □ [Preset speed 2] : 2 nd preset speed □ [Preset speed 3]: 3 rd preset speed □ [PID ref. 2]: 2 nd preset PID reference □ [PID ref. 3] : 3 rd preset PID reference □ [+Speed]: Faster □ [-Speed]: Slower □ [HMI command]: Command via the display terminal: Takes priority over [C	md switching] (Olr) and	[Ref2. Switching] (rFC).			
☐ [F2 key assignment]		[No] (nO)			
□ [No]: Not assigned □ [JOG]: JOG operation □ [Preset speed 2]: 2 nd preset speed □ [Preset speed 3]: 3 rd preset speed □ [PID ref. 2]: 2 nd preset PID reference □ [PID ref. 3]: 3 rd preset PID reference □ [+Speed]: Faster □ [-Speed]: Slower □ [HMI command]: Command via the display terminal: Takes priority over [C	md switching] (Olr) and	[Ref2. Switching] (rFC).			
☐ [F3 key assignment]		[No] (nO)			
□ [No] : Not assigned □ [JOG]: JOG operation □ [Preset speed 2]: 2 nd preset speed □ [Preset speed 3]: 3 rd preset speed □ [PID ref. 2]: 2 nd preset PID reference □ [PID ref. 3]: 3 rd preset PID reference □ [+Speed]: Faster □ [-Speed]: Slower □ [HMI command]: Command via the display terminal: Takes priority over [C	md switching] (Olr) and	[Ref2. Switching] (rFC).			
☐ [F4 key assignment]		[No] (nO)			
□ [No]: Not assigned □ [JOG]: JOG operation □ [Preset speed 2]: 2 nd preset speed □ [Preset speed 3]: 3 rd preset speed □ [PID ref. 2]: 2 nd preset PID reference □ [PID ref. 3]: 3 rd preset PID reference □ [+Speed]: Faster □ [-Speed]: Slower □ [HMI command]: Command via the display terminal: Takes priority over [C	md switching] (Olr) and	[Ref2. Switching] (rFC).			
☐ [HMI command]					
When the function [HMI command] (LCC) is assigned to a key and if this key is active, this parameter defines the response when control is returned to the graphic display terminal. [Bumpless]: Command and reference from previous channel are copied [Stop]: Command and reference from previous channel are canceled and the drive comes to a standstill					

Function compatibility

The choice of application functions may be limited by the number of I/O and by the fact that some functions are incompatible with one another. Functions that are not listed in the table below are fully compatible.

If there is an incompatibility between functions, the first function configured will prevent the remainder being configured.

Each of the functions on the following pages can be assigned to one of the inputs or outputs.

A single input can activate several functions at the same time (reverse and 2nd ramp, for example). The user must therefore ensure that these functions can be used at the same time.

Before assigning a command, a reference or a function to an input or output, the user must make sure that this input or output has not already been assigned and that another input or output has not been assigned to an incompatible or undesirable function. The drive factory setting or macro configurations automatically configure functions, which may prevent these functions being assigned. It may be necessary to unconfigure one or more functions in order to be able to enable another. Check the compatibility table below.

	Ref. operation (page 103)	+/- speed (3) (page <u>115)</u>	Management of limit switches (page 121)	Preset speeds (page 112)	PID regulator (page <u>139</u>)	Traverse control (page 168)	JOG operation (page <u>110</u>)	Brake logic control (page 126)	Catch on the fly (page 174)	Output contactor (page 152)	DC injection stop (page 107)	Fast stop (page <u>107</u>)	Freewheel stop (page 107)	+/- speed around a reference (page 117)	High speed hoisting (page 134)	Torque regulation (page <u>144</u>)	Load sharing (page <u>63</u>)	Position control using limit switches (page 155)
Ref. operation (page <u>103</u>)				1	•		1									● (1)		
+/- speed (3) (page <u>115</u>)						•	•									•(1)		
Management of limit switches (page 121)					•													
Preset speeds (page 112)	←						1									•(1)		
PID regulator (page <u>139</u>)	•		•			•	•	•						•	•	•(1)	•	•
Traverse control (page <u>168</u>)		•			•		•							•	•	•(1)		
JOG operation (page 110)	-	•		+	•	•		•						•	•	•(1)		
Brake logic control (page 126)					•		•		•	•	•					•(1)		
Catch on the fly (page 174)								•								•(1)		
Output contactor (page <u>152</u>)								•										
DC injection stop (page 107)								•				•(2)	1					
Fast stop (page 107)											•(2)		1					
Freewheel stop (page 107)											—	←						
+/- speed around a reference (page 117)					•	•	•									● (1)		
High speed hoisting (page 134)					•	•	•									•		•
Torque regulation (page 144)	•(1)	•(1)		● (1)	● (1)	● (1)	● (1)	•(1)	● (1)					● (1)	•		•	•(1)
Load sharing (page 63)					•											•		
Position control using limit switches (page 155)					•										●(1)	•		

 Torque regulation and speed reference functions are only incompatible while torque regulation mode is active. Priority is given to the first of these two stop modes to be activated. 	
(3) Excluding special application with reference channel Fr2 (see diagrams on pages <u>87</u> , <u>88</u> and <u>89</u>).	
● Incompatible functions Compatible functions N/A	
Priority functions (functions that cannot be active at the same time):	

The function indicated by the arrow has priority over the other.

Stop functions have priority over run commands.

Speed references via logic command have priority over analog references.

Incompatible functions

The following functions will be inaccessible or deactivated in the cases described below:

Automatic restart

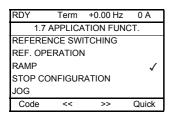
This is only possible for 2-wire level detection control (tCC = 2C and tCt = LEL or PFO).

Catch on the fly

This is only possible for 2-wire level detection control (tCC = 2C and tCt = LEL or PFO). This function is locked if the automatic DC injection on stopping is configured as Continuous (AdC = Ct).

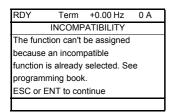
The SUP- monitoring menu (page 36) can be used to display the functions assigned to each input in order to check their compatibility.

When a function is assigned, a ✓ appears on the graphic display terminal, as illustrated in the example below:



If you attempt to assign a function that is incompatible with another function that has already been assigned, an alarm message will appear:

With graphic display terminal:

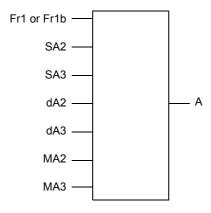


With integrated display terminal:

COMP until ENT or ESC is pressed.

When you assign an analog logic input, a reference channel or a bit to a function, pressing the HELP button will display the functions that may already have been assigned to this input, bit or channel.

Summing input/Subtracting input/Multiplier

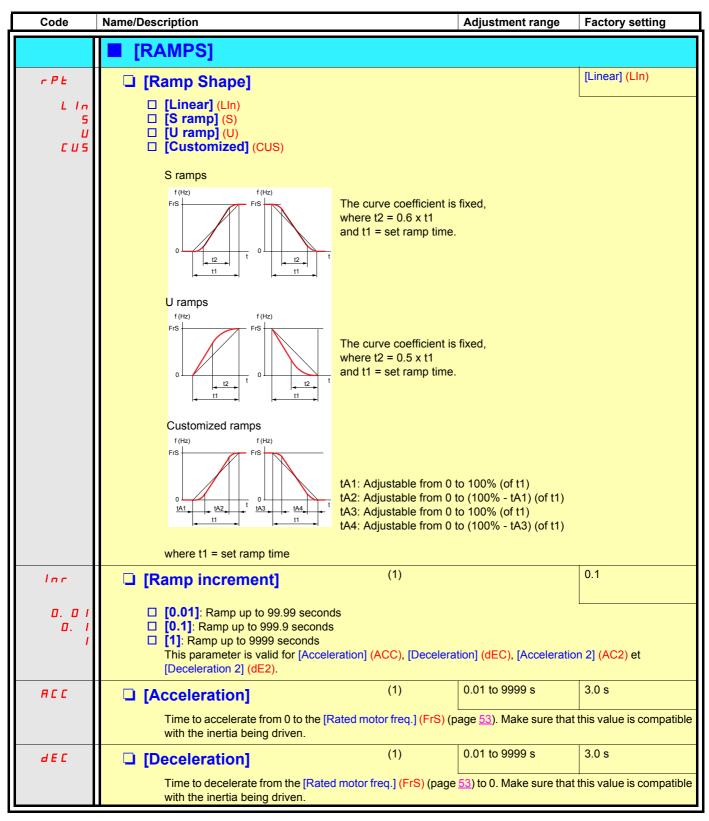


 $A = (Fr1 \text{ or } Fr1b + SA2 + SA3 - dA2 - dA3) \times MA2 \times MA3$

- If SA2, SA3, dA2, dA3 are not assigned, they are set to 0.
- If MA2, MA3 are not assigned, they are set to 1.
- · A is limited by the minimum LSP and maximum HSP parameters.
- For multiplication, the signal on MA2 or MA3 is interpreted as a %; 100% corresponds to the maximum value of the corresponding input. If MA2 or MA3 is sent via the communication bus or graphic display terminal, an MFr multiplication variable (see page 39) must be sent via the bus or graphic display terminal.
- The reversal of the direction of operation in the event of a negative result can be inhibited (see page 95).

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
rEF-	■ [REFERENCE SWITCH]		
r[b	☐ [Ref.1B switching] See the diagrams on pages 87, 88 and 89.		[No] (nO)
n O	□ [No] (nO): no switching		
L 11	□ [LI1] (LI1) :		
-] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>94</u> .		
	 If the state of the input or bit assigned is at 0, [Ref.1 cha If the state of the input or bit assigned is at 1, [Ref.1B ch 		e page <u>95</u>).
Fr 16	☐ [Ref.1B channel]		[No] (nO)
~ 0 A A 2 A 3 A 4 P P C C N d b C A n n E b A P P	This parameter can be accessed if [Ref.1b switching] (rCb [No] (nO): No source assigned [Al1] (Al1): Analog input [Al2] (Al2): Analog input [Al3] (Al3): Analog input, if extension card present [Al4] (Al4): Analog input, if extension card present [Pulse input] (PI): Frequency input, if card present [Encoder ref.] (PG): Encoder input, if card present [HMI] (LCC): Graphic display terminal [Modbus] (Mdb): Modbus [CANopen] (CAn): CANopen [Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if present) [Prog. card] (APP): Programmable card (if present) Note: In the following instances, only assignments via the termin	als are possible:	han [No] (nO)
	 [Channel config.] (CHCF) = [Not separ.] (SIM) page 9. PID configured with PID references via the terminals 	<u> </u>	

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
OA 1-	[REF. OPERATIONS] Reference = (Fr1 or Fr1b + SA2 + SA3 - dA2 - dA3) x MA2 x N Warning: This function cannot be used with all other functions		
5 A 2	☐ [Summing ref. 2]		[No] (nO)
. 0 A 1 A 3 A 4 P P C A . . E E A P P	Selection of a reference to be added to [Ref. 1 channel] (From [No] (nO): No source assigned [Al1] (Al1): Analog input [Al2] (Al2): Analog input [Al3] (Al3): Analog input, if extension card present [Al4] (Al4): Analog input, if extension card present [Pulse input] (PI): Frequency input, if card present [Encoder ref.] (PG): Encoder input, if card present [HMI] (LCC): Graphic display terminal [Modbus] (Mdb): Modbus [CANopen] (CAn): CANopen [Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if present) [Prog. card] (APP): Programmable card (if present)	I) or [Ref. 1B channel]	(Fr1b).
5 A 3	☐ [Summing ref. 3]		[No] (nO)
	Selection of a reference to be added to [Ref. 1 channel] (Fr. Possible assignments are identical to [Summing ref. 2] (S		(Fr1b).
d R ≥	□ [Subtract ref. 2]		[No] (nO)
	Selection of a reference to be subtracted from [Ref. 1 channers of the Possible assignments are identical to [Summing ref. 2] (S		annel] (Fr1b).
d R 3	☐ [Subtract ref. 3]		[No] (nO)
	Selection of a reference to be subtracted from [Ref. 1 channer or Possible assignments are identical to [Summing ref. 2] (S		annel] (Fr1b).
пя≥	☐ [Ref.2 multiplier]		[No] (nO)
	Selection of a reference to be multiplied with [Ref. 1 channe • Possible assignments are identical to [Summing ref. 2] (S		nnel] (Fr1b).
ПЯЗ	☐ [Ref.3 multiplier]		[No] (nO)
	Selection of a reference to be multiplied with [Ref. 1 channe • Possible assignments are identical to [Summing ref. 2] (S		nnel] (Fr1b).



⁽¹⁾ The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 - SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

Code	Name/Description		Adjustment range	Factory setting			
	[RAMPS] (continued)						
E A I	☐ [Begin Acc round]	(1)	0 to 100%	10%			
	 Rounding of start of deceleration ramp ramp time. Can be set between 0 and 100% The parameter can be accessed if the [
Ł A ≥	☐ [End Acc round]	(1)		10%			
	 Rounding of end of deceleration ramp as a % of the [Acceleration] (ACC) or [Acceleration 2] (AC2) ramp time. Can be set between 0 and (100% - [Begin Acc 1 round] (tA1)) The parameter can be accessed if the [Ramp Shape] (rPt) is [Customized] (CUS). 						
Ł A ∃	☐ [Begin Dec round]	(1)	0 to 100%	10%			
	 Rounding of start of deceleration ramp as a % of ramp time [Deceleration] (dEC) or [Deceleration 2] (dE2). Can be set between 0 and 100% The parameter can be accessed if the [Ramp Shape] (rPt) is [Customized] (CUS). 						
E A 4	☐ [End Dec round]	(1)		10%			
	 Rounding of end of deceleration ramp as a % of ramp time [Deceleration] (dEC) or [Deceleration 2] (dE2). Can be set between 0 and 100% - ([Begin Dec 3 round] (tA3)) The parameter can be accessed if the [Ramp Shape] (rPt) is [Customized] (CUS). 						

⁽¹⁾ The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 - SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

Code	Name/Description		Ad	justment range	Factory setting			
	[RAMPS] (continued)							
FrE	☐ [Ramp 2 threshold]		0 to	o [Max frequency]	0 Hz			
	Ramp switching threshold The 2 nd ramp is switched if the value of Frt is set to a value other than 0 (0 deactivates the function) and the output frequency is greater than Frt. Threshold ramp switching can be combined with [Ramp switch ass.] (rPS) switching as follows:							
	LI or bit	Frequency	Ramp					
	0	<frt< th=""><th>ACC, dE</th><th>EC</th><th></th></frt<>	ACC, dE	EC				
	0	>Frt	AC2, dE	2				
	1	<frt< th=""><th>AC2, dE</th><th>2</th><th></th></frt<>	AC2, dE	2				
	1	>Frt	AC2, dE	2				
r P 5	☐ [Ramp switch ass.]				[No] (nO)			
n D	□ [No] (nO): Not assigned							
L 11	□ [Ll1] (Ll1)							
-	_ ; _							
-	☐ [] (): See the assignn	nent conditions on pag	e <u>94</u> .					
	ACC and dEC are erAC2 and dE2 are en							
AC 2	☐ [Acceleration 2]	(1)	0.0	1 to 9999 s	5.0 s			
	Time to accelerate from 0 inertia being driven. The parameter can be ac				·			
d E 2	☐ [Deceleration 2]	(1)	0.0	1 to 9999 s	5.0 s			
	Time to decelerate from to inertia being driven. The parameter can be ac							
ЬгЯ	☐ [Dec ramp adapt]				[No] (nO)			
n	Activating this function automatically adapts the deceleration ramp, if this has been set at too low a value for the inertia of the load. [No] (nO): Function inactive. [Yes] (YES): Function active. The following selections appear in accordance with the drive rating (high ratings). [High torq.A] (dYnA) [High torq.V] (dYnU)							

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 - SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting			
5 £ £ -	■ [STOP CONFIGURATION]					
5 Ł Ł	☐ [Type of stop]		[Ramp stop] (rMP)			
r N P F S L n S L d C I	Stop mode on disappearance of the run command or appearance of a stop command. [Ramp stop] (rMP): On ramp [Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop [Freewheel] (nSt): Freewheel stop [DC injection] (dCl): DC injection stop Note: If the "brake logic" function on page 126 has been enabled, only ramp type stops may be configured.					
n 5 Ł	☐ [Freewheel assign.]		[No] (nO)			
C d D D C d D D C d D D C d D D C d D D D C D D D C D D D D	□ [No] (nO): Not assigned □ [Ll1] (Ll1) to [Ll6] (Ll6) □ [Ll7] (Ll7) to [Ll10] (Ll10): If logic I/O card present □ [Ll11] (Ll11) to [Ll14] (Ll14): If I/O extension card present □ [C100] (C100) to [C115] (C115): With Modbus in I/O mode □ [C200] (C200) to [C215] (C215): With CANopen in I/O mode □ [C300] (C300) to [C315] (C315): With a communication card in I/O mode □ [C400] (C400) to [C415] (C415): With a programmable card in I/O mode □ [CD00] (Cd00) to [CD13 (Cd13): In I/O mode can be switched with possible logic inputs □ [CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15 (Cd15): In I/O mode can be switched without logic inputs The stop is activated when the logic state of the input or bit is at 0. If the input returns to state 1 and if the run command is still active, the motor will only restart if [2/3 wire control] (tCC) page 65 = [2 wire] (2C) and [2 wire type] (tCt) = [Level] (LEC) or [Prior. FW] (PFO). If not, a new run command must be					
F 5 Ł	☐ [Fast stop assign.]		[No] (nO)			
n 0 L I I - -	Warning: This function cannot be used with all other functions. Observe the precautions on page 99. [No] (nO): Not assigned [Li1] (Li1) : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :					
	The stop is activated when the logic state of the input of to 1(bit state 0 in I/O mode). If the input returns to state 1 will only restart if [2/3 wire control] (tCC) page 65 = [2 w or [Prior. FW] (PFO). If not, a new run command must	and if the run command vire] (2C) and [2 wire type	l is still active, the motor			
d C F	☐ [Ramp divider] (1)	0 to 10	4			
	The parameter can be accessed for [Type of stop] (Stt) (FSt) set to a value other than [No] (nO). The ramp enabled (dEC or dE2) is then divided by this The value 0 corresponds to the minimum ramp time.					

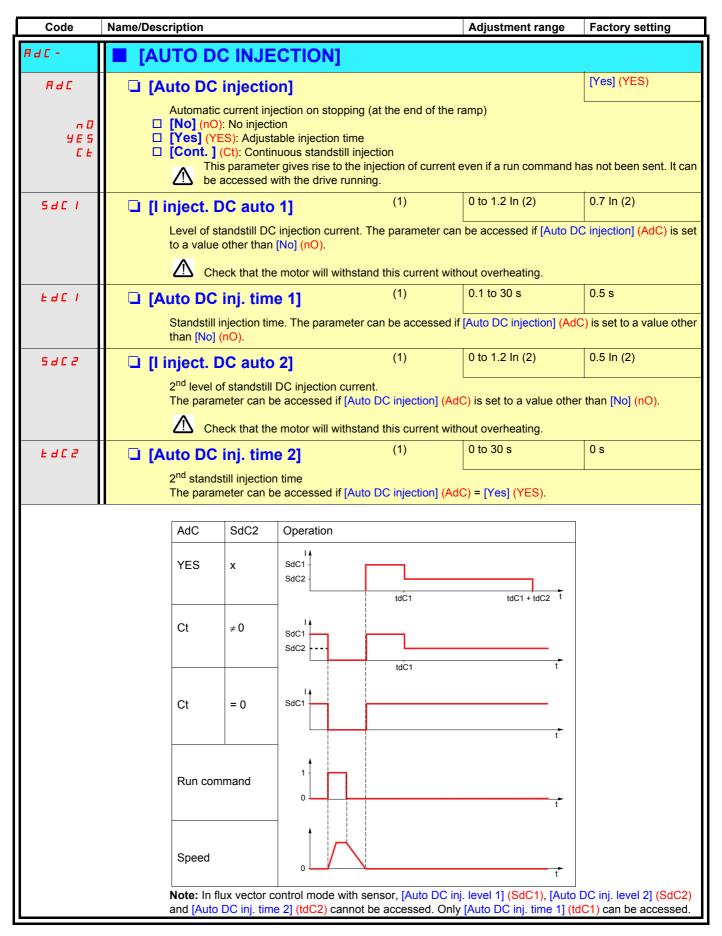
⁽¹⁾ The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 - SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
	[STOP CONFIGURATION] (continued)			
dC I	☐ [DC injection assign.]		[No] (nO)	
	Warning: This function cannot be used with all other functions. Observe the precautions on page <u>99</u> . □ [No] (nO): Not assigned			
n D	□ [LI1] (LI1)			
L 11	: :			
-	: [] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>94</u> .			
	DC injection braking is initiated when the input or bit assigned changes to state 1. If the input returns to state 1 and if the run command is still active, the motor will only restart if [2/3 wire control] (tCC) page 65 = [2 wire] (2C) and [2 wire type] (tCt) = [Level] (LEC) or [Prior. FW] (PFO). If not, a new run command must be sent.			
IdC	☐ [DC inject. level 1] (1) (3)	0.1 to 1.5 ln (2)	0.64 ln (2)	
	Level of DC injection braking current activated via logic in	Level of DC injection braking current activated via logic input or selected as stop mode.		
E d I	☐ [DC inject. time 1] (1) (3)	0.1 to 30 s	5 s	
	Maximum current injection time [DC inject. level 1] (IdC). Once this time has elapsed, the injection current becomes [DC inject. level 2] (IdC2) until the stop command disappears.			
1465	☐ [DC inject. level 2] (1) (3)	0.1 to 1.5 In (2)	0.64 ln (2)	
	Injection current activated by logic input or selected as stop mode, once period of time [DC inject. time 1] (tdl) has elapsed.			
FGC	☐ [DC inject. time 2] (1) (3)	0.1 to 30 s	5 s	
	Maximum injection time [DC inject. level 2] (IdC2) for injection selected as stop mode only. ([Type of stop] (Stt) = [DC injection] (dCl).)			

⁽¹⁾ The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 - SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

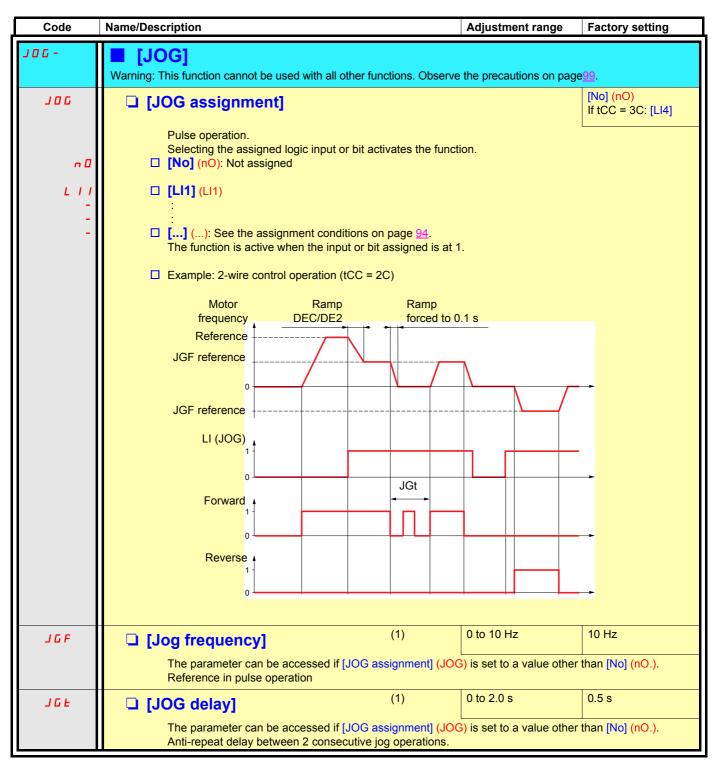
⁽²⁾ In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive rating plate.

⁽³⁾ Warning: These settings are independent of the [AUTO DC INJECTION] function.



⁽¹⁾ The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 - SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

⁽²⁾ In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive rating plate.



(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 - SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

Preset speeds

2, 4, 8 or 16 speeds can be preset, requiring 1, 2, 3 or 4 logic inputs respectively.



You must configure 2 and 4 speeds in order to obtain 4 speeds. You must configure 2, 4 and 8 speeds in order to obtain 8 speeds. You must configure 2, 4, 8 and 16 speeds in order to obtain 16 speeds.

Combination table for preset speed inputs

16 speeds LI (PS16)	8 speeds LI (PS8)	4 speeds LI (PS4)	2 speeds LI (PS2)	Speed reference
0	0	0	0	Reference (1)
0	0	0	1	SP2
0	0	1	0	SP3
0	0	1	1	SP4
0	1	0	0	SP5
0	1	0	1	SP6
0	1	1	0	SP7
0	1	1	1	SP8
1	0	0	0	SP9
1	0	0	1	SP10
1	0	1	0	SP11
1	0	1	1	SP12
1	1	0	0	SP13
1	1	0	1	SP14
1	1	1	0	SP15
1	1	1	1	SP16

⁽¹⁾ See the diagram on page 87: Reference 1 = (SP1).

Code	Name/Description Adjustment range	Factory setting
P55-	■ [PRESET SPEEDS]	
	Warning: This function cannot be used with all other functions. Observe the precaution	_
P 5 2	□ [2 preset speeds]	[LI5] (LI5)
n 0	□ [No] (nO): Function inactive	
L 1 1	□ [LI1] (LI1)	
-	[] (): See the assignment conditions on page 94.	
P 5 4	□ [4 preset speeds]	[LI6] (LI6)
n D	□ [No] (nO): Function inactive	
L 11	□ [Li1] (Li1)	
-	[] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>94</u> .	
	You must also configure 2 speeds in order to obtain 4 speeds.	
P 5 8	☐ [8 preset speeds]	[No] (nO)
n 0	□ [No] (nO): Function inactive	
L 11	□ [LI1] (LI1)	
_		
_	[] (): See the assignment conditions on page 94.	
	You must also configure 2 and 4 speeds in order to obtain 8 speeds.	
P5 16	☐ [16 preset speeds]	[No] (nO)
n 0	□ [No] (nO): Function inactive	
L 11	□ [LI1] (LI1)	
_		
_	□ [] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>94</u> .	
	You must also configure 2, 4 and 8 speeds in order to obtain 16 speeds.	

Code	Name/Description		Adjustment range	Factory setting
	■ [PRESET SPEEDS] (cor	ntinued)		
5 P 2	☐ [Preset speed 2]	(1)	0 to 1000 Hz	10 Hz
5 <i>P 3</i>	☐ [Preset speed 3]	(1)		15 Hz
5 P 4	☐ [Preset speed 4]	(1)		20 Hz
5 P S	☐ [Preset speed 5]	(1)		25 Hz
5 P 6	☐ [Preset speed 6]	(1)		30 Hz
5 P 7	☐ [Preset speed 7]	(1)		35 Hz
5 P B	☐ [Preset speed 8]	(1)		40 Hz
5 P 9	☐ [Preset speed 9]	(1)		45 Hz
5 <i>P 10</i>	☐ [Preset speed 10]	(1)		50 Hz
5 <i>P I I</i>	☐ [Preset speed 11]	(1)		55 Hz
5 <i>P 12</i>	☐ [Preset speed 12]	(1)		60 Hz
5 <i>P 13</i>	☐ [Preset speed 13]	(1)		70 Hz
5 <i>P</i> 14	☐ [Preset speed 14]	(1)		80 Hz
5 <i>P</i> 15	☐ [Preset speed 15]	(1)		90 Hz
5 <i>P 16</i>	☐ [Preset speed 16]	(1)		100 Hz
	The appearance of these [Prese configured.	et speed x] (SPx) parame	eters is determined by the	number of speeds

⁽¹⁾ The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 - SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

+/- speed

Two types of operation are available.

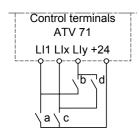
- **1.** Use of single action buttons: Two logic inputs are required in addition to the operating direction(s).

 The input assigned to the "+ speed" command increases the speed, the input assigned to the "- speed" command decreases the speed.
- 2. Use of double action buttons: Only one logic input assigned to "+ speed" is required.
- +/- speed with double action buttons:

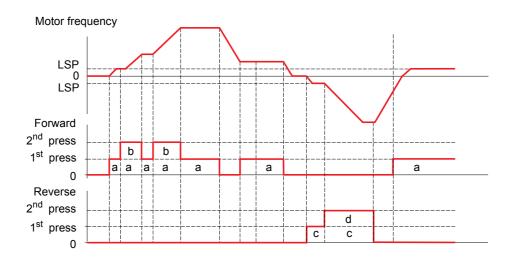
Description: 1 button pressed twice for each direction of rotation. Each press closes a contact.

	Released (- speed)	1 st press (speed maintained)	2 st press (+ speed)
Forward button	_	а	a and b
Reverse button	_	С	c and d

Wiring example:



LI1: forward Llx: reverse Lly: + speed



Do not use this +/-speed type with 3-wire control.

Whichever type of operation is selected, the max. speed is set by HSP (see page xx).

Note

If the reference is switched via rFC (see page 96) from any reference channel to another reference channel with "+/- speed", the value of reference rFr (after ramp) may be copied at the same time in accordance with the parameter [Copy channel 1 --> 2 Cmd and Ref] (COP), see page 96.

If the reference is switched via rFC (see page 96) from a reference channel with "+/- speed" to any other reference channel, the value of reference rFr (after ramp) is always copied at the same time.

This prevents the speed being incorrectly reset to zero when switching takes place.

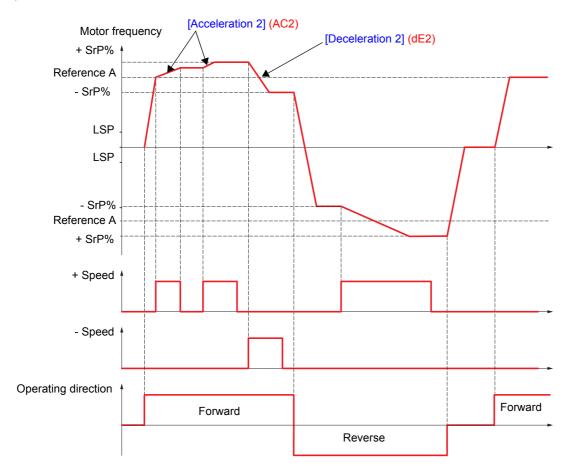
Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
UPd-	[+/- SPEED] Function can be accessed for reference channel [Ref.2 channel Warning: This function cannot be used with all other functions.		
U 5 P	☐ [+Speed assign.]		[No] (nO)
n 0	☐ [No] (nO): Function inactive		
L 1 1	□ [LI1] (LI1)		
-	[] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>94</u> .		
	Function active if the state of the input or bit assigned is at	1.	
d 5 P	☐ [-Speed assign.]		[No] (nO)
n 0	□ [No] (nO): Function inactive		
L 11	□ [LI1] (LI1)		
-			
-	[] (): See the assignment conditions on page 94.		
	Function active if the state of the input or bit assigned is at	1.	
5 t r	☐ [Reference saved]		[No] (nO)
	Associated with the "+/- speed" function, this parameter can • When the run commands disappear (saved to RAM) • When the mains supply or the run commands disappear	(saved to EEPROM)	erence:
n 0 r A N E E P	On the next start-up, the speed reference is the last referer [No] (nO): No save (on the next startup, the speed referen [RAM] (rAM): Save to RAM [E2Prom] (EEP): Save to EEPROM		_SP), see page <u>xx</u>)

+/- speed around a reference

The reference is given by Fr1 or Fr1b with summing/subtraction/multiplication functions and preset speeds if relevant (see the diagram on page <u>87</u>). For improved clarity, we will call this reference reference A. The action of the +speed and -speed buttons can be set as a % of this reference A. On stopping, the reference (A +/- speed) is not saved, so the drive restarts with reference A only.

The maximum total reference is always limited by the [High speed] (HSP) and the minimum reference by [Low speed] (LSP), see page xx.

Example of 2-wire control:



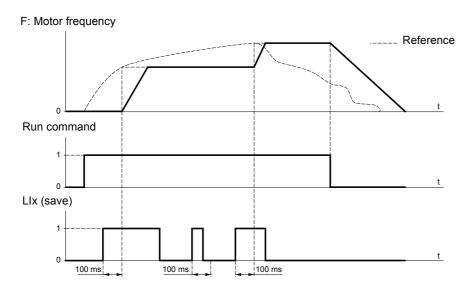
Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting		
5 r E-	[+/-SPEED AROUND REF.] Function can be accessed for reference channel [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1). Warning: This function cannot be used with all other functions. Observe the precautions on page 99.				
U 5 I	☐ [+Speed assign.]		[No] (nO)		
n 0	□ [No] (nO): Function inactive				
L 1 1	□ [LI1] (LI1)				
-	: [] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>94</u> .				
	Function active if the state of the input or bit assigned is at	1.			
d 5	☐ [-Speed assign.]		[No] (nO)		
n 0	□ [No] (nO): Function inactive				
L 11	□ [LI1] (LI1)				
-					
-	[] (): See the assignment conditions on page 94.				
	Function active if the state of the input or bit assigned is at	1.			
5 r P	☐ [+/-Speed limitation]	0 to 100%	10%		
	This parameter limits the variation range with +/- speed as a function are [Acceleration 2] (AC2) and [Deceleration 2] (dl		e ramps used in this		
A C ≥	☐ [Acceleration 2] (1)	0.01 to 9999 s	5.0 s		
	Time to accelerate from 0 to the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS). inertia being driven. The parameter can be accessed if +/- speed is assigned.	Make sure that this valu	e is compatible with the		
d E 2	☐ [Deceleration 2] (1)	0.01 to 9999 s	5.0 s		
	Time to decelerate from the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) to 0. inertia being driven. The parameter can be accessed if +/- speed is assigned.	L Make sure that this valu	e is compatible with the		

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 - SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

Reference saving:

Saving the speed reference value of the analog input using a logic input command lasting longer than 0.1 s.

- This function is used to control the speed of several drives alternately via a single analog setpoint and a logic input for each drive.
- It is also used to confirm a line reference (serial link) on several drives via a logic input. This allows movements to be synchronized by getting rid of variations when the reference is sent.
- The setpoint is acquired 100 ms after the rising edge of the request. A new reference is not then acquired until a new request is made.



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
5 P Π -	■ [REFERENCE IN MEMORY]		
5 <i>P</i> П	☐ [Ref. memo. ass.]		[No] (nO)
n 🛭	□ [No] (nO): Function inactive		
L 1 1	□ [Ll1] (Ll1) :		
	: [] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>94</u> .		
	Function active if the state of the input or bit assigned is	at 1.	
FL I-	■ [FLUXING BY LI]		
FL I	☐ [Fluxing assignment]		[No] (nO)
n 🛭	□ [No] (nO): Function inactive		
L 1 1	□ [Li1] (Li1)		
_	: □ [] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>94</u> .		
	Function active if the state of the input or bit assigned is	at 1.	
	Assignment only possible if [Motor fluxing] (FLU) page 4	<u>7</u> = [Non cont.] (FnC).	
	 Motor fluxing: In order to obtain rapid high torque on startup, magnetic This function can be selected in open or closed-loop of the incontinuous mode (FCt), the drive automatically build In non-continuous mode: If an LI is assigned to the motor fluxing command, flether incompanies If no LI is assigned or if it is not active when a run coup. The flux current is greater than nCr (configured rated then adjusted to the motor magnetizing current. 	peration. ds up flux when it is power ux is built up when the cor mmand is given, the motor	ed up. mmand is confirmed. r is fluxed when it starts

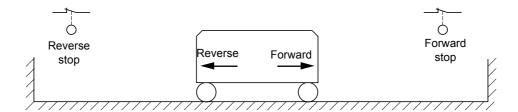
Limit switch management

This function can be used to manage trajectory limits using limit switches.

The stop mode is configurable.

When the stop contact is activated, startup in the other direction is authorized.

Example:



The stop is activated when the state of the input is at 0 (contact open).

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
?L 5 Ł -	[LIMIT SWITCH MANAGEMENT] Warning: This function cannot be used with all other functions	. Observe the precauti	ons on page <u>99</u> .
LAF	☐ [Stop FW limit sw.]		[No] (nO)
n D	☐ [No] (nO): Function inactive		
L 1 1	□ [LI1] (LI1) :		
L 14	☐ [LI4] (LI4): See the assignment conditions on page <u>94</u> .		
LAr	☐ [Stop RV limit sw.]		[No] (nO)
n 0	☐ [No] (nO): Function inactive		
L 11	□ [Ll1] (Ll1) :		
L 14	: [LI4] (LI4): See the assignment conditions on page <u>94</u> .		
LAS	☐ [Type of stop]		[Freewheel] (nSt)
n 5 Ł r ПР F 5 Ł	☐ [Freewheel] (nSt) ☐ [Ramp stop] (rMP) ☐ [Fast stop] (FSt) When the state of the assigned input changes to 0, the stop is Restarting is only authorized for the other operating direction If the two inputs [Stop FW limit sw.] (LAF) and [Stop RV limit be impossible. The parameter can be accessed if [Stop FW limit sw.] (LAF)	once the motor has sto sw.] (LAr) are assigned	opped. It to state 0, restarting will

Brake logic control

Used to control an electromagnetic brake by the drive, for horizontal and vertical hoisting applications, and for unbalanced machines (parking brake).

Principle:

Vertical hoisting movement:

Maintain motor torque in the load holding direction during brake opening and closing, in order to hold the load, and start smoothly when the brake is released.

Horizontal movement:

Synchronize brake release with the build-up of torque during start-up and brake engage at zero speed on stopping, to prevent jolting.

Recommended settings for brake control for a vertical hoisting application:

- 1. Brake impulse (bIP): YES. Ensure that the direction of rotation FW corresponds to lifting the load. For applications in which the load being lowered is very different from the load being lifted, set BIP = 2 lbr (e.g., ascent always with a load and descent always without a load).
- 2. Brake release current (lbr and Ird if BIP = 2 lbr):

Adjust the brake release current to the nominal current indicated on the motor.

During testing, adjust the brake release current in order to hold the load smoothly.

3. Acceleration time:

For hoisting applications, it is advisable to set the acceleration ramps to more than 0.5 seconds. Ensure that the drive does not exceed the current limit.

The same recommendation applies for deceleration.

Note: For a hoisting movement, a braking resistor should be used. Ensure that the settings and configurations selected cannot cause a drop or a loss of control of the lifted load.

4. Brake release delay (brt):

Adjust according to the type of brake. It is the time required for the mechanical brake to release.

5. Brake release frequency (blr):

Leave in [Auto], adjust if necessary.

6. Brake engage frequency (bEn):

Leave in [Auto], adjust if necessary.

7. Brake engage time (bEt):

Adjust according to the type of brake. It is the time required for the mechanical brake to engage.

Recommended settings for brake control for a horizontal hoisting application:

- 1. Brake impulse (bIP): No
- 2. Brake release current (lbr): Set to 0.
- 3. Brake release delay (brt):

Adjust according to the type of brake. It is the time required for the mechanical brake to release.

4. Brake release frequency (blr):

Leave in [Auto], adjust if necessary.

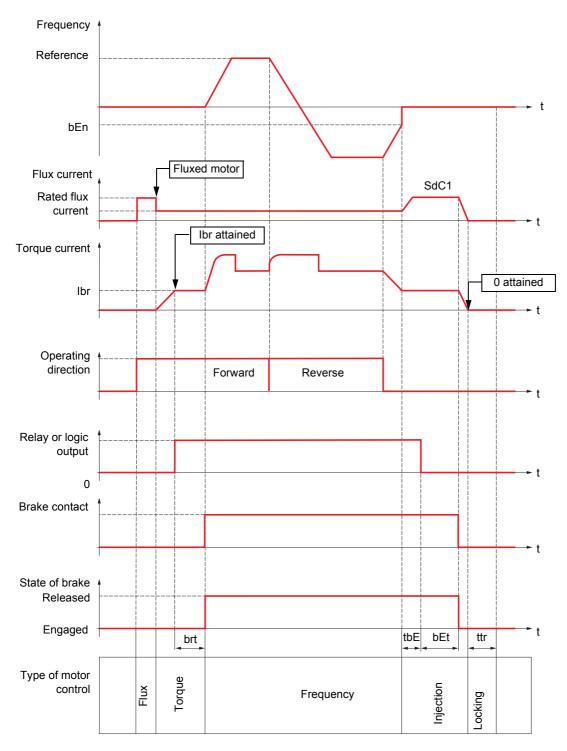
5. Brake engage frequency (bEn):

Leave in [Auto], adjust if necessary.

6. Brake engage time (bEt):

Adjust according to the type of brake. It is the time required for the mechanical brake to engage.

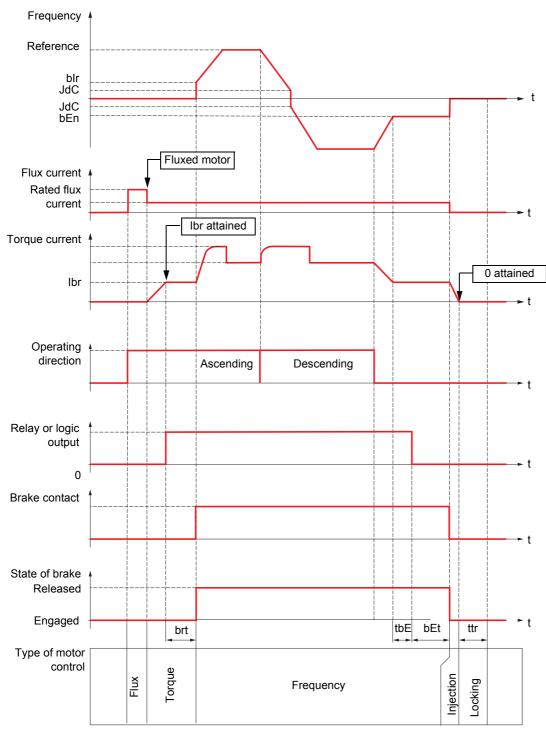
Horizontal movement, open-loop control



Key:

- (bEn): [Brake engage freq]
- (bEt): [Brake engage time]
- (brt) [Brake Release time]
- (lbr): [Brake release I FW]
- (SdC1): [I inject. DC auto 1]
- (tbE): [Brake engage time]
- (ttr): [Time to restart]

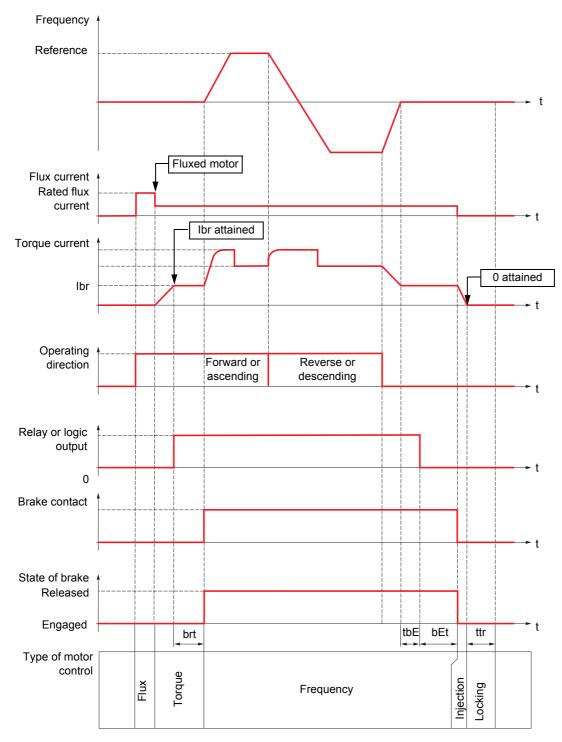
Vertical movement, open-loop control



Key:

- (bEn) [Brake engage freq]
- (bEt): [Brake engage time]
- (blr): [Brake release freq]
- (brt): [Brake Release time]
- (lbr): [Brake release I FW]
- (JdC): [Jump at reversal]
- (tbE): [Brake engage time]
- (ttr): [Time to restart]

Vertical or horizontal movement, closed-loop control



Key:

- (bEt): [Brake engage time]
- (brt): [Brake Release time]
- (lbr): [Brake release I FW]
- (tbE): [Brake engage time]
- (ttr): [Time to restart]

Code	Name/Description		Adjustment range	Factory setting		
Prc-	■ [BRAKE LOGIC CONTROL]					
	Warning: This function cannot be used with all other functions. Observe the precautions on page <u>99</u> .					
6 L C	[brake assignment]			[No] (nO)		
	If the brake is assigned, only r (Stt) page 107. Logic output or control relay [No] (nO): Function not assigned (in the [LO1] (LO1)					
L 0 4 - - r 4	[LO4] (LO4): Logic output (if an extens ☐ [R2] (r2) to [R4] (r4): Relay (selection extended to			·		
65E	☐ [Movement type]			[Hoisting] (UEr)		
U E r H O r	☐ [Hoisting] (UEr): Driving-load movem ☐ [Traveling] (HOr): Resistive-load movem			ample).		
ьс і	☐ [Brake contact]			[No] (nO)		
n 0 L - - L	If the brake is fitted with a monitoring cor □ [No] (nO): Function inactive □ [LI1] (LI1) : : : □ [LI4] (LI4): See the assignment conditi		eased brake).			
ь ІР	☐ [Brake impulse]			[No] (nO)		
n0 9E5 216r	The parameter can be accessed if [Weig □ [No] (nO): The motor torque is given ir □ [Yes] (YES): The motor torque is alwa □ [2 IBR] (2lbr): The torque is in the request the [Movement type] (bSt) is [Travelin]	the required oper ys Forward (check uired direction, Ibr	ating direction. that this direction corres for Forward and Ird for F	sponds to lifting). Reverse.		
Ibr	☐ [Brake release FW]	(1)	0 to 1.32 ln (2)	0		
Ird	Brake release current threshold for Asce	(1)	0 to 1.32 In (2)	0		
168	☐ [Brake release I RV] Brake release current threshold for Desc The parameter can be accessed if [Bral	ending or Reverse	movement			
brE	☐ [Brake Release time]	(1)	0 to 5.00 s	0		
	Brake release time delay					
b Ir	☐ [Brake release freq]	(1)		[Auto] (AUtO)		
A U F O	Brake release frequency threshold [Auto] (AUtO): The drive takes a value parameters. 0 to 10 Hz: Manual control	e equal to the rated	d slip of the motor, calcul	lated using the drive		

⁽¹⁾ The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 - SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

⁽²⁾ In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive rating plate.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
	■ [BRAKE LOGIC CONTROL] (continued	d)	
b E n	☐ [Brake engage freq] (1)		[Auto] (AUtO)
A U E O	Brake engage frequency threshold [Auto] (AUtO): The drive takes a value equal to the parameters. 0 to 10 Hz: Manual control	e rated slip of the motor, calcu	ulated using the drive
E B E	☐ [Brake engage time] (1)	0 to 5.00 s	0
	Time delay before request to engage brake. To delay the if you wish the brake to engage when the drive comes		orizontal movement only,
Ь E Ł	☐ [Brake engage time] (1)	0 to 5.00 s	0
	Brake engage time (brake response time)		
SACI	☐ [I inject. DC auto 1] (1)	0 to 1.2 ln (2)	0.7 ln (2)
	Level of standstill DC injection current The parameter can be accessed if brake logic Check that the motor will withstand this curre		
6 E d	☐ [Engage at reversal]		[No] (nO)
n 0 4 E S	 [No] (nO): The brake does not engage. [Yes] (YES): The brake engages. Can be used to select if the brake engages or not on is inverted. 	transition to zero speed whe	n the operating direction
JAC	☐ [Jump at reversal] (1)	0 to 10.0 Hz	[Auto] (AUtO)
A U E O	□ [Auto] (AUtO): The drive takes a value equal to the parameters. □ 0 to 10 Hz: Manual control In closed-loop control, this parameter is forced to zer [Movement type] (bSt) is [Traveling] (HOr). When the reference direction is inverted, this parame consequential release of load) on transition to zero serversal] (bEd) = [Yes] (YES).	ro. It is also forced to zero in eter can be used to avoid lose	open-loop control if the s of torque (and
EEr	☐ [Time to restart]	0 to 5.00 s	0
	Time between the end of a brake engage sequence	and the start of a brake relea	se sequence

⁽¹⁾The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 - SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu. (2)In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive rating plate.

Brake logic control expert parameters

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
6 r H O	□ [BRH_b0]		0
ЬгНІ	□ [BRH_b1]		0
6 r H 2	□ [BRH_b2]		0
БгНЭ	□ [BRH_b3]		0
6 r H 4	□ [BRH_b4]		0
Ьгг	☐ [Current ramp time]	0 to 5.00 s	0 s

Elevators

Hoisting

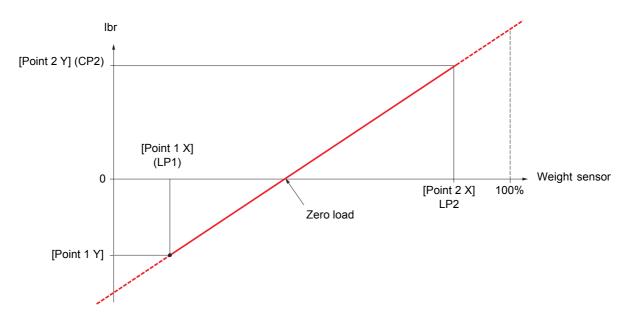
Examples:

- Measurement of the total weight of a hoisting winch and its load

[1.7 - APPLICATION FUNCT.] (FUn-)

- Measurement of the total weight of an elevator winch, cabin and counterweight

The current [Brake release I FW] (lbr) is adapted in accordance with the curve below.



This curve can illustrate a weight sensor on an elevator winch, where the zero load on the motor indicates that the load in the cabin is not equal to zero.

Code	Name/Description		Adjustment range	Factory setting	
	■ [EXTERNAL WEIGHT MEAS.]				
PES	☐ [Weight sensor ass.]			[No] (nO)	
n 0	□ [No] (nO): Function inactive				
A I I	□ [Al1] (Al1)				
- Я 1Ч	to [Al4] (Al4): Analog input assigned Function can be accessed if brake logic co	ntrol is assigne	d (see page <u>126</u>).		
LPI	☐ [Point 1 X]	(1)	0 to 100%	0	
	0 to 100% of signal on analog input [Point 1 X] (LP1) must be less than [Point 2 The parameter can be accessed if [Weight		PES) is assigned.		
EP I	□ [Point 1 Y]	(1)	-1.36 to +1.36 ln (2)	- In	
	Current corresponding to load [Point 1 X] (The parameter can be accessed if [Weight		PES) is assigned.		
LP2	☐ [Point 2 X]	(1)	0 to 100%	100%	
	0 to 100% of signal on analog input [Point 2 X] (LP2) must be greater than [Point 2 managed by the parameter can be accessed if [Weight]		PES) is assigned.		
CP2	☐ [Point 2 Y]	(1)	-1.36 to +1.36 ln (2)	+ In	
	Current corresponding to load [Point 2 X] (LP2), in A. The parameter can be accessed if [Weight sensor ass.] (PES) is assigned.				
Ibr A	☐ [lbr 4-20 mA loss]	(1)	0 to 1.32 In	0	
	Brake release current in the event of the lo This parameter can be accessed if the wei 4-20 mA loss fault has been deactivated. Recommended settings: - 0 for elevators - Rated motor current for a hoisting app	ght sensor is as		rent input and the	

⁽¹⁾The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 - SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu. (2)In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive rating plate.

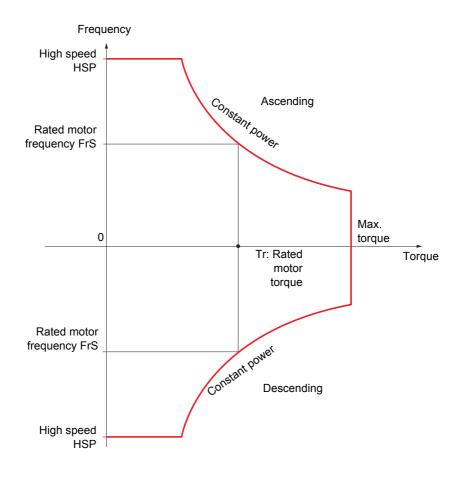
High-speed hoisting:

This function can be used to optimize the cycle times for hoisting movements for zero or lightweight loads. It authorizes operation at "constant power" in order to reach a speed greater than the rated speed without exceeding the rated motor current.

The speed remains limited by the High speed HSP parameter, page xx.

The function acts on the speed reference pedestal and not on the reference itself.

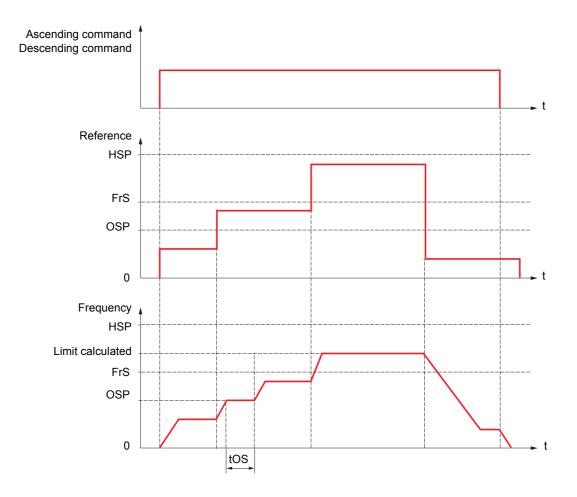
Principle:



Two operating modes are possible:

- "Speed reference" mode: The maximum permissible speed is calculated by the drive during a speed phase set in order that the drive can measure the load.
- "Current limitation" mode: The maximum permissible speed is the speed that supports current limitation in motor mode, in the "Ascending" direction only. For the "Descending" direction, operation is always in "Speed reference" mode.

Speed reference mode

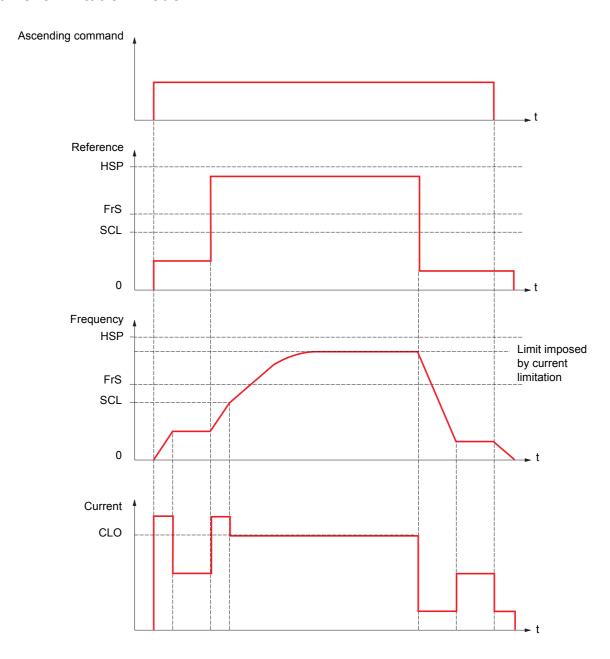


OSP: Adjustable speed phase for load measurement

tOS: Load measuring time

Two parameters can be used to reduce the speed calculated by the drive, for ascending and descending.

Current limitation mode



SCL: Adjustable speed threshold, above which current limitation is active

CLO: Current limitation for high-speed function

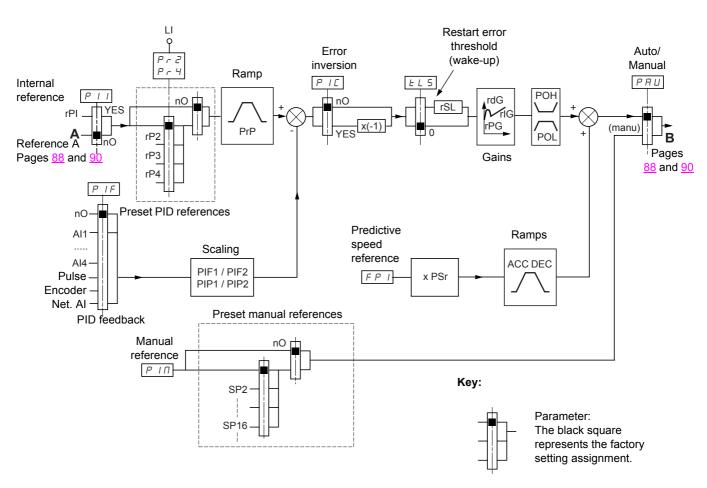
Code	Name/Description		Adjustment range	Factory setting
H 5 0 -	[HIGH SPEED HOISTING] Warning: This function cannot be used with all other functions. Observe the precautions on page 99.			
H 5 0	☐ [High speed hoisting]			[No] (nO)
7 0 5 5 0 C 5 0	□ [No] (nO): Function inactive □ [Speed ref] (SSO): "Speed referer □ [Current Limit] (CSO): "Current I	nce" mode imitation" mode		
C O F	☐ [Motor speed coeff.]	(1)	0 to 100%	100%
	Speed reduction coefficient calculated by the drive for Ascending direction. The parameter can be accessed if [High speed hoisting] (HSO) = [Speed ref] (SSO)			
C O r	☐ [Gen. speed coeff]	(1)	0 to 100%	100%
	Speed reduction coefficient calculated by the drive for Descending direction. The parameter can be accessed if [High speed hoisting] (HSO) = [Speed ref] (SSO)			
<i>E O</i> 5	☐ [Load measuring tm.]	(1)	0.1 s to 65 s	1 s
	Duration of speed phase for measure. The parameter can be accessed if [https://www.commons.com/library		ng] (HSO) = [Speed ref] (SS	O)
0 5 P	☐ [Measurement spd]	(1)	0 to FrS	40 Hz
	Speed stabilized for measurement. The parameter can be accessed if [High speed hoisting] (HSO) = [Speed ref] (SSO)			
C L O	☐ [High speed I Limit]	(1)	0.25 to 1.5 ln (2)	In
	Current limitation at high speed. The parameter can be accessed if [h	High speed hoistir	ng] (HSO) = [Lim. Courant] ((CSO)
5 C L	☐ [I Limit. frequency]	(1)	0 to HSP	40 Hz
	Frequency threshold, above which the parameter can be accessed if [he			(CSO)

⁽¹⁾ The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 - SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu. (2) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive rating plate.

PID regulator

Block diagram

The function is activated by assigning an analog input to the PID feedback (measurement).



PID feedback:

The PID feedback must be assigned to one of the analog inputs Al1 to Al4, to the frequency input or the encoder, in accordance with the use of extension cards.

PID reference:

The PID reference must be assigned to the following parameters:

- Preset references via logic inputs (rP2, rP3, rP4)
- In accordance with the configuration of [Act. internal PID ref.] (PII) page 139.
 - Internal reference (rPI) or
 - Reference A (Fr1 or Fr1b, see pages 88 and 89)

Combination table for preset PID references

LI (Pr4)	LI (Pr2)	Pr2 = nO	Speed
			rPI or A
0	0		rPI or A
0	1	rP2	
1	0		rP3
1	1		rP4

A predictive speed reference can be used to initialize the speed on restarting the process.

Scaling of feedback and references:

• Parameters PIF1, PIF2

Can be used to scale the PID feedback (sensor range).

This scale MUST be maintained for all other parameters.

· Parameters PIP1, PIP2

Can be used to scale the adjustment range.

Example: Adjustment of the volume of a tank, between 6 m³ and 15 m³.

- Sensor used 4-20 mA, 4.5 m³ for 4 mA, 20 m³ for 20 mA, with the result that PIF1 = 4500 and PIF2 = 20000 (use values as close as possible to the maximum format (65535), while retaining powers of 10 in relation to the actual values).
- Adjustment range 6 to 15 m³, with the result that PIP1 = 6000 and PIP2 = 15000.
- Example references:
 - rP1 (internal reference) = 9500
 - rp2 (preset reference) = 6500
 - rP3 (preset reference) = 8000
 - rP4 (preset reference) = 11200

The [DISPLAY CONFIG.] menu can be used to customize the name of the unit displayed and its format.

Other parameters:

rSL parameter:

Can be used to set the PID error threshold above which the PID regulator will be reactivated (wake-up) after a stop due to the max. time threshold being exceeded at low speed (tLS).

- Reversal of the direction of correction (PIC): If PIC = nO, the speed of the motor will increase when the error is positive, for example: pressure control with a compressor. If PIC = YES, the speed of the motor will decrease when the error is positive, for example: temperature control using a cooling fan.
- · The integral gain may be short-circuited by a logic input.
- · An alarm on the PID feedback may be configured and indicated by a logic output.
- · An alarm on the PID error may be configured and indicated by a logic output.

"Manual - Automatic" operation with PID:

This function combines the PID regulator, the preset speeds and a manual reference. Depending on the state of the logic input, the speed reference is given by the preset speeds or by a manual reference input with the PID function.

Manual reference (PIM)

- · Analog inputs Al1 to Al4
- · Frequency input
- Encoder

Predictive speed reference (FPI)

- [Al1] (Al1): Analog input
- [Al2] (Al2): Analog input
- [Al3] (Al3): Analog input, if extension card present
- [Al4] (Al4): Analog input, if extension card present
- [Pulse input] (PI): Frequency input, if card present
- [Encoder ref.] (PG): Encoder input, if card present
- [HMI] (LCC): Graphic display terminal
- [Modbus] (Mdb): Modbus
- [CANopen] (CAn): CANopen
- [Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if present)
- [Prog. card] (APP): Programmable card (if present)

Setting up the PID regulator

1. Configuration in PID mode

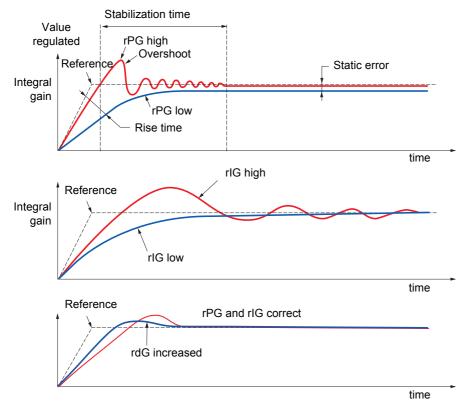
See the diagram on page 135.

2. Perform a test in factory settings mode (in most cases, this will be sufficient).

To optimize the drive, adjust rPG or rIG gradually and independently and observe the effect on the PID feedback in relation to the reference.

3. If the factory settings are unstable or the reference is incorrect:

- Perform a test with a speed reference in Manual mode (without PID regulator) and with the drive on load for the speed range of the system:
 - In steady state, the speed must be stable and comply with the reference, and the PID feedback signal must be stable.
 - In transient state, the speed must follow the ramp and stabilize quickly, and the PID feedback must follow the speed. If this is not the case, see the settings for the drive and/or sensor signal and cabling.
- Switch to PID mode.
- · Set brA to no (no auto-adaptation of the ramp).
- · Set the speed ramps (AC2, dE2) to the minimum permitted by the mechanics without triggering an ObF fault.
- · Set the integral gain (rIG) to minimum.
- Leave the derivative gain (rdG) at 0.
- Observe the PID feedback and the reference.
- Switch the drive ON/OFF a number of times or vary the load or reference rapidly.
- Set the proportional gain (rPG) in order to ascertain the ideal compromise between response time and stability in transient phases (slight overshoot and 1 to 2 oscillations before stabilizing).
- If the reference varies from the preset value in steady state, gradually increase the integral gain (rIG), reduce the proportional gain (rPG) in the event of instability (pump applications), find a compromise between response time and static precision (see diagram).
- Lastly, the derivative gain may permit the overshoot to be reduced and the response time to be improved, although this will be at the expense of a compromise in stability that is more difficult to achieve, as it depends on 3 gains.
- · Perform in-production tests over the whole reference range.



The oscillation frequency depends on the system kinematics.

Parameter	Rise time	Overshoot	Stabilization time	Static error
rPG 🖊	**	1	=	`*
rlG	`	11	1	*/
rdG	=	`	`	=

			Adjustment range	Factory setting
PId-	■ [PID REGULATOR]			
	Warning: This function cannot be used with all other functions. Observe the precautions on page 99.			
PIF	☐ [PID feedback ass.]			[No] (nO)
A I I A I 2 A I 3 A I 4 P I P G A I U I	□ [No] (nO): Not assigned (function inactive) In this case, none of the function parameters can be accessed. □ [Al1] (Al1): Analog input □ [Al2] (Al2): Analog input □ [Al3] (Al3): Analog input, if extension card present □ [Al4] (Al4): Analog input, if extension card present □ [Pulse input] (PI): Frequency input, if card present □ [Encoder ref] (PG): Encoder input, if card present □ [Net Al1] (AlU1): Feedback via communication bus			
A IC I	☐ [Al net. channel]			[No] (nO)
n 0 N d b C A n n E L A P P	The parameter can be accessed if [PID feedback ass.] (PIF) = [Net AI1] (AIU1). [No] (nO): Not assigned [Modbus] (Mdb): Modbus [CANopen] (CAn): CANopen [Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if present) [Prog. card] (APP): Programmable card (if present)			
PIFI	☐ [Min PID feedback]	(1)	0 to 65535 (2)	100
	Value for minimum feedback			
P IF 2	☐ [Max PID feedback] Value for maximum feedback	(1)	0 to 65535 (2)	1000
PIPI		(1)	0 to 65535 (2)	150
, ,, ,	☐ [Min PID reference] Minimum process value	, ,	. ,	
P IP2	☐ [Max PID reference]	(1)	0 to 65535 (2)	900
	Maximum process value			
PII	☐ [Act. internal PID ref.]			[No] (nO)
n 0 4 E S	Internal PID regulator reference [No] (nO): The PID regulator reference is given by Fr1 or Fr1b with summing/subtraction/multiplication functions and preset speeds if relevant (see the diagram on page 87). [Yes] (YES): The PID regulator reference is internal via parameter rPI.			
rPl	☐ [Internal PID ref.]	(1)	0 to 65535 (2)	0
	Internal PID regulator reference The parameter can be accessed if [Act.	ref. PID int] (PI	II) = [Yes] (YES).	
r P G	☐ [PID prop. gain]	(1)	0.01 to 100	1
	Proportional gain			
r 16	☐ [PID integral gain]	(1)	0.01 to 100	1
	Integral gain			
r d G	☐ [PID derivative gain]	(1)	0.00 to 100	0
	Derivative gain			

⁽¹⁾ The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 - SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

⁽²⁾ If a graphic display terminal is not in use, values greater than 9999 will be displayed on the 4-digit display with a period mark after the thousand digit, e.g.: 15.65 for 15650.

Code	Name/Description		Adjustment range	Factory setting
	■ [PID REGULATOR] (continue	d)		
PrP	☐ [PID ramp]	(1)	0 to 99.9 s	0
	PID acceleration/deceleration ramp, c (PIP2) and vice versa.	lefined to go from	[Min PID reference] (PIP1) to [Max PID reference]
PIC	☐ [PID correct. reverse]	(1)		[No] (nO)
n 0 9 E S	☐ [No] (nO) ☐ [Yes] (YES) Reversal of the direction of correction is positive, for example: pressure con decrease when the error is positive, for	trol with a compre	essor. If PIC = YES, the sp	eed of the motor will
POL	☐ [Min PID output]	(1)	0 to 500 or 1000 according to rating	0 Hz
	Minimum value of regulator output in	Hz		
POH	☐ [Max PID output]	(1)	0 to 500 or 1000 according to rating	60 Hz
	Maximum value of regulator output in	Hz		
PAL	☐ [Min fbk alarm]	(1)	0 to 65535 (2)	100
	Minimum monitoring threshold for reg			
PAH	☐ [Max fbk alarm]	(1)	0 to 65535 (2)	1000
	Maximum monitoring threshold for req			
PEr	☐ [PID error Alarm]	(1)	0 to 65535 (2)	100
	Regulator error monitoring threshold			
P 15	□ [PID integral reset]			[No] (nO)
	☐ [No] (nO): Function inactive ☐ [LI1] (LI1) : : : : ☐ [] (): See the assignment condition If the state of the input or bit assigned		ion is inactive (the PID inte	gral is enabled).
	If the state of the input or bit assigned			
FPI	☐ [Speed ref. assign.]			[No] (nO)
~ 0 A 1 A 2 A 3 A 4 P P G L C C N d b C A c C A c A P P	PID regulator predictive speed input [No] (nO): Not assigned (function inat [Al1] (Al1): Analog input [Al2] (Al2): Analog input, if extension [Al4] (Al4): Analog input, if extension [Pulse input] (PI): Frequency input [Encoder ref] (PG): Encoder input [HMI] (LCC): Graphic display termination [Modbus] (Mdb): Modbus [CANopen] (CAn): CANopen [Com. card] (nEt): Communication [Prog. card] (APP): Programmable	n card present n card present t, if card present , if card present al		

⁽¹⁾ The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 - SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

⁽²⁾ If a graphic display terminal is not in use, values greater than 9999 will be displayed on the 4-digit display with a period mark after the thousand digit, e.g.: 15.65 for 15650.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
	[PID REGULATOR] (continued)			
P5r	☐ [Speed input %]	1 to 100%	100%	
	Multiplying coefficient for predictive speed input The parameter can be accessed if [Speed ref. assign.] (FPI) = [No] (nO)			
PAU	☐ [Auto / manual]		[No] (nO)	
n 0 L 1 1 - -	 [No] (nO): The PID is always active. [L11] (L11) : : [] (): See the assignment conditions on page 94. If the state of the input or bit assigned is at 0, the PID is active. If the state of the input or bit assigned is at 1, the PID is inactive. 			
РІП	☐ [Manual Ref.]		[No] (nO)	
~ 0 A A 2 A 3 A 4 P P G	Manual speed input [No] (nO): Not assigned (function inactive) [Al1] (Al1): Analog input [Al2] (Al2): Analog input [Al3] (Al3): Analog input, if extension card present [Al4] (Al4): Analog input, if extension card present [Pulse input] (PI): Frequency input, if card present [Encoder ref] (PG): Encoder input, if card present The preset speeds are active on the manual reference if they have been configured.			
r 5 L	☐ [PID wake-up threshold]	0 to 65535 (2)	0	
	If the "PID" and "Low speed operating time"(tLS) functions (see page xx) are configured at the same time, the PID regulator may attempt to set a speed lower than LSP. This results in unsatisfactory operation which consists of starting, operating at low speed then stopping, and so on Parameter rSL (restart error threshold) can be used to set a minimum PID error threshold for restarting after a stop at prolonged LSP. The function is inactive if tLS = 0 or if rSL = 0.			

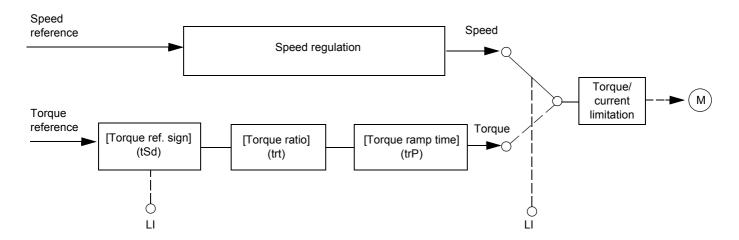
⁽¹⁾ The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 - SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

⁽²⁾ If a graphic display terminal is not in use, values greater than 9999 will be displayed on the 4-digit display with a period mark after the thousand digit, e.g.: 15.65 for 15650.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting		
Pr I-	[PID PRESET REFERENCES] Function cannot be accessed if [PID feedback ass.] (PIF) is assigned.				
Pr2	☐ [2 preset PID ref.]		[No] (nO)		
L I I - - -	□ [No] (nO): Function inactive □ [LI1] (LI1) : : □ [] (): See the assignment conditions on pag If the state of the input or bit assigned is at 0, the If the state of the input or bit assigned is at 1, the	e function is inactive.			
Pr4	[No] (nO)				
n	 □ Make sure that [2 preset PID ref] (Pr2) has been assigned before performing this function. □ [No] (nO): Function inactive □ [LI1] (LI1) ⋮ □ [] (): See the assignment conditions on page 94. If the state of the input or bit assigned is at 0, the function is inactive. If the state of the input or bit assigned is at 1, the function is active. 				
rP2	☐ [Preset ref. PID 2] (1)	0 to 65535 (2)	300		
	The parameter can be accessed if [2 preset PID ref.] (Pr2) is assigned.				
r P 3	☐ [Preset ref. PID 3] (1)	0 to 65535 (2)	600		
	The parameter can be accessed if [4 preset PID ref.] (Pr4) is assigned.				
r P 4	☐ [Preset ref. PID 4] (1)	0 to 65535 (2)	900		
	The parameter can be accessed if [4 preset PID	ref.] (Pr4) is assigned.			

⁽¹⁾ The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 - SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu. (2) If a graphic display terminal is not in use, values greater than 9999 will be displayed on the 4-digit display with a period mark after the thousand digit, e.g.: 15.65 for 15650.

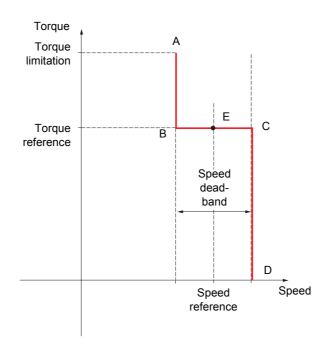
Torque regulation



The function can be used to switch between speed regulation mode and torque regulation mode.

In torque regulation mode, the speed may vary within a configurable "deadband". When it reaches a lower or upper limit, the drive automatically reverts to speed regulation (fallback) and remains at this limit speed. The regulated torque is therefore no longer maintained and two scenarios may occur.

- If the torque returns to the required value, the drive will return to torque regulation.
- If the torque does not return to the required value at the end of a configurable period of time, the drive will switch to fault or alarm mode.



- AB and CD: "Fallback" to speed regulation
- BC: Torque regulation zone
- E: Ideal operating point

The torque sign and value can be transmitted via a logic output and an analog output.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
£0r-	This function can only be accessed for [Motor control type] (Warning: This function cannot be used with all other functions		
£ 5 5	☐ [Trq/spd switching]		[No] (nO)
n 0 4 E S L II - - -	 No] (no): Function inactive, thereby preventing access to other parameters. [Yes] (YES): Permanent torque regulation [Li1] (Li1) ∴ ∴ (): See the assignment conditions on page 94. If the state of the input or bit assigned is at 1: Torque regulation. If the state of the input or bit assigned is at 0: Speed regulation. 		
Erl	☐ [Torque ref. channel]		[No] (nO)
R I I R I 2 R I 3 R I 4 P I C C C C C A c R P P	□ [Al1] (Al1): Analog input □ [Al2] (Al2): Analog input □ [Al3] (Al3): Analog input, if extension card present □ [Al4] (Al4): Analog input, if extension card present □ [Pulse input] (Pl): Frequency input, if card present □ [Encoder ref.] (PG): Encoder input, if card present □ [HMI] (LCC): Graphic display terminal □ [Modbus] (Mdb): Modbus □ [CANopen] (CAn): CANopen □ [Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if present) □ [Prog. card] (APP): Programmable card (if present)		
£ 5 d	☐ [Torque ref. sign]		[No] (nO)
n 0 L 1 1 - - -	 [No] (nO): Function inactive [L11] (L11) : [] (): See the assignment conditions on page 94. If the state of the input or bit assigned is at 0, the torque sign is the same as the reference. If the state of the input or bit assigned is at 1, the torque sign is the opposite of the reference. 		
ErE	☐ [Torque ratio] (1)	1 to 1,000%	100%
	Coefficient applied to the [Torque reference] (tr1).		
Er P	☐ [Torque ramp time] Torque rise and fall time for a variation of 100% of the reference.	0 to 99.99s erence.	0
E S E	☐ [Torque regul. stop]		[Speed] (SPd)
5 P d n 5 E 5 P n	 □ [Speed] (SPd): Speed regulation stop, in accordance wi □ [Freewheel] (nSt): Freewheel stop □ [Spin] (SPn): Zero torque stop, but conserving flux in the [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [FVC] (FUC). 	motor. This type of ope	
5 P L	□ [Spin time]	0 to 3600 s	1
	The parameter can be accessed if [Torque regul. stop] (tS Spin time following stop, in order to remain ready to restar		

⁽¹⁾ The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 - SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

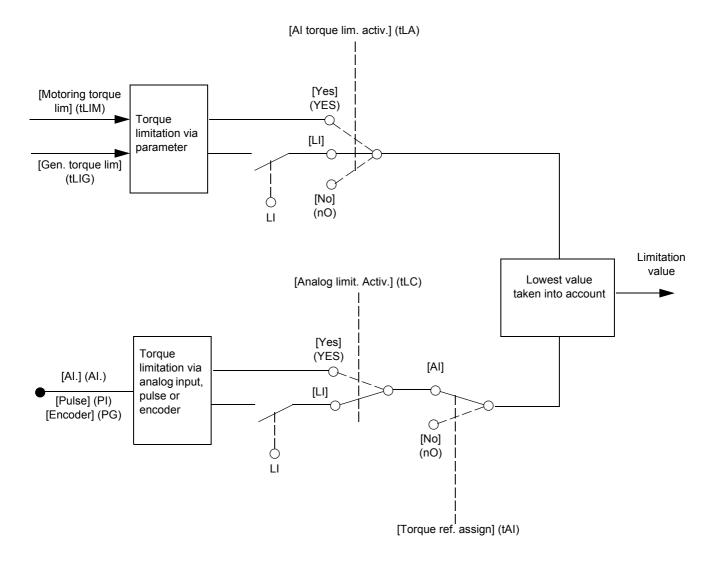
Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
	■ [TORQUE REGULATION] (continued)			
d 6 P	☐ [Positive deadband]	0 to 1000 Hz	10 Hz	
	Positive deadband. Value added algebraically to speed reference. Example for dbP = 10: If reference = +50 Hz: +50 + 10 = 60 If reference = -50 Hz: -50 + 10 = -40			
d b n	☐ [Negative deadband]	0 to 1000 Hz	10 Hz	
	Negative deadband. Value subtracted algebraically from speed reference. Example for dbn = 10: If reference = +50 Hz: +50 - 10 = 40 If reference = -50 Hz: -50 - 10 = -60			
r E O	☐ [R. torque time out]	0 to 999.9 s	60	
	Time following automatic exit of torque regulation mode in the event of a fault or alarm.			
F 0 P	☐ [R. torque flt mgt] Response of drive once time [R. torque time out] (rtO) ha	s elapsed.	[Alarm] (ALrM)	
AL r N F L E	☐ [Alarm] (ALrM) ☐ [Fault] (FLt)			

Torque limit

There are two types of torque limitation:

- With a fixed parameter valueWith a value set by an analog input (Al, pulse or encoder)

If both types are enabled, the lowest value is taken into account. The two types of limitation can be configured or switched remotely using a logic input or via the communication bus.



Code	Name/Description	Α	Adjustment range	Factory setting
ELA-	This function cannot be accessed in V/F profile mode.			
E L A	☐ [Al torque lim. activ.]			[No] (nO)
n 0 9E5 L I I -	□ [No] (nO): Function inactive □ [Yes] (YES): Function always active □ [LI1] (LI1) :		,	
-	[] (): See the assignment conditions on page 9. If the state of the input or bit assigned is at 0, the full the state of the input or bit assigned is at 1, the full the state of the input or bit assigned is at 1.	nction is ir		
EL III	☐ [Motoring torque lim] (1)	0) to 300%	100%
	The parameter cannot be accessed if [Al torque lim Torque limitation in motor mode, as a % of the rate		LA) = [No] (nO)	
EL IG	☐ [Gen. torque lim] (1)	0	to 300%	100%
	The parameter cannot be accessed if [Al torque lim. activ.] (tLA) = [No] (nO) Torque limitation in generator mode, as a % of the rated torque.			
E A I	☐ [Torque ref. assign]			[No] (nO)
л О Я I I -	□ [No] (nO): Not assigned (function inactive) □ [Al1] (Al1) to		·	
A 14 P 1 P G	 [Al4] (Al4): Analog input □ [Pulse] (PI): Frequency input □ [Encoder ref.] (PG): Encoder input If the function is assigned, the limitation varies between 0% and 300% of the rated torque on the basis of the 0% to 100% signal applied to the assigned input. Examples: 12 mA on a 4-20 mA input results in limitation to 150% of the rated torque. 2.5 V on a 10 V input results in 75% of the rated torque. 			
E L C	☐ [Analog limit. Activ.]			[No] (nO)
9E5 L I I	The parameter can be accessed if [Torque ref. assign] (tAI) is set to a value other than [No] (nO). [Yes] (YES): The limitation depends on the value assigned with [Torque ref. assign] (tAI). [LI1] (LI1) :			
-] (): See the assignment conditions on page 94. If the state of the input or bit assigned is at 0: • The limitation is given by the parameters [Motoring torque lim] (tLIM) and [Gen. torque lim] (tLIG) if [Al torque lim. activ.] (tLA) is set to a value other than [No] (nO). • No limitation if [Al torque lim. activ.] (tLA) = [No] (nO). If the state of the input or bit assigned is at 1: • The limitation depends on the value assigned with [Torque ref. assign] (tAl). Note: If [Al torque lim. activ.] (tLA) and [Torque ref. assign] (tAl) are enabled at the same time, the lowest value is taken into account. 			

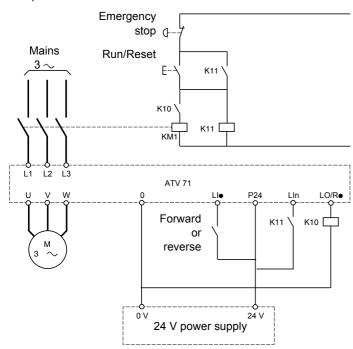
(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 - SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

Code	Name/Description		Adjustment range	Factory setting
EL I-	[2nd CURRENT LIMIT.]			
L C 2	☐ [Activ. I Limit. 2]			[No] (nO)
n 0 L 1 1 - - -	 [No] (nO): Function inactive. [LI1] (LI1) [] (): See the assignment conditions on part of the state of the input or bit assigned is at 0, If the state of the input or bit assigned is at 1, 	he first curre		· ·
EL I	Used to limit the torque and the temperature r Warning: If the setting is lower than 0.2 (OPF) if this function has been enabled	5 In, the drive	e may lock following a fac	1.5 In (2) ult [Output Phase Loss]
C L 2	☐ [I Limit. 2 value])	0 to 1.65 ln (2)	1.5 ln
	Warning: If the setting is lower than 0.2 (OPF) if this function has been enabled			ult [Output Phase Loss]

⁽¹⁾ The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 - SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.(2) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive rating plate.

Line contactor control

Example circuit:



Note: The "Run/Reset" button must be pressed once the "Emergency stop" button has been released.

The drive control power supply must be provided via an external 24 V source.

This function can only be used for a small number of consecutive maneuvers with a cycle shorter than 60 s (in order to avoid premature aging of the filter capacitor charging circuit).

The line contactor closes every time a run command (forward or reverse) is sent and opens after every stop.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting		
LLC-	■ [LINE CONTACTOR COMMAND]				
LLE	☐ [Line contact. assign]		[No] (nO)		
. 0 L 0 1 - L 0 4 - 1 - 4	Logic output or control relay [No] (nO): Function not assigned (in this case, none of the function parameters can be accessed). [LO1] (LO1) to [LO4] (LO4): Logic output (if an extension card has been inserted, LO1 to LO2 or LO4 can be selected). [R1] (r1) to [R4] (r4): Relay (selection extended from R1 to R2 to include R3 or R4 if an extension card has been inserted).				
L E 5	☐ [Drive lock assign.]		[No] (nO)		
n 0 L 1 1 - - -	 [No] (nO): Function inactive. [LI1] (LI1) : : : [] (): See the assignment conditions on page 94. The drive locks when the state of the input or bit assigned changes to 0. 				
LCE	☐ [Mains V. time out]	5 to 999 s	5 s		
	Monitoring time for closing of line contactor. If, once this time has elapsed, there is no voltage on the drive power circuit, the drive will lock with a "Line contactor" (LCF) fault.				

Output contactor command

Allows the drive to control a contactor located between the drive and the motor. The request for the contactor to close is made when a run command is sent. The request for the contactor to open is made when there is no longer any current in the motor.



If a DC injection braking function has been configured, it should not be left operating too long in stop mode, as the contactor only opens at the end of braking.

Output contactor feedback

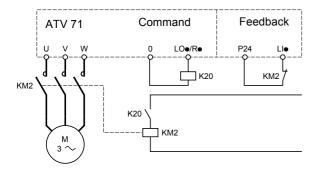
The corresponding logic input should be at 1 when there is no run command and at 0 during operation.

When there is an inconsistency, the drive trips on an FCF1 fault if the output contactor fails to close (LIx at 1) and on an FCF2 fault if it is stuck (LIx at 0).

The parameter [Time to motor run] (dbS) can be used to delay tripping in fault mode when a run command is sent and the parameter [Time to open cont.] (dAS) delays the stop when a stop command is set.

Note:

Fault FCF1 (contactor failing to close) can be reset by the run command changing state from 1 to 0 (0 --> 1 --> 0 in 3 wire control).



The functions [Output contact ass.] (OCC) and [Output contact. fbk] (rCA) can be used individually or together.

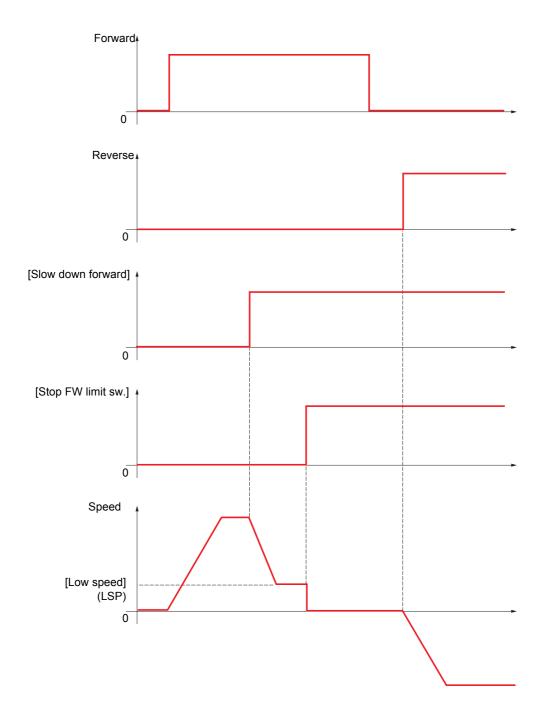
Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
0 C C -	[OUTPUT CONTACTOR CMD] Warning: This function cannot be used with all other functions. Observe the precautions on page 99.			
0 C C	☐ [Output contact ass.]		[No] (nO)	
 L L T 	Logic output or control relay [No] (nO): Function not assigned (in this case, none of the function parameters can be accessed). [LO1] (LO1) to [LO4] (LO4): Logic output (if an extension card has been inserted, LO1 to LO2 or LO4 can be selected). [R1] (r1) to [R4] (r4): Relay (selection extended from R1 to R2 to include R3 or R4 if an extension card has been inserted).			
r E A	☐ [Output contact. fbk]		[No] (nO)	
n 0 L 1 1 - - -	 [No] (nO): Function inactive. [LI1] (LI1) : <l>: : : : : : <l< th=""></l<></l>			
d 6 5	☐ [Time to motor run] (1)	0.05 to 60 s	0.15	
	 Time delay for: Motor control following the sending of a run command Output contactor fault monitoring, if the feedback is assigned. If the contactor fails to close at the end of the set time, the drive will lock in FCF1 fault mode. This parameter can be accessed if [output cont.] (OCC) is assigned or if [Output contact. fbk] (rCA) is assigned. The time delay must be greater than the closing time of the output contactor. 			
d R 5	☐ [Time to open cont.] (1)	0 to 5.00 s	0.10	
	Time delay for output contactor opening command follow This parameter can be accessed if [Output contact. fbk] The time delay must be greater than the opening time of not be monitored. If the contactor fails to open at the end the set time, the] (rCA) is assigned. of the output contactor. If it		

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 - SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

Positioning on limit switches or sensors

This function can be used for position management using position sensors or limit switch contacts for:

- · Slowing down
- · Low speed
- Stopping

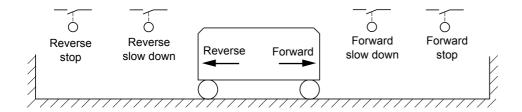


The deceleration mode and stop mode can be configured.

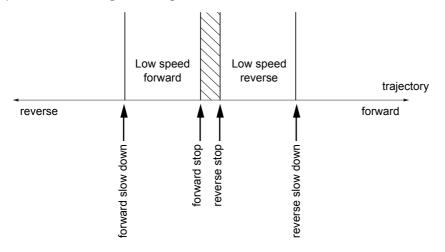
When the slow down contact and/or stop contact is activated, starting in the opposite direction is authorized, even at high speed.

- Slowing down and stopping are activated when the state of the input is at 0 (contact open).
- A bit or logic input can be assigned to disable the function in order to restart or not stop on the position.

Example 1: Positioning using limit switches



Example 2: Positioning on a target zone



The disable contact can be used to restart in order to cross the target.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
L P O -	[POSITIONING BY SENSORS] Warning: This function cannot be used with all other functions.	Observe the precaution	s on page <u>99</u> .
5 A F	☐ [Stop FW limit sw.]		[No] (nO)
L -	□ [No] (nO): Not assigned □ [LI1] (LI1)		
_	: [] (): See the assignment conditions on page 94. Stop in forward direction, controlled when the state of the b	oit or input assigned is a	t 0.
5 A r	☐ [Stop RV limit sw.]		[No] (nO)
n 0 L 1 1 - - -	 □ [No] (nO): Not assigned □ [LI1] (LI1) : : □ [] (): See the assignment conditions on page 94. Stop in reverse direction, controlled when the state of the base o	oit or input assigned is a	t 0.
d A F	☐ [Slow down forward]		[No] (nO)
	□ [No] (nO): Not assigned □ [LI1] (LI1) : : □ [] (): See the assignment conditions on page 94.		
	Slow down in forward direction, controlled when the state of	of the bit or input assigne	
d A r	☐ [Slow down reverse]		[No] (nO)
n 0 L 1 1 - - -	□ [No] (nO): Not assigned □ [LI1] (LI1) : : □ [] (): See the assignment conditions on page 94. Slow down in reverse direction, controlled when the state of	of the bit or input assigne	ed is at 0.
C L 5	☐ [Disable limit sw.]		[No] (nO)
n D L I I - - -	□ [No] (nO): Not assigned □ [L11] (L11) : : □ [] (): See the assignment conditions on page 94. If the state of the input or bit assigned is at 1, the limit switch was stopped or being slowed down via limit switches, it will		

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
	■ [POSITIONING BY SENSORS] (suite)			
P A 5	☐ [Type of stop]		[Ramp stop] (rMP)	
rПР F5L n5L	 □ [Ramp stop] (rMP): On ramp □ [Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop (ramp time reduced by [Ramp divider] (dCF), see page 107) □ [Freewheel] (nSt): Freewheel stop 			
d 5 F	☐ [Deceleration type]		[NO] (Std)	
5 <i>E d</i>	□ [NO] (Std): Uses the [Deceleration] (dEC) or [Deceleration 2] (dE2) ramp (depending on which has been enabled).			
OPE	'			

Parameter set switching [PARAMETER SET SWITCH.]

A set of 1 to 15 parameters can be selected in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu, to which 2 or 3 different values can be assigned. These 2 or 3 sets of values can be switched using 1 or 2 logic inputs or control word bits. This switching can be performed during operation (motor running).

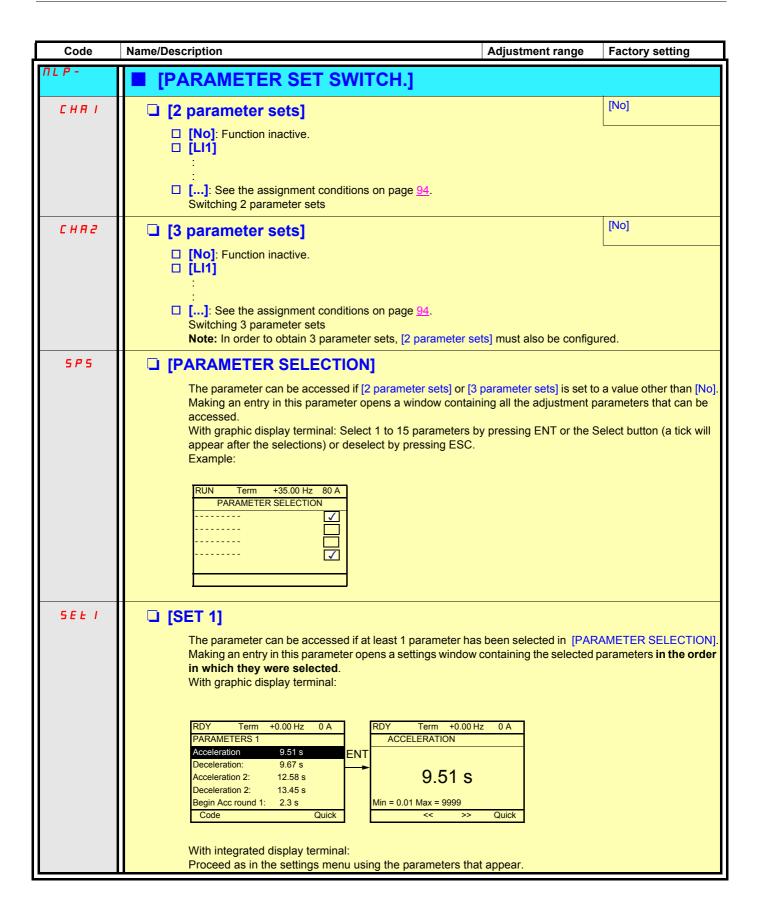
	Values 1	Values 2	Values 3
Parameter 1	Parameter 1	Parameter 1	Parameter 1
Parameter 2	Parameter 2	Parameter 2	Parameter 2
Parameter 3	Parameter 3	Parameter 3	Parameter 3
Parameter 4	Parameter 4	Parameter 4	Parameter 4
Parameter 5	Parameter 5	Parameter 5	Parameter 5
Parameter 6	Parameter 6	Parameter 6	Parameter 6
Parameter 7	Parameter 7	Parameter 7	Parameter 7
Parameter 8	Parameter 8	Parameter 8	Parameter 8
Parameter 9	Parameter 9	Parameter 9	Parameter 9
Parameter 10	Parameter 10	Parameter 10	Parameter 10
Parameter 11	Parameter 11	Parameter 11	Parameter 11
Parameter 12	Parameter 12	Parameter 12	Parameter 12
Parameter 13	Parameter 13	Parameter 13	Parameter 13
Parameter 14	Parameter 14	Parameter 14	Parameter 14
Parameter 15	Parameter 15	Parameter 15	Parameter 15
Input LI or bit	0	1	0 or 1
2 values			
Input LI or bit	0	0	1
3 values			



These parameters can no longer be modified in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu. Any modifications made in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu will be lost the next time the power supply is disconnected. Parameter settings can be made during operation in the [PARAMETER SET SWITCH.] (MLP-) menu, in relation to the active configuration.

Note: Parameter set switching cannot be configured on the integrated display terminal.

Parameters can simply be adjusted on the integrated display terminal if the function has been configured in advance using the graphic display terminal, PowerSuite or serial link. If the function has not been configured, the MLP- menu and its parameters SEt1, SEt2, SEt3 will not appear.



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
	[PARAMETER SET SWITCH.] (continued)			
5 E E 2	The parameter can be accessed if at least 1 parameter has been selected in [PARAMETER SELECTION]. Procedure identical to [SET 1] (SEt1).			
5 E L 3	The parameter can be accessed if [3 parameter sets] is se parameter has been selected in [PARAMETER SELECTION Procedure identical to [SET 1] (SEt1).		lo] and if at least 1	



We recommend that a parameter set switching test is carried out on stopping and a check is made to ensure that it has been performed correctly.

Some parameters are actually interdependent and in this case may be written at the time of switching.

Interdependencies between parameters must be respected, even between different sets.

Example: All [Low speed] (LSP) settings must be lower than all [High speed] (HSP) settings.

Motor or configuration switching [MULTIMOTORS/CONFIG.]

The drive may contain up to 3 configurations, which can be saved using the [1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (FCS-) menu, page 188. Each of these configurations can be activated remotely, supporting adaptation to:

- · 2 or 3 different motors or mechanical systems (multimotor mode)
- 2 or 3 different configurations for a single motor (multiconfiguration mode)

The two switching modes cannot be combined.

The following conditions MUST be observed:

- Switching may only take place when stopped (drive locked). If a switching request is sent during operation, it will not be executed until the next stop.
- · In the event of motor switching, the following additional conditions apply:
 - When the motors are switched, the associated power and control terminals must also be switched as appropriate.
 - The maximum power of the drive must not be exceeded by any of the motors.

Menu and parameters switched in multimotor mode

- [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-)
- [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-)
- [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-)
- [1.6 COMMAND] (CtL-)
- [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (FUn-) with the exception of the [MULTIMOTORS/CONFIG.] function (to be configured once only)
- [1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (FLt)
- [1.13 USER MENU] ()
- [USER CONF.] (). The name of the configuration specified by the user in the [1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (FCS-) menu.

Menu and parameters switched in multiconfiguration mode

As multimotor mode, with the exception of the motor parameters in the [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-) menu, which are common to three configurations:

- Rated current
- Thermal current
- Rated voltage
- Rated frequency
- Rated speed
- Rated power
- IR compensation
- Slip compensation
- Type of thermal protection
- Thermal state
- Auto-tuning parameters

Note:

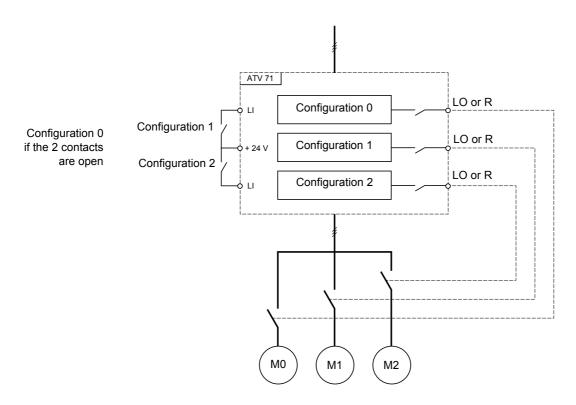
No other menus or parameters can be switched.

Switching command

Depending on the number of motors or selected configuration (2 or 3), the switching command is sent using one or two logic inputs. The table below lists the possible combinations.

LI 2 motors or configurations	LI 3 motors or configurations	Number of configuration or active motor
0	0	1
1	0	2
0	1	3
1	1	3

Schematic diagram for multimotor mode



Auto-tuning in multimotor mode

This auto-tuning can be performed:

- Manually using a logic input when the motor changes
- Automatically each time the motor is activated for the 1st time following drive power up, if the [Auto tuning] (tUn) parameter = [Power on] (POn).

Motor thermal states in multimotor mode:

The drive protects the three motors individually. Each thermal state takes into account all stop times, including drive shutdowns. It is therefore not necessary to perform auto-tuning every time the power is switched on. It is sufficient to auto-tune each motor at least once.

Output of configuration information

In the [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-) menu, a logic output can be assigned to each configuration or motor (2 or 3) for remote information transmission.

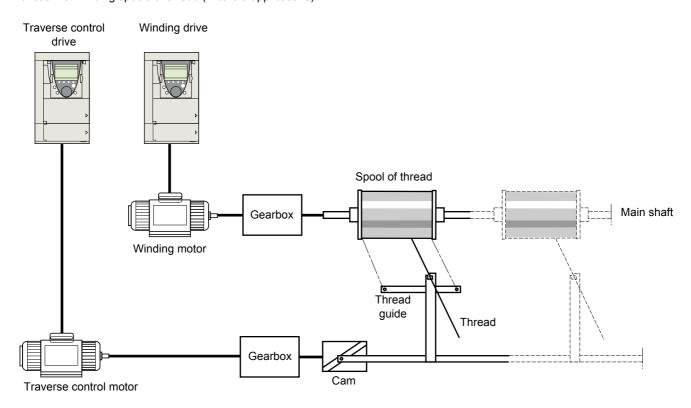
Warning:

As the [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-) menu is switched, these outputs must be assigned in all configurations in which information is required.

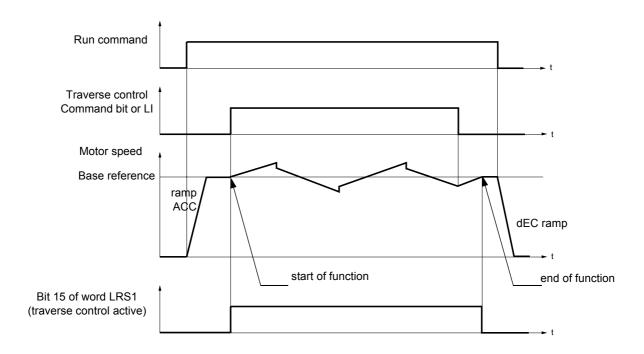
Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
ппс	■ [MULTIMOTORS/CONF.]		
СНП	☐ [Multimotors]		[No] (nO)
n 0 9 E S	□ [No] (nO): Multiconfigurations possible □ [Yes] (YES): Multimotors possible		
EnF I	☐ [2 configurations]		[No] (nO)
L L -	□ [No] (nO): No switching. □ [LI1] (LI1) :		
-	[] (): See the assignment conditions on page 94.		
	Switching of 2 motors or 2 configurations		
[n F 2	☐ [3 configurations]		[No] (nO)
L I I -	☐ [No] (nO): No switching ☐ [LI1] (LI1) :		
-	: □ [] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>94</u> .		
	Switching of 3 motors or 3 configurations		
	Note: In order to obtain 3 motors or 3 configurations, [2 co	nfigurations] (CnF1) mu	st also be configured.
EnL-	■ [AUTO TUNING BY LI]		
EnL	☐ [Auto tuning assign.]		[No] (nO)
n 0 L 1 1 -	☐ [No] (nO): Not assigned ☐ [LI1] (LI1) :		
-	: [] (): See the assignment conditions on page 94. Auto-tuning is performed when the state of the input or bit assigned changes to 1.		
	Auto-tuning will cause the motor to start up.		

Traverse control

Function for winding spools of thread (in textile applications)



The cam speed of rotation must follow a precise profile to ensure that the spool is steady, compact and linear:



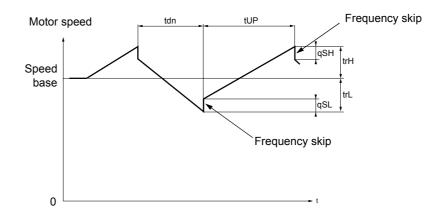
When the function is configured ([Yarn control] (trC) is set to a value other than [No] (nO)), the ramp type is forced to linear.

The function starts when the drive has reached its base reference and the traverse control command has been enabled. When the traverse control command is disabled, the drive returns to its base reference, following the ramp determined by the traverse control function. The function then stops, as soon as it has returned to this reference.

Bit 15 of word LRS1 is at 1 while the function is active.

Function parameters:

They define the cycle of frequency variations around the base reference, as shown in the figure below:



- trC: [Yarn control]: Assignment of the traverse control command to a logic input or to a communication bus control word bit
- tdn: [decel. traverse control] time, in seconds
- tUP: [accel. traverse control] time, in seconds
- trH: [traverse high], in Hertz
- trL: [traverse low], in Hertz
- qSH: [Quick step High], in Hertz
- qSL: [Quick step Low], in Hertz

Spool parameters:

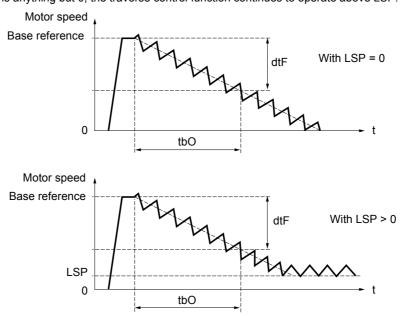
• tbO: [Spool time]: Time taken to make a spool, in minutes.

This parameter is intended to signal the end of winding. When the traverse control operating time since command trC reaches the value of tbO, the logic output or one of the relays changes to state 1, if the corresponding function EbO has been assigned.

The traverse control operating time EbOt can be monitored online by a communication bus and in the Display menu.

• dtF: [Ref. delta]: Decrease in the base reference.

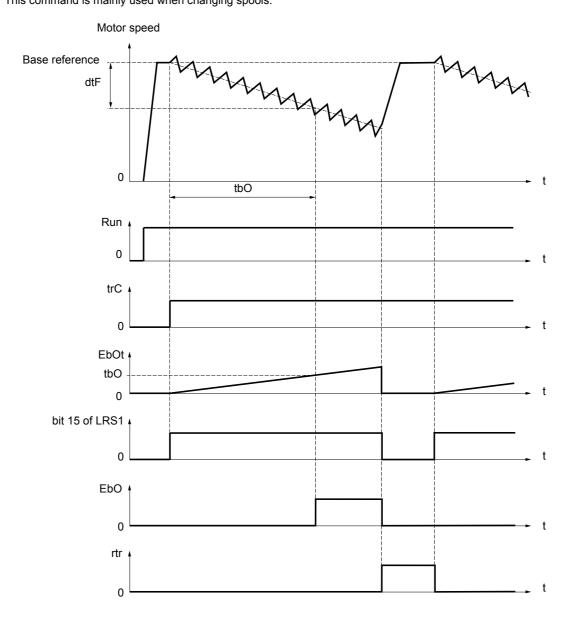
In certain cases, it is necessary to reduce the base reference as and when the spool increases in size. The value dtF corresponds to the time tbO. Once this time has elapsed, the reference continues to fall, following the same ramp. If low speed LSP is at 0, the speed reaches 0 Hz, the drive stops and must be reset by a new run command. If low speed LSP is anything but 0, the traverse control function continues to operate above LSP.



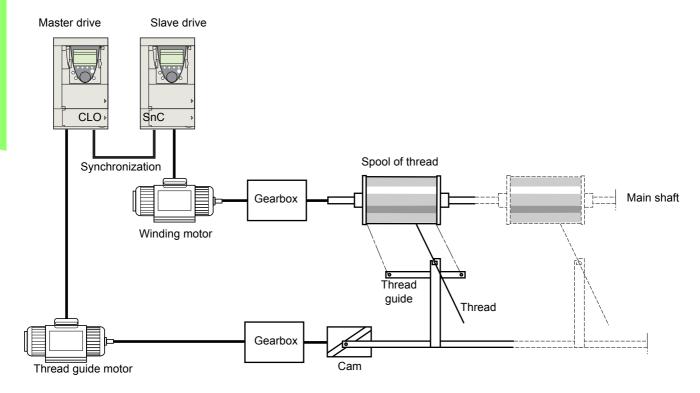
• rtr: [Init traverse control]: Reinitialize traverse control.

This command can be assigned to a logic input or to a communication bus control word bit. It resets the EbO alarm and the EbOt operating time to zero and reinitializes the reference to the base reference. As long as rtr remains at 1 the traverse control function is inhibited and the speed remains the same as the base reference.

This command is mainly used when changing spools.



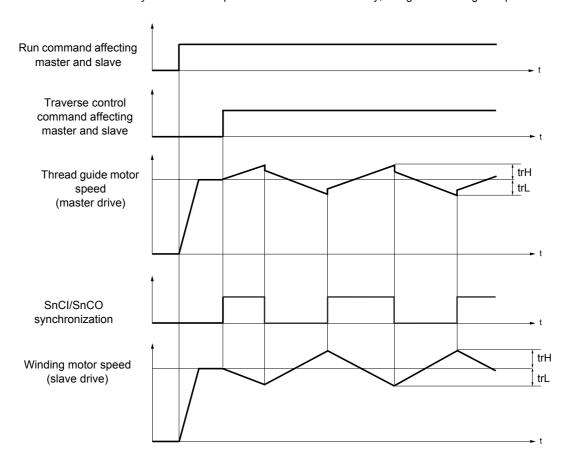
Counter wobble



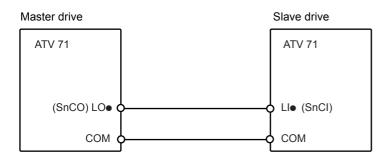
The "Counter wobble" function is used, in certain applications, to obtain a constant thread tension when the Traverse control function causes significant variations in speed on the thread guide motor (trH and trL see page 168).

Two special "Traverse control" drives must be used (a master and a slave).

The master controls the speed of the thread guide, the slave controls the winding speed. The function gives the slave a speed ratio in anti-phase with that of the master. A synchronization operation is therefore necessary, using a master logic output and a slave logic input.



Connecting the synchronization I/O



The starting conditions for the function are:

- Base speeds of both drives reached
- [Yarn control] (trC) input activated
- Synchronization signal present

Note: On the slave drive, the [Quick step High] (qSH) and [Quick step Low] (qSL) should generally be left at zero.

Code	Name/Description		Adjustment range	Factory setting		
Er[-	[TRAVERSE CONTROL] Warning: This function cannot be used with all other functions. Observe the precautions on page 99.					
ErE	☐ [Yarn control] [No] (nO)					
n 0 L 1 1 - - -	 [No] (no): Function inactive, thereby preventing access to other parameters. [LI1] (LI1) : <l< th=""></l<>					
ErH	☐ [Traverse high]	(1)	0 to 10 Hz	4 Hz		
ErL	☐ [Traverse low]	(1)	0 to 10 Hz	4 Hz		
9 S H	□ [Quick step High]	(1)	0 to [Traverse high] (trH)	0 Hz		
95L	□ [Quick step Low]	(1)	0 to [Traverse low] (trL)	0 Hz		
E U P	☐ [Accel. traverse control]	(1)	0.1 to 999.9 s	4 s		
Edn	☐ [Decel. traverse control]	(1)	0.1 to 999.9 s	4 s		
F P O	☐ [Spool time]	(1)	0 to 9999 minutes	0 s		
	Spool execution time					
ЕЬО	☐ [Spool end]			[No] (nO)		
 L L r r . 4	 [No] (nO): Function not assigned. [LO1] (LO1) to [LO4] (LO4): Logic output (if an extension card has been inserted, LO1 to LO2 or LO4 can be selected). [R1] (r1) to [R4] (r4): Relay (selection extended from R1 to R2 to include R3 or R4 if an extension card has been inserted). The output or relay assigned changes to state 1 when the traverse control operating time reaches the [Spool time] (tbO). 					
d E F	☐ [Ref. delta]	(1)	0 to 1000 Hz	0		
	Decrease in the base reference during t	the traverse cor	ntrol cycle.			
rtr	☐ [Init traverse control]			[No] (nO)		
n 0 L I I - - -	□ [No] (nO): Function not assigned. □ [Li1] (Li1) : □ [] (): See the assignment conditions When the state of the input or bit assigned along with the [Ref. delta] (dtF).		, the traverse control operati	ng time is reset to zero,		

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
	[TRAVERSE CONTROL] (continued)		
5 n E	□ [Counter wobble]		[No] (nO)
n 0 L 1 1 -	☐ [No] (nO): Function not assigned. ☐ [LI1] (LI1) :		
_	: [] (): See the assignment conditions on page 94. To be configured on the winding drive (slave) only.		
5 n C 0	☐ [Sync. wobble]		[No] (nO)
	□ [No] (nO): Function not assigned.□ [LO1] (LO1)to		
L 0 4 r 1 -	[LO4] (LO4): Logic output (if an extension card has be [R1] (r1) to	een inserted, LO1 to LO2 o	r LO4 can be selected).
r 4	[R4] (r4): Relay (selection extended from R1 to R2 to include R3 or R4 if an extension card has been inserted). The output or relay assigned changes to state 1 when the traverse control operating time reaches the [Spool		
	time] (tbO). To be configured on the thread guide drive (master) on	ly.	

Code	Name/Description Adjustment range	Factory setting	
0 Ir -	■ [CMD SWITCHING]		
O Ir	☐ [Cmd switching]	[No] (nO)	
7 E S	□ [No] (nO): Operation with non-reversible unit □ [Yes] (YES): Operation with reversible unit		
L 1 1	□ [LI1] (LI1)		
-	: [] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>94</u> .		
	If the state of the input or bit assigned is at 0, operation is with a non-reversible unit. If the state of the input or bit assigned is at 1, operation is with a reversible unit.		

PTC probes

3 sets of PTC probes can be managed by the drive in order to protect the motors:

- 1 on logic input LI6 transformed for this application with an "LI6" switch on the control card.
- 1 on each of the 2 option cards

Each of these two sets of PTC probes is monitored for the following faults:

- · Motor overheating
- · Sensor break fault
- · Sensor short-circuit fault

Protection via PTC probes does not disable protection via I^2t calculation performed by the drive (the two types of protection can be combined).

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
PEC-	■ [PTC MANAGEMENT]		
PECL	☐ [LI6 = PTC probe]		[No] (nO)
n D	Can be accessed if the LI6 switch on the control card is set to PTC. [No] (nO): Not used [Always] (xx): "PTC probe" faults are monitored permanently, even if the power supply is not connected. [Power on] (xx): "PTC probe" faults are monitored when the drive power supply is connected. [At mot. run] (xx): "PTC probe" faults are monitored when the motor power supply is connected.		
PECI	□ [PTC1 probe]		[No] (nO)
n 0	Can be accessed if an option card has been inserted [No] (nO): Not used [Always] (xx): "PTC probe" faults are monitored permanently, even if the power supply is not connected. [Power on] (xx): "PTC probe" faults are monitored when the drive power supply is connected. [At mot. run] (xx): "PTC probe" faults are monitored when the motor power supply is connected.		
P E C 2	☐ [PTC2 probe]		[No] (nO)
n 0	Can be accessed if an option card has been inserted [No] (nO): Not used [Always] (xx): "PTC probe" faults are monitored permanently, even if the power supply is not connected. [Power on] (xx): "PTC probe" faults are monitored when the drive power supply is connected. [At mot. run] (xx): "PTC probe" faults are monitored when the motor power supply is connected.		
r 5 E -	■ [FAULT RESET]		
r 5F	☐ [Fault reset]		[No] (nO)
n 0 L 1 1 - - -	Manual fault reset □ [No] (nO): Function inactive. □ [L11] (L11) : □ [] (): See the assignment conditions on page 94.		
	The faults are reset when the state of the input or bit assigned changes to 1, if the cause of those faults has disappeared. The STOP/RESET button on the graphic display terminal performs the same function. See page xx for a list of faults that can be reset manually.		

Code	Name/Description Adjustment range	Factory setting			
Atr-	[AUTOMATIC RESTART]				
AEr	☐ [Automatic restart]	[No] (nO)			
A € 2					
Ł A r	☐ [max time restart]	[5 minutes] (5)			
5 10 30 16 26 36 C E	☐ [5 minutes] (5): 5 minutes ☐ [10 minutes] (10): 10 minutes ☐ [30 minutes] (30): 30 minutes ☐ [1 hour] (1h): 1 hour ☐ [2 hours] (2h): 2 hours ☐ [3 hours] (3h): 3 hours ☐ [Unlimited] (Ct): Unlimited ☐ This parameter appears if [Automatic restart] (Atr) = [Yes] (YES). It can be used to consecutive restarts on a recurrent fault.	limit the number of			

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
FLr-	[CATCH ON THE FLY] Warning: This function cannot be used with all other functions. Observe the precautions on page 99.		
FLr	Used to enable a smooth restart if the run command is maintained after the following events:		
n 0 Y E S	• Loss of mains supply or disconnection • Reset of current fault or automatic restart • Freewheel stop The speed given by the drive resumes from the estimated speed of the motor at the time of the restart, then follows the ramp to the reference speed. This function requires 2-wire level control. [No] (nO): Function inactive [Yes] (YES): Function active When the function is operational, it activates at each run command, resulting in a slight delay (1 second max.). [Catch on the fly] (FLr) is forced to [No] (nO) if the brake logic command [brake assignment] (bLC) is assigned (page 126).		
ИСЬ	□ [Sensitivity]	0.4 to 15 %	12 %
	The parameter can be accessed at and above 55 kW for the ATV71•••M3X and at and above 90 kW for the ATV71•••N4. Adjusts the catch-on-the-fly sensitivity around the zero speed. The parameter can be accessed if [Catch on the fly] (FLr) = [Yes] (YES).		

Motor thermal protection

Function:

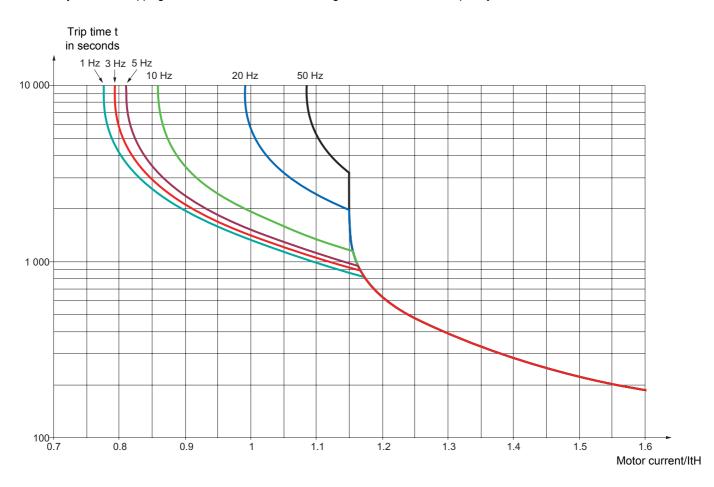
Thermal protection by calculating the I²t.



Caution: The memory of the motor thermal state returns to zero when the drive control is disconnected.

- Naturally-cooled motors:

 The tripping curves depend on the motor frequency.
- Force-cooled motors:
 Only the 50 Hz tripping curve needs to be considered, regardless of the motor frequency.



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
EHE-	■ [MOTOR THERMAL PROT.]		
E H E	☐ [Type Protect. Mot]		[Self cooled] (ACL)
n 0 A C L F C L	 □ [No] (nO): No protection. □ [Self cooled] (ACL): For self-cooled motors □ [Force-cooled] (FCL): For force-cooled motors 		
FFA	☐ [Motor therm. level]	0 to 118%	100%
	Trip threshold for motor thermal alarm (logic output or relay) Note: A fault trip will occur when the thermal state reaches 118% of the rated state and reclosing will occur when the state falls back below 100%.		
OL L	☐ [Overload fault mgt]		[Freewheel] (nSt)
n 5	Type of stop in the event of a thermal motor fault [Freewheel] (nSt): Freewheel stop [Fallbck spd] (LFF): Switch to fallback speed [Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed at the time the fault occurred. [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp [Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop		
OPL -	■ [OUTPUT PHASE LOSS]		
OPL	☐ [Output Phase Loss]		[Yes] (YES)
~ 0 У E S О A C	 □ [No] (nO): Function inactive. □ [Yes] (YES): Triggering of OPF fault □ [Output cut] (OAC): No fault triggered but management of the output voltage in order to avoid an overcurrent when the link with the motor is re-established and flying restart (even if this function has not been configured). Note: [Output Phase Loss] (OPL) is forced to [Yes] (YES) if brake logic control has been configured (see page 126). 		
0 d E	☐ [OPF det. time]	0.5 to 10 s	0.5 s
	Time delay for taking into account of [Output Phase Loss]	(OPL) fault	
IPL -	■ [INPUT PHASE LOSS]		
IPL	☐ [Input phase loss]		[Yes] (YES)
n 0 У E S	☐ [No] (nO): Fault ignored ☐ [Yes] (YES): Fault, with freewheel stop. This configuration can only be accessed on 3-phase drives If one phase is lost, the drive will trip with an [Input phase I lost, the drive will continue to operate until it trips with an until trips with an until it trips with	oss] (IPL) fault. Howeve	er, if 2 or 3 phases are

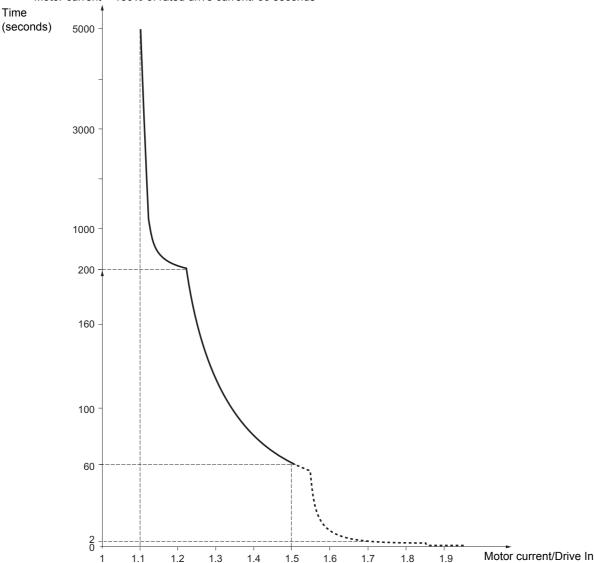
Drive thermal protection

Functions:

Time

Thermal protection by PTC probe fitted on the heatsink or integrated in the power module. Indirect protection of the drive against overloads by tripping in the event of an overcurrent. Typical tripping points:

- Motor current = 185 % of rated drive current: 2 seconds
- Motor current = 150% of rated drive current: 60 seconds



Drive ventilation

The fan starts up when the drive is powered up then shuts down after 10 seconds if a run command has not been received. The fan is powered automatically when the drive is unlocked (operating direction + reference). It is powered down a few seconds after the drive is locked (motor speed < 0.2 Hz and injection braking completed).

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
OHL -	■ [DRIVE OVERHEAT]			
OHL	☐ [Drive overheat]		[Freewheel] (nSt)	
.0 .5t LFF .L5 .NP F5t	Behavior in the event of the drive overheating [No] (nO): Fault ignored [Freewheel] (nSt): Freewheel stop. [Fallbck spd] (LFF): Switch to fallback speed [Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed at the [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp [Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop	e time the fault occurred.		
E H A	☐ [AI. °C ATV]	0 to 118%	100%	
	Trip threshold for drive thermal alarm (logic output or relay) Note: A fault trip will occur when the thermal state reaches 118% of the rated state and reclosing will occur when the state falls back below x%.			
ELF-	■ [EXTERNAL FAULT]			
EEF	☐ [Ext. fault assign.]		[No] (nO)	
n 0 L 1 1 -	□ [No] (nO): Function inactive. □ [LI1] (LI1)			
-	: [] (): See the assignment conditions on page 94. No external fault if the state of the input or bit assigned is a External fault if the state of the input or bit assigned is at 1.			
EPL	☐ [External fault mgt]		[Freewheel] (nSt)	
n 5	Type of stop in the event of an external fault [Freewheel] (nSt): Freewheel stop [Fallbck spd] (LFF): Switch to fallback speed [Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed at the [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp [Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop	e time the fault occurred.		

Code	Name/Description Adjustment range		Factory setting	
U56-	■ [UNDERVOLTAGE (USF)]			
U 5 Ь	☐ [Undervoltage mgt]			[Flt&R1open] (0)
0 ! 2	Behavior of the drive in the event of an undervoltage [Flt&R1open] (0): Fault and fault relay open. [Flt&R1close] (1): Fault and fault relay closed. [Alarm] (2): Alarm and fault relay remains closed. The alarm may be assigned to a logic output or a relay.			
USL	☐ [Undervoltage level]	ATV71●●●M3	nn to nn V	nn V
	Setting for the level at which the	ATV71	nn to nn V	nn V
	undervoltage fault will be tripped	ATV71	nn to nn V	nn V
U S E	☐ [Undervolt. time out]		0.00 s to 10.00 s	0.20 s
	Time delay for taking into account of unc	lervoltage fault		
5 <i>E P</i>	[UnderV. prevention]			[No] (nO)
.a nns .np	Behavior in the event of the undervoltage fault prevention level being reached [No] (nO): No action [Lock] (xx): Lock (freewheel stop) without fault [DC maintain] (MMS): This stop mode uses the inertia to maintain the DC bus voltage as long as possible. [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop following an adjustable ramp time [Max stop time] (StM).			
UPL	☐ [Prev. level]	ATV71•●●M3	nn to nn V	nn V
	Setting for undervoltage fault prevention	ATV71•••M4	nn to nn V	nn V
	level, if [UnderV. prevention] (StP) is set to a value other than [No] (nO).	ATV71●●S6x	nn to nn V	nn V
5 <i>E</i> П			0 to 655.35 s	0.00 s
	Ramp time if [UnderV. prevention] (StP)	= [Ramp stop] (rN	MP).	
<i>E </i>	☐ [DC bus maintain tm]		0 to 655.35 s	0.00 s
	Ramp time if [UnderV. prevention] (StP) = [DC maintain] (MMS).			
E IE-	■ [IGBT TESTS]			
5 E r E	□ [IGBT tests]			[No] (nO)
n 0 4 E S	□ [No] (nO): No test □ [Yes] (YES): The IGBTs are tested on power up and every time a run command is sent. These tests cause a slight delay (approx. ?? ms). In the event of a fault, the drive will lock. The following faults can be detected: - Drive output short-circuit (terminals U-V-W): SCF display - IGBT faulty: xtF, where x indicates the number of the IGBT concerned - IGBT short-circuited: x2F, where x indicates the number of the IGBT concerned			

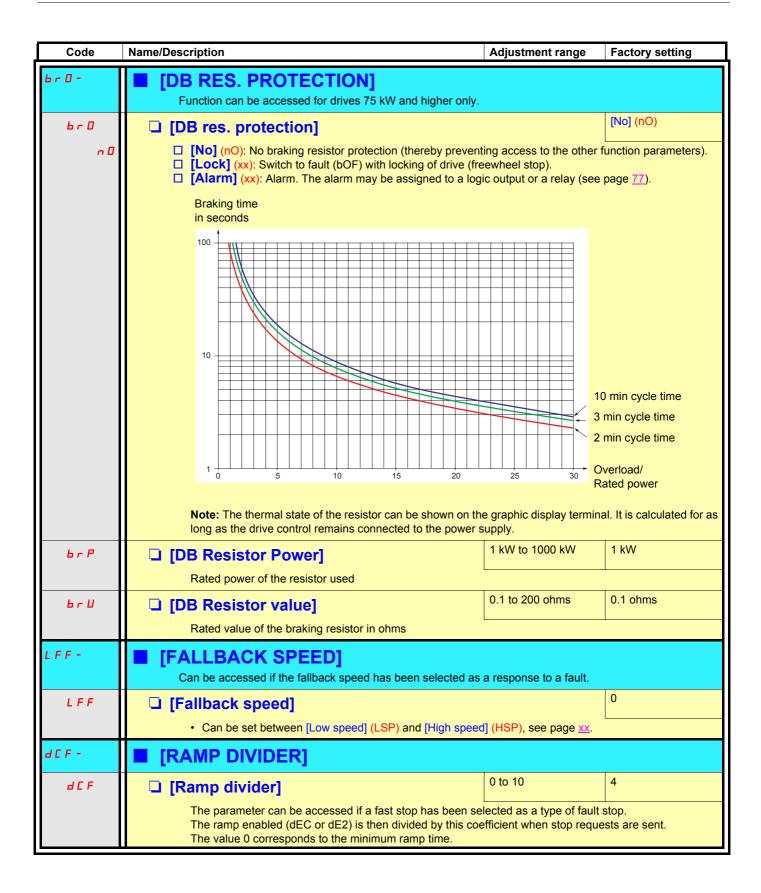
Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
LFL-	■ [4-20mA LOSS]		
LFL	☐ [4-20mA loss]		[No] (nO)
n 0	 [No] (nO): Fault ignored. This configuration is the only one values are greater than 3 mA. [Flt and stop] (xx): Lock on 4-20 mA loss and stop [Stop] (xx): Stop on fault without lock 	e possible if none of the	[Al- min. value] (CrL.)
	☐ [Stop 4-20 mA loss]		[Freewheel] (nSt)
n 5 E L F F r N P F 5 E	Stop mode in the event of a [4-20 loss] (LFL) fault [Freewheel] (nSt): Freewheel stop [Fallbck spd] (LFF): Switch to fallback speed [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp [Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop		
InH-	■ [FAULT INHIBITION]		
InH	☐ [Fault inhibit assign.]		[No] (nO)
	Inhibiting faults may damage the drive beyond in	epair. This would inva	lidate the guarantee.
n 0 L 1 1 - -	□ [No] (nO): Function inactive □ [LI1] (LI1) :		
•	 [] (): See the assignment conditions on page 94. If the state of the input or bit assigned is at 0, fault monitoring is at 1, fault monitoring is inactive. All active faults are reset assigned. Note: This function cannot be used to clear the "Power Re 	on a rising edge (from (

[1.8 - FAULT MANAGEMENT] (FLt-)

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
COF-	[COM. FAULT MANAGEMENT]		
C L L	☐ [Network fault mgt]		[No] (nO)
~ 0 ~ 5 L L F F ~ L S ~ П P F S L	Behavior of the drive in the event of a communication fault on a communication card [No] (nO): No stop [Freewheel] (nSt): Freewheel stop [Fallbck spd] (LFF): Switch to fallback speed [Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed at the time the fault occurred. [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp [Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop		
C O L	☐ [CANopen fault mgt]		[No] (nO)
~ 0 ~ 5 Ł L F F ~ L S ~ N P F S Ł	Behavior of the drive in the event of a communication fault with CANopen [No] (nO): No stop [Freewheel] (nSt): Freewheel stop [Fallbck spd] (LFF): Switch to fallback speed [Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed at the time the fault occurred. [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp [Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop		
F F O	[Modbus time out]	0.1 to 10.0 s	10.0 s
	Configuration time out		
5 L L	☐ [Modbus fault mgt] [No] (nO)		[No] (nO)
~ 0 ~ 5 L L F F ~ L S ~ N P F S L	Behavior of the drive in the event of a communication fault with Modbus [No] (nO): No stop [Freewheel] (nSt): Freewheel stop [Fallbck spd] (LFF): Switch to fallback speed [Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed at the time the fault occurred. [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp [Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop		

[1.8 - FAULT MANAGEMENT] (FLt-)

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
5 d d -	■ [ENCODER FAULT] Can be accessed if the option card has been inserted and the page xx).	e encoder is used for sp	eed feedback (see
5 d d	☐ [Load slip. detect.]		[Yes] (YES)
y e 5	□ [No] (nO): Fault not monitored. Only the alarm may be as □ [Yes] (YES): Fault monitored. The fault is triggered by comparison with the ramp output a speeds greater than 10% of the [High speed] (HSP), see p In the event of a fault, the drive switches to freewheel stop configured, the brake control is set to 0.	and speed feedback and age <u>xx</u> .	I is only effective for
ECC	☐ [Encoder coupling]		[No] (nO)
n 0 4 E S	 [No] (nO): Fault not monitored. Only the alarm may be as [Yes] (YES): Fault monitored. If the brake logic control function has been configured, the The fault monitored is the break in the mechanical encoder in the event of a fault, the drive switches to freewheel stop configured, the brake control is set to 0. 	factory setting changes r coupling.	to [Yes] (YES).
ECE	[Encoder check time]		
	Encoder faults filtering time		
Eld-	■ [TORQUE OR I LIM. DETECT.]		
5 5 A	☐ [Torque or I lim. detect.]		[No] (nO)
n 0	Behavior in the event of switching to torque or current limit [No] (nO): Fault ignored [Alarm] (xx): Alarm. The alarm may be assigned to a logi [Fault] (xx): Switch to "Limitation" fault (SSF)		page <u>77</u>).
5 Ł O	☐ [Trq/l limit. time out]	0.00 s to 10.00 s	00.0 s
	(If fault has been configured.) Time delay for taking into account of SSF "Limitation" fault	L	
5 5 <i>b</i>	☐ [Trq/l limit. stop]		[Freewheel] (nSt)
₁5£ ┌∏Р F5£	(If fault has been configured.) □ [Freewheel] (nSt): Freewheel stop □ [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp □ [Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop		



[1.9 - COMMUNICATION] (COM-)

RUN	Term	+50.00 Hz	1250 A	
	1.9 COM	MUNICATION	NC	
COM.	COM. SCANNER INPUT			
COM.	COM. SCANNER OUTPUT			
MODBUS HMI				
MODBUS NETWORK				
CANopen				
Code	>>	>>	Quick	

FORCED TO LOCAL

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
- 105	■ [COM. SCANNER INPUT]		
nПЯI	☐ [Scan. IN1 address]		
	Address of the 1 st input word		
n ∏ A 2	☐ [Scan. IN2 address]		
	Address of the 2 nd input word		
пПЯЭ	☐ [Scan. IN3 address]		
	Address of the 3 rd input word		
пПЯЧ	☐ [Scan. IN4 address]		
	Address of the 4 th input word		
n N A S	☐ [Scan. IN5 address]		
	Address of the 5 th input word		
n Π Π 6	☐ [Scan. IN6 address] Address of the 6 th input word		
оПЯ Т	'		
нин	☐ [Scan. IN7 address] Address of the 7 th input word		
n N A B	☐ [Scan. IN8 address]		
2	Address of the 8 th input word		
OC5-	■ [COM. SCANNER OUTPUT]		
пСЯІ	☐ [Scan.Out1 address]		
	Address of the 1 st output word		
n C A 2	☐ [Scan.Out2 address]		
	Address of the 2 nd output word		
n E R 3	☐ [Scan.Out3 address]		
	Address of the 3 rd output word		
n C A 4	☐ [Scan.Out4 address]		
	Address of the 4 th output word		
n C A 5	☐ [Scan.Out5 address]		
	Address of the 5 th output word		
n C A 6	☐ [Scan.Out6 address]		
	Address of the 6 th output word		
n C A 7	☐ [Scan.Out7 address]		
	Address of the 7 th output word		
n C A B	☐ [Scan.Out8 address]		
	Address of the 8 th output word		

[1.9 - COMMUNICATION] (COM-)

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
-	[MODBUS HMI] Communication with the graphic display terminal		
-	☐ [HMI address]		21
	Read-only parameter, cannot be modified.		
-	☐ [HMI speed]		
-	☐ [HMI format]		8E1
	Read-only parameter, cannot be modified.		
-	■ [MODBUS]		
-	☐ [Modbus Address]		
-	☐ [Modbus bitrate]		
-	☐ [Modbus format]		
-	■ [CANopen]		
-	☐ [CANopen address]		
-	☐ [CANopen bitrate]		
-	■ [COMMUNICATION CARD]		
	See the specific documentation for the card used.		
-	■ [FORCED TO LOCAL]		
FLO	☐ [Forced local assign.]		[No] (nO)
n 0 L 1 1	□ [No] (nO): Function inactive □ [LI1] (LI1)		
- L 14	to [LI14] (LI14): Assignment to a logic input.		
	Forcing to local is activated when the state of the input is a	at 1.	
FLOC	☐ [Forced local Ref.]		[AI1] (AI1)
A I I	□ [Al1] (Al1)		
- Я 14	to [Al4] (Al4): Assignment of the reference to an analog input; control is then also automatically assigned to		
LCC	the terminals (logic inputs). [HMI] (LCC): Assignment of the reference and command Reference: [HMI Frequency ref.] (LFr), page 39, control: R		erminal.

[1.11 - IDENTIFICATION]

RUN	+50.00 Hz	1250 A	+50 00 Hz
IXOIN			
	1.11 IDEN	TIFICATION	NC
ATV7	1HU15N4		
XX.X	kW/yy.y HP		
380	380/480 V		
Application Vx.x IE xx			
Motor Control Vx.x IE xx			
	<<	>>	Quick
6W0410xxxxxxxxxx			

product Vx.x
OPTION 1
I/O EXTENSION CARD
Vx.x IE xx
6W0410xxxxxxxxx
OPTION 2
FIPIO CARD
Vx.x IE xx
6W0410xxxxxxxxx
HMI
GRAPHIC S
Vx.x IE xx
6W0410xxxxxxxxxx
ENCODER
RS 422

6W0410xxxxxxxxxx

The [1.11 - IDENTIFICATION] menu can only be accessed on the graphic display terminal.

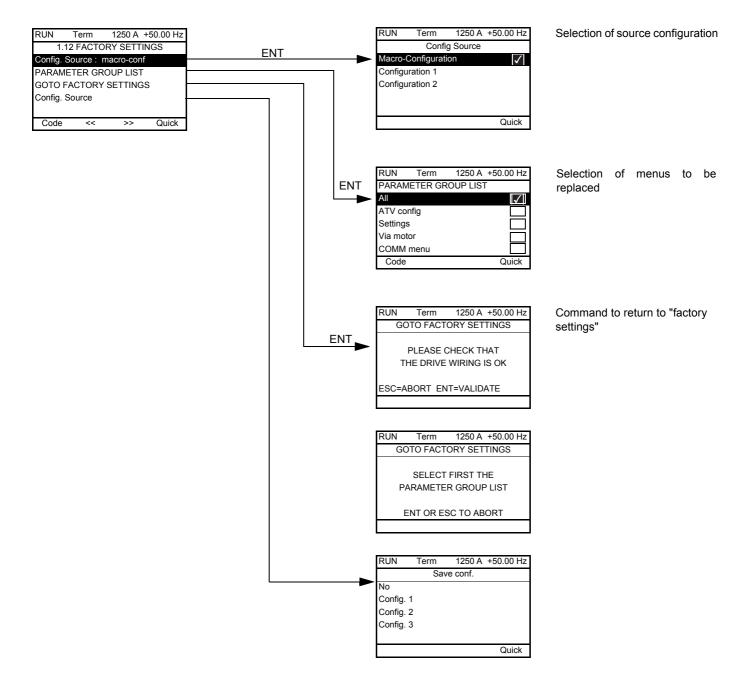
This is a read-only menu that cannot be configured. It enables the following information to be displayed:

- · Drive reference, power rating and voltage
- · Drive software version
- · Drive serial number
- Type of options available, with their software version and serial number

[1.12 - FACTORY SETTINGS] (Fst-)

The [1.12 - FACTORY SETTINGS] (Fst-) menu can be used to replace the current configuration with the factory configuration or a configuration saved previously.

All or part of the current configuration can be replaced: Select a group of parameters in order to select the menus you wish to load with the selected source configuration.



[1.12 - FACTORY SETTINGS] (Fst-)

Code	Name/Description
FCSI	Selection of source configuration [Macro-Config] (???) Factory configuration, return to selected macro-configuration. [Configuration 1] (???) [Configuration 2] (???) If the configuration switching function has been configured, it will not be possible to access [Configuration 1] (???) and [Configuration 2] (???).
Fry	□ [Parameter group list] Selection of menus to be loaded □ [All] (???) □ [Drive menu] (???) □ [Settings] (???) □ [Motor control] (???) □ [Communication] (???) □ [Prog. card] (???) □ [Monitoring config.] (???) □ [Display config.] (???)
GF5 	☐ [Goto factory settings] ☐ [No] (nO) ☐ [Yes] (YES) The parameter changes back to [No] (nO) automatically as soon as the operation is complete.
5CS nO 5ErO 5ErI 5Er2	□ [Save conf.] □ [No] (nO) □ [Config. 0] (Str0) □ [Config. 1] (Str1) □ [Config. 2] (Str2) The active configuration to be saved does not appear for selection. For example, if you wish to save [Conf. 0] (Str0), only [Conf. 1] (Str1) and [Conf. 2] (Str2) will appear. The parameter changes back to [No] (nO) automatically as soon as the operation is complete.

[1.13 - USER MENU]

This many can only be accessed with the graphic display terminal. It contains the parameters selected in the IDISDLAY CONFIC 1 m	
This menu can only be accessed with the graphic display terminal. It contains the parameters selected in the [DISPLAY CONFIG.] me on page 196.	enu

[1.14 - PROG. CARD]

Please refer to the documentation specific to the programmable card.

[3. OPEN / SAVE AS]

This menu can only be accessed with the graphic display terminal.

RDY	Term	+0.00 Hz	0 A
	3. OPEN	/ SAVE AS	
OPEN			
SAVE A	S		
Code	<<	>>	Quick

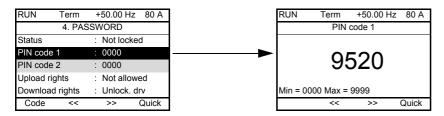
[OPEN]: To download one of the 4 files from the graphic display terminal to the drive. [SAVE AS]: To download the current configuration from the drive to the graphic display terminal.

Name/Description
■ [OPEN]
☐ [Open file]
 [1] [2] [3] [4] Opens a file stored on the graphic display terminal in order to download it to the drive connected to the terminal.
☐ [Parameter group list]
 [All]: All parameters [Drive]: Motor parameters only (menu: 1.4 MOTOR CONTROL). [Communication]: Communication parameters (menu: 1.9 COMMUNICATION).
□ [Download]
 [No] [Yes]: The parameters selected with [Parameter group list] in the selected file are downloaded to the current drive configuration. Note: A message appears prompting you to check that the drive wiring is compatible with the configuration before confirming the download. A warning message will appear if the configuration is incompatible with the drive rating or its hardware configuration (option cards).
■ [SAVE AS]
☐ [To file] ☐ [No] ☐ [1] ☐ [2] ☐ [3] ☐ [4] Selects the file on the graphic display terminal to which the current drive configuration is to be downloaded.
□ [Download]
[No][Yes]: Downloads the current drive configuration to the selected file on the display terminal.

[4. PASSWORD] (COd-)

Enables the configuration to be protected with an access code or a password to be entered in order to access a protected configuration.

Example:



- The drive is unlocked when the PIN codes are at 0 (no password) or if the correct code has been entered.
- · Before protecting the configuration with an access code, you must:
 - Define the upload [Upload rights] (xx) and download [Download rights] (xx) rights
 - Make a careful note of the code and keep it in a safe place where you will always be able to find it
- The drive has 2 access codes, enabling 2 access levels to be set up.
 - PIN code 1 is an unlock code: 6969. Those in possession of this document will of course already be aware of this code.
 - PIN code 2 is an unlock code known only to Schneider Electric Product Support.

Note: When the unlock code is entered, the user access code appears.

The following items are access-protected:

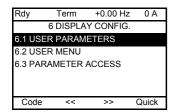
- Return to factory settings (menu [1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (FCS-).
- The channels and parameters protected by the [1.13 USER MENU] (xx) menu, as well as the menu itself.
- The custom display settings (menu [6. DISPLAY CONFIG.]).

[4. PASSWORD] (COd-)

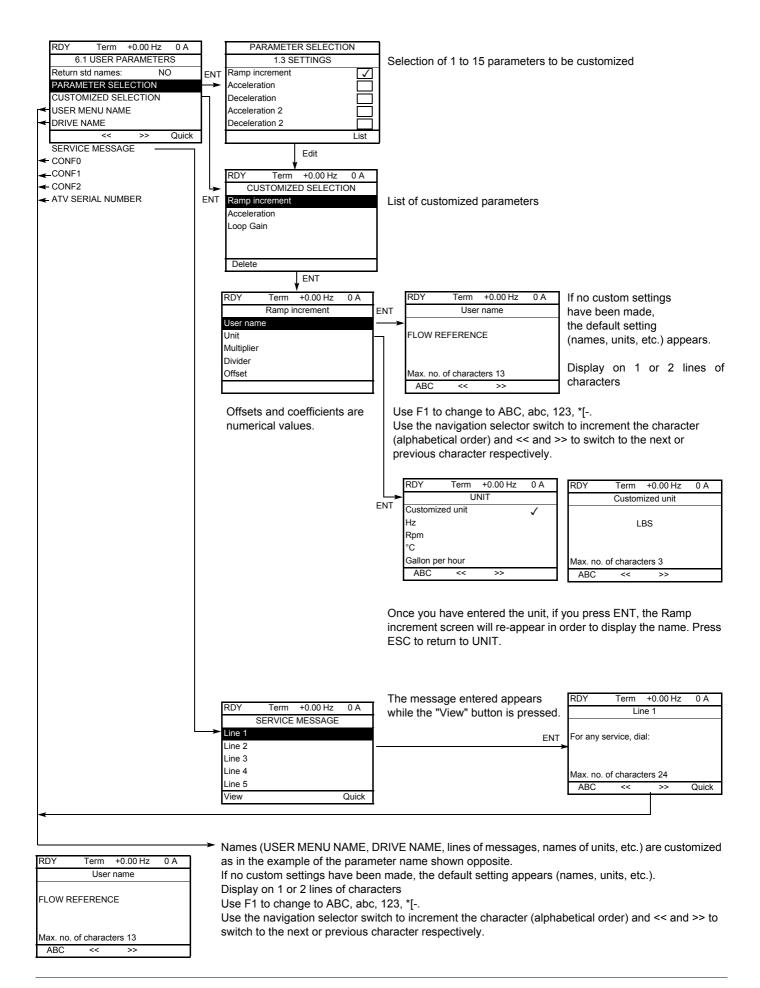
Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
C S Ł	☐ [Status] ☐ [Not locked] (xx) ☐ [Locked] (xx)		
C 0 4	☐ [PIN code 1]	0 to 9999	0000
	1 st access code. The value 0000 indicates that a password has the drive is protected and an access code must be entered in or entered, it remains on the display and the drive is unlocked unti	der to unlock it. Once the	e correct code has been
C 0 4 5	☐ [PIN code 2]	0 to 9999	0000
	2 nd access code. The value 0000 indicates that a password has the drive is protected and an access code must be entered in or entered, it remains on the display and the drive is unlocked unti	der to unlock it. Once the	correct code has been
ULr	 ☐ [Upload rights] (read or copy current configuration to drive) ☐ [not allowed] (xxx): The current drive configuration can only be uploaded to the graphic display terminal or PowerSuite if the drive is not protected by an access code or if the correct code is entered. ☐ [Allowed] (xxx): The current drive configuration can always be uploaded to the graphic display terminal or PowerSuite. 		
dLr	□ [Download rights] (writes the current configuration to the drive or downloads a complete to the drive or downloads and the complete to the	aded to the drive if the d infiguration to be downlo to the drive or a configu s not protected by an ac	rive is protected by an aded. Iration in the drive can

[6. DISPLAY CONFIG.]

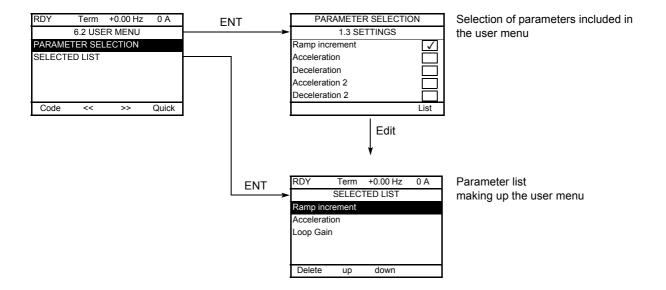
This menu can only be accessed with the graphic display terminal. It can be used to customize parameters or a menu and to access parameters.



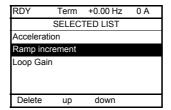
- 6.1 USER PARAMETERS: Customization of 1 to 15 parameters.
- 6.2 USER MENU: Creation of a customized menu.
- 6.3 PARAMETER ACCESS: Customization of the visibility of protection mechanisms for menus and parameters.

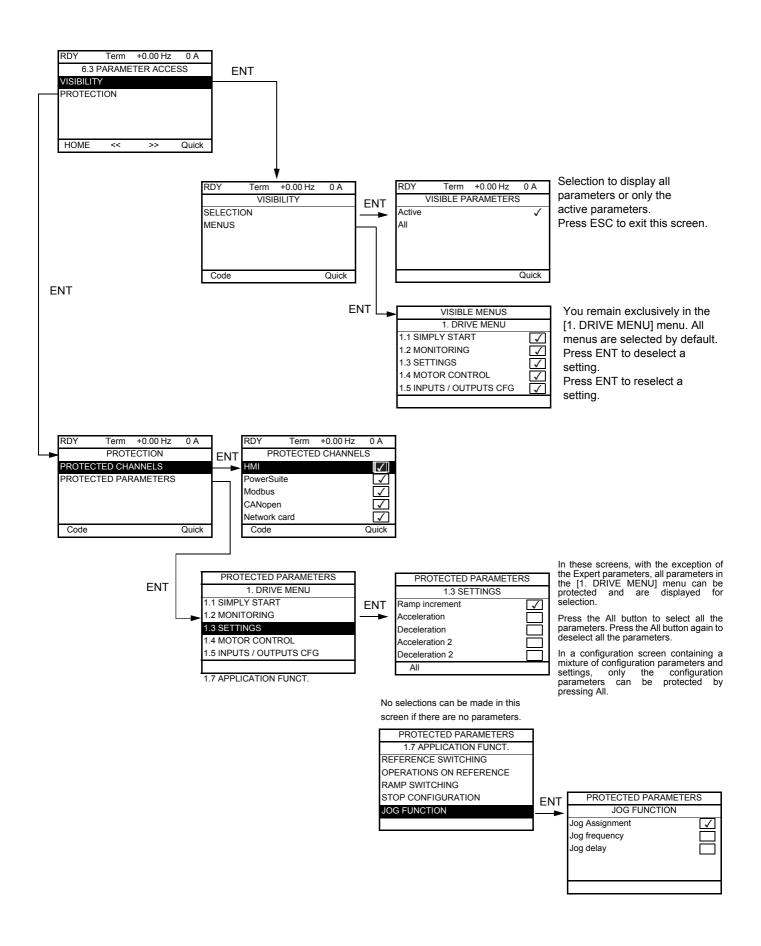


[6. DISPLAY CONFIG.]



Use the F2 and F3 keys to arrange the parameters in the list (example below using F3).





[7. MONITORING CONFIG.]

This menu can only be accessed with the graphic display terminal.

It can be used to configure the information displayed on the graphic screen during operation.



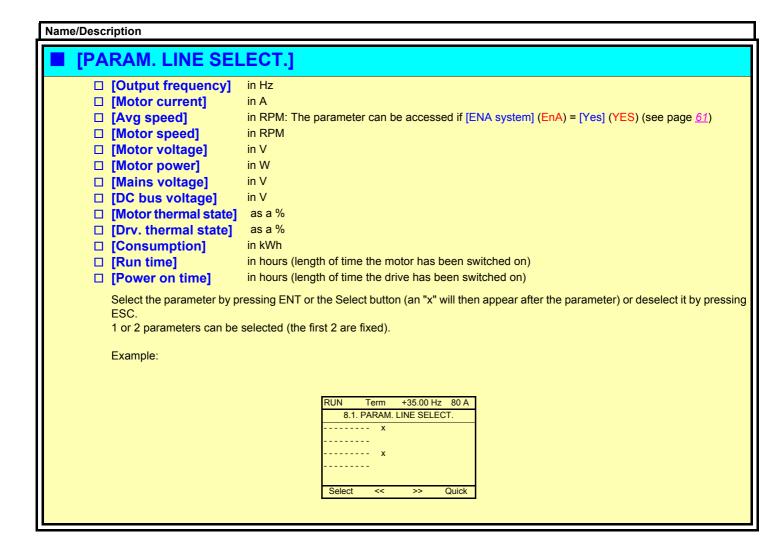
[7.1. PARAM. LINE SELECT]: Selection of 1 to 2 parameters displayed on the top line (the first 2 cannot be modified).

[7.2. MONITOR SCREEN TYPE]: Selection of parameters displayed in the centre of the screen and the display mode (values in digital or bar graph format).

[7.3. COM. MAP CONFIG.]: Selection of word displayed and its format.

[7. MONITORING CONFIG.]

Internal drive variables



80 A

150

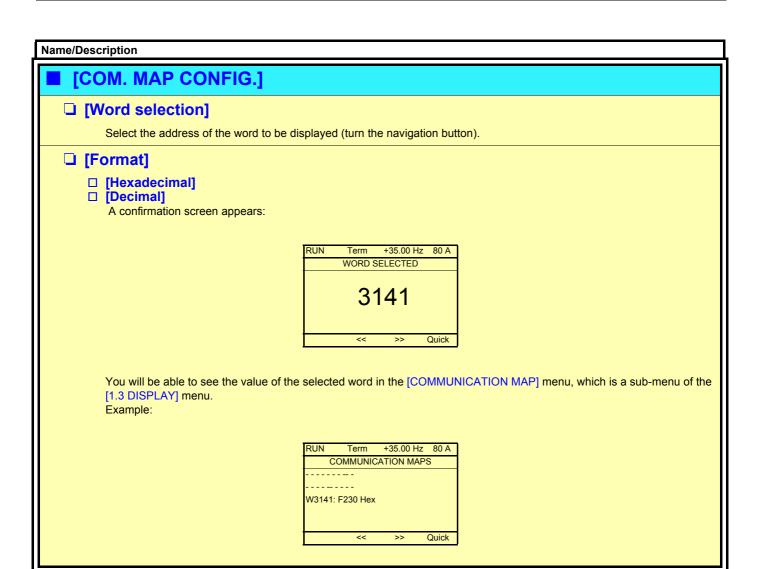
Min=0

Max=1500

Name/Description [MONITOR SCREEN TYPE] **□** [BAR GRAPH] ☐ [Bar graph no.]: Select 1 or 2. ☐ [PARAMETER SELECTION] - [HMI Frequency ref.] in Hz - [Output frequency] in Hz - [Motor current] in A in RPM: The parameter can be accessed if [ENA system] (EnA) = [Yes] (YES) (see page 61). - [Avg speed] [Motor speed] in RPM [Motor voltage] in V - [Motor power] in W - [Mains voltage] in V - [DC bus voltage] in V - [Motor thermal state] as a % - [Drv. thermal state] as a % [PID reference] as a % - [PID feedback ass.] as a % - [PID error] as a % - [PID Output] in Hz Select the parameter or parameters by pressing ENT or the Select button (an "x" will then appear after the parameter) or deselect by pressing ESC. Term +35.00 Hz 80 A PARAMETER SELECTION - - - - - - - -Select << >> Quick Examples: 2 bar graphs 1 bar graph +35.00 Hz MOTOR SPEED MOTOR SPEED Min max 0 1250 rpm 1500 1250 rpm Min MOTOR CURRENT max

Name/Description [MONITOR SCREEN TYPE] (continued) **□** [DIGITAL VALUES] □ [Dig. val. no.]: Select 1, 2 or 5 ☐ [PARAMETER SELECTION] - [HMI Frequency ref.] in Hz [Output frequency] in Hz [Motor current] in A in RPM: The parameter can be accessed if [ENA system] (EnA) = [Yes] (YES) (see page 61). [Avg speed] [Motor speed] in RPM [Motor voltage] in V in W [Motor power] - [Mains voltage] in V - [DC bus voltage] in V - [Motor thermal state] as a % [Drv. thermal state] as a % in kWh [Consumption] [Run time] in hours (length of time the motor has been switched on) [Power on time] in hours (length of time the drive has been switched on) - [IGBT alarm counter] in seconds (length of time the "IGBT temperature" alarm has been active) - [PID reference] as a % - [PID feedback] as a % as a % [PID error] [PID Output] in Hz [Object 01] Word generated by the programmable card [Object 02] Word generated by the programmable card Word generated by the programmable card [Object 03] [Object 04] Word generated by the programmable card [Current config.] CNFSO, 1 or 2 (see page xx) - [Current param. set] SETO, 1 or 2 (see page xx) Select the parameter or parameters by pressing ENT or the Select button (an "x" will then appear after the parameter) or deselect by pressing ESC. Example: +35.00 Hz 80 A Term PARAMETER SELECTION Display of 5 values Display of 2 values Display of 1 value +35.00 Hz +35.00 Hz +35.00 Hz MONITORING SCREEN. MOTOR SPEED MOTOR SPEED FREQUENCY REF : 50.1 Hz 1250 rpm CURRENT : 80 A 1250 rpm MOTOR CURRENT MOTOR SPEED : 1250 rpm MOTOR THERMAL : 80% 80 A DRIVE THERMAL 80% Quick

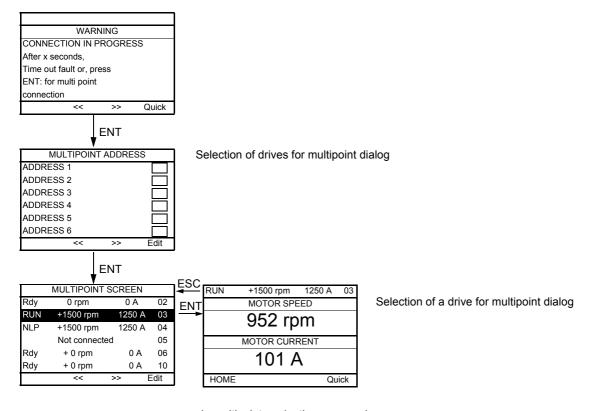
[7. MONITORING CONFIG.]



[MULTIPOINT SCREEN]

Dialog can take place between a graphic display terminal and a number of drives connected on the same bus. The addresses of the drives must be configured in advance in the [1.9 COMMUNICATION] menu, page 184.

When a number of drives are connected to the same display terminal, the terminal automatically shows the following screens:



In multipoint mode, the command channel is not displayed. The status, the 2 selected parameters and the drive address appear.

Maintenance

Service

The Altivar 71 does not require any preventative maintenance. It is nevertheless advisable to perform the following regularly:

- · Check the condition and tightness of connections.
- Ensure that the temperature around the unit remains at an acceptable level and that ventilation is effective (average service life of fans: 3 to 5 years depending on the operating conditions).
- · Remove any dust from the drive

Assistance with maintenance, fault display

If a problem arises during setup or operation, ensure that the recommendations relating to the environment, mounting and connections have been observed.

The first fault detected is saved and displayed, and the drive locks.

The drive switching to fault mode can be indicated remotely via a logic output or a relay, which can be configured in the [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-) menu, see e.g., [R1 CONFIGURATION] (r1-) on page 77.

[1.10 DIAGNOSTICS] menu

This menu can only be accessed with the graphic display terminal. It displays faults and their cause in plain text and can be used to carry out tests, see page \underline{xx} .

Clearing the fault

Cut the power supply to the drive in the event of a non-resettable fault.

Wait for the display to go off completely.

Find the cause of the fault in order to correct it.

The drive is unlocked after a fault:

- · By switching off the drive until the display disappears completely, then switching on again
- Automatically in the scenarios described for the [AUTOMATIC RESTART] (Atr-) function on page 173
- By means of a logic input or command bit assigned to the [FAULT RESET] (rSt-) function on page 172
- · By pressing the STOP/RESET button on the graphic display terminal

[1.2 MONITORING] (SUP-) menu:

This is used to prevent and find the causes of faults by displaying the drive status and its current values. It can be accessed with the integrated display terminal.

Spares and repairs:

Consult Schneider Electric Product Support.

Faults - Causes - Remedies

Drive does not start, no fault displayed

- If the display does not light up, check the power supply to the drive.
- The assignment of the "Fast stop" or "Freewheel stop" functions will prevent the drive from starting if the corresponding logic inputs are not powered up. The ATV71 then displays [Freewheel] (nSt) in freewheel stop and [Fast stop] (FSt) in fast stop. This is normal since these functions are active at zero so that the drive will be stopped safely if there is a wire break.
- Make sure that the run command input or inputs are activated in accordance with the selected control mode ([2/3 wire control] (tCC) and [2 wire type] (tCt) parameters), page 65.
- If an input is assigned to the limit switch function and this input is at zero, the drive can only be started up by sending a command for the opposite direction (see pages 120 and 153).
- If the reference channel or command channel is assigned to a communication bus, when the power supply is connected, the drive will display [Freewheel] (nSt) and remain in stop mode until the communication bus sends a command.

Faults, which cannot be reset automatically

The cause of the fault must be removed before resetting by switching off and then on again. SPF, AnF, SOF, tnF, bLF, brF, OPF1, OPF2 and OPF3 faults can be reset remotely by means of a logic input or command bit ([FAULT RESET] (rSF-)) parameter, page 172).

Fault	Probable cause	Remedy
Brake sequence	Brake release current not attained Brake engage frequency threshold [Brk eng. freq.] (bEn) only regulated when brake logic control is assigned.	 Check the drive/motor connection. Check the motor windings. Check the [I brk rel. lift.] (Ibr) and [I brk rel. lower] (Ird) settings, page 126. Make the recommended settings for [Brk eng. freq.] (bEn), unregulated.
ErF Capacitor load circuit	Load relay control fault or charging resistor damaged	Replace the drive.
EEF I, EEF ≥ EEPROM fault	Internal memory fault	Check the environment (electromagnetic compatibility).Replace the drive.
InF I to InFb Internal fault	Internal fault	Check the environment (electromagnetic compatibility).Replace the drive.
Overcurrent	Parameters in the [SETTINGS] (SEt-) and [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-) menus are not correct. Inertia or load too high Mechanical locking	 Check the parameters. Check the size of the motor/drive/load. Check the state of the mechanism.
SCF I to SCF S Motor short-circuit	Short-circuit or earthing at the drive output Significant earth leakage current at the drive output if several motors are connected in parallel	 Check the cables connecting the drive to the motor, and the insulation of the motor. Reduce the switching frequency. Connect chokes in series with the motor.
5 D F Overspeed	Instability or Driving load too high	 Check the motor, gain and stability parameters. Add a braking resistor. Check the size of the motor/drive/load.
EnF Auto-tuning fault	Special motor or motor whose power is not suitable for the drive Motor not connected to the drive	 [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [V/F 2pts] (UF2) or [V/F 5pts] (UF5) ([1.4-MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-) menu) page 56. Check the presence of the motor during auto-tuning. If an output contactor is being used, close it during auto-tuning.
5 P F Encoder feedback loss	Encoder feedback signal missing	Check the wiring between the encoder and the drive.Check the encoder.
<i>Ħ n F</i> Load slipping fault	The encoder speed feedback does not match the reference.	 Check the motor, gain and stability parameters. Add a braking resistor. Check the size of the motor/drive/load. Check the mechanical coupling of the encoder.
E c F Encoder coupling	The mechanical coupling of the encoder has come loose.	Check the mechanical coupling of the encoder.
Ьг F Brake contact	The brake feedback contact does not match the brake logic control.	Check the feedback circuit and the brake logic control circuit.
PrF Power removal	Fault in the "Power removal" control circuit	Replace the drive.

Faults - Causes - Remedies

Faults, which can be reset with the automatic restart function, after the cause has disappeared

These faults can also be reset by disconnecting and reconnecting the power supply or by means of a logic input or command bit ([FAULT RESET] (rSt-) parameter, page 172).

Fault	Probable cause	Remedy
C O F	Interruption in communication on	Check the communication bus. Please refer to the product energific decumentation.
CANopen fault	the CANopen bus	Please refer to the product-specific documentation.
EPF I, EPF 2 External fault	According to user	According to user
L F F 4-20 mA loss	Loss of the 4-20 mA reference on an analog input	Check the connection on the analog inputs.
O b F	Overbraking	Increase the deceleration time.
Overvoltage during deceleration	or driving load	 Install a braking resistor if necessary. Activate the [Dec ramp adapt] (brA) function on page 106, if
during deceleration		it is compatible with the application.
☐ H F Drive overheat	Drive temperature too high	Check the motor load, the drive ventilation and the environment. Wait for the motor to cool before restarting.
DL F	Triggered by motor current too	Check the ItH setting for the motor thermal protection,
Motor overload	high	check the motor load. Wait for the motor to cool before restarting.
OPF I	Loss of one phase at drive output	Check the connections from the drive to the motor.
1 output phase loss	 Output contactor open 	If an output contactor is being used, parameter [Output]
0 P F 2	 Motor not connected or motor power too low 	Phase Loss] (OPL) = [Output cut] (OAC) page 176. • Test on a low power motor or without a motor: In factory
2 output phase loss	 Instantaneous instability in the 	settings mode, output phase loss detection is active [Output
	motor current	Phase Loss] (OPL) = [Yes] (YES). To check the drive in a
OPF 3		test or maintenance environment without having to switch to a motor with the same rating as the drive (particularly useful
3 output phase loss		in the case of high-power drives), deactivate output phase
		loss detection by setting [Output Phase Loss]. (OPL) = [No]
		(nO).
		Check and optimize the following parameters: [IR compensation] (UFr) page 54, [Rated motor volt.] (UnS) and
		[Rated mot. current] (nCr) page 53, and perform [Auto
		tuning] (tUn) page <u>54</u> .
05F	Mains voltage too highDisturbed mains	Check the mains voltage.
Overvoltage P H F	Drive incorrectly supplied or a	Check the power connection and the fuses.
Mains phase	fuse blown	Officer the power confidential the fuses.
loss	 Loss of one phase 	Reset.
	 3-phase ATV71 used on a single- phase mains supply 	Use a 3-phase mains supply.
	Unbalanced load	Disable the fault by setting [Input phase loss] (IPL) = [No]
	This protection only operates with	(nO), page) <u>176</u> .
	the drive on load.	
ILF Internal communication	 Communication fault between option card and drive 	Check the environment (electromagnetic compatibility). Replace the option card.
internal communication	option card and drive	Replace the drive.
SLF I	Interruption in communication on	Check the communication bus.
Modbus fault	the Modbus bus	Please refer to the product-specific documentation.
ILF	Communication fault between	Check the environment (electromagnetic compatibility).
Internal communication	option card and drive	Replace the option card.Replace the drive.
[nF	Communication fault on	Check the environment (electromagnetic compatibility).
Communication card	communication card	Replace the option card.
	DTO and a second	Replace the drive.
PEF I PTC1 probe feedback	 PTC probes on motor 1 open or short-circuited 	Check the PTC probes and the wiring between them and the motor/drive.
P E F 2	PTC probes on motor 2 open or	and motoridate.
PTC2 probe feedback	short-circuited	
PEFI	PTC probes on motor 3 open or	
PTC3 probe feedback	short-circuited	

Faults - Causes - Remedies

Faults, which can be reset with the automatic restart function, after the cause has disappeared (continued)

These faults can also be reset by disconnecting and reconnecting the power supply or by means of a logic input or command bit ([FAULT RESET] (rSt-) parameter, page 172).

Fault	Probable cause	Remedy
DEF I PTC1 probes temperature	Detection of overheating of PTC probes on motor 1	Check the motor load and dimensions.Wait for the motor to cool before restarting.
☐ Ł F ♂ PTC2 probes temperature	Detection of overheating of PTC probes on motor 2	
D F F 3 PTC3 probes temperature	Detection of overheating of PTC probes on motor 3	
FF Application card	Programmable card fault	Please refer to the card-specific documentation.
5 L F 2 PowerSuite	Fault communicating with PowerSuite	Check the PowerSuite connecting cable.
5 5 F Torque limitation	Switch to torque limitation	 Check if there are any mechanical problems. Check the [TORQUE LIMITATION] (tLA-) parameters on page 147 and the [TORQUE/CURRENT LIM. DET.] (SSA-) parameters on page 182).
5 L F 3 Graphic display terminal	Fault communicating with the graphic display terminal	Check the terminal connection.
<i>L J F</i> IGBT overheat	IGBT temperature too high	Check the size of the motor/drive/load.Wait for the motor to cool before restarting.

Faults, which can be reset as soon as their causes disappear

Fault	Probable cause	Remedy
<i>E F F</i> Configuration fault	The current configuration is inconsistent	Return to factory settings or retrieve the backup configuration, if it is valid. See page xx
CF I Configuration fault via serial link	Invalid configuration The configuration loaded in the drive via the serial link is inconsistent.	 Check the configuration loaded previously. Load a compatible configuration.
U 5 F Undervoltage	Mains supply too lowTransient voltage dipDamaged load resistor	Check the voltage and the voltage parameter.Replace the drive.

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